

# Charon Virtual Environment (VE) License Server 2.0 User's Guide

Applicable to product versions v1.1.21 and higher

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# About this Guide

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## Introduction

This guide is intended for anyone who needs to install, configure, or manage the Stromasys Charon Virtual Environment (VE) license server. A general working knowledge of Linux and its conventions is expected.

VE stands for "Virtual Environment" denoting Charon emulators and the environment in which they run. At the time of writing, the VE license server is supported in selected cloud and VMware environments, and on physical servers.

A VE license server can run in one of **two basic modes of operation**:

- General VE license server mode: license server for one or more emulator instances. Customers must purchase their license from Stromasys, and use a VE-enabled emulator product. The license is based on number of emulator instances and the emulator model configuration required, and typically valid for a certain period of time (it has an expiration date), or for a defined number of runtime hours.
- AutoVE mode (selected cloud environments only): AutoVE is an extension of the cloud-specific Charon Automatic Licensing (AL) where
  licensing is configured automatically when the cloud instance is launched. The Charon host instance must be launched from a supported, cloudspecific marketplace image. The customer is billed by the cloud provider per instance launched, but the AutoVE license server is managed by
  the customer and part of the customer cloud environment.

This guide covers the **Charon VE License Server** software. This package contains a license server application that can be installed in customer-specific AWS, OCI, GCP, Azure, IBM, Nutanix and VMware environments, and on physical servers. This licensing option is adapted to the special requirements of virtualized environments and simplifies the process of running Charon emulator products in supported cloud and VMware environments. The license server is managed by the customer.

#### Please note:

- VE licenses provided by a VE license server require VE-enabled Charon emulator software. This support is available in the following products:
  - Charon-SSP (starting with Charon-SSP version 4.2.x)
  - Charon-PAR (starting with Charon-PAR version 3.0.6 and VE license server version 1.1.19)
- At the time of writing, **AutoVE mode** was available for the following products:
  - VE license server starting with 1.1.21
  - Charon-SSP AL marketplace images version 5.3.8 and above in the following cloud environments: AWS, OCI, GCP, and Azure
- For a full description of the Charon emulator product configuration and management aspects that are not related to the specifics of the VE license application, please refer to the Charon user's guides of you product and version:
  - Charon-SSP: see the Charon-SSP user's guides.
  - Charon-PAR: see the Charon-PAR user's guides.

For additional information about this product, please contact Stromasys at the **regional addresses** below or contact your **Stromasys VAR**.

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# Structure of this Document

#### The document contains the following sections:

- Charon VE License Server Topology: brief overview of license server topologies.
- Installing VE License Server and Charon Emulator: installation of the license server software, and installation of the VE-enabled Charon emulator software.
- Installing a License on the VE License Server: steps for requesting and installing a Charon product license on the license server.
- Configuring a Charon Emulator for a VE License Server: steps for configuring the Charon emulator to use the VE license server.
- Transferring a License to Another Server: move a license from one license server to another.
- Removing a License from a VE License Server: removing a license from a license server.
- Additional Configuration Options the config.ini File: additional configuration options to customize communication ports.
- VE License Server Web-based Management GUI: description of the interface and the actions provided by the web-based GUI of the VE license server
- Operational Information and Logging: information that may be helpful when operating a VE license server. For example, log file locations and samples.
- Updating a VE License: steps for updating a license, for example, when the expiration date approaches.
- VE License Server Software Upgrade, VE License Server Software Deinstallation: steps to upgrade or uninstall the VE license server software.
- VE License Server Command-Line Utilities: summary of the available command-line utilities with their options.
- Additional Information: supplemental information about installing a Linux cloud instance, about installing and starting the Charon-SSP Manager on a Linux or Windows management system, and about cloud-specific firewall considerations.

#### Please note:

- Cloud providers may change their management GUI without prior warning. Hence, the screenshots in this document may not always reflect the latest GUI appearance of the cloud provider. However, they will still provide an illustration of the described configuration steps.
- In general, the sample outputs in this document may show different versions than the one documented in this manual, but they are still
  representative of what a user will see.

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# **Obtaining Documentation**

The latest released version of this manual and other related documentation are available on the Stromasys support website at Product Documentation and Knowledge Base.

# Obtaining Technical Assistance or General Product Information

## **Obtaining Technical Assistance**

Several support channels are available to cover the Charon virtualization products.

If you have a support contract with Stromasys, please visit http://www.stromasys.com/support/ for up-to-date support telephone numbers and business hours. Alternatively, the support center is available via email at support@stromasys.com.

If you purchased a Charon product through a Value-Added Reseller (VAR), please contact them directly.

# **Obtaining General Product Information**

If you require information in addition to what is available on the Stromasys Product Documentation and Knowledge Base and on the Stromasys web site y ou can contact the Stromasys team using https://www.stromasys.com/contact/, or by sending an email to info@stromasys.com.

For further information on purchases and the product best suited to your requirements, you can also contact your regional sales team by phone:

Region	Phone	Address
Australasia-Pacific	+852 3520 1030	Room 1113, 11/F, Leighton Centre
		77 Leighton Road, Causeway Bay,
		Hong Kong, China
Americas	+1 919 239 8450	2840 Plaza Place, Ste 450
		Raleigh, NC 27612
		U.S.A.
Europe, Middle-East and Africa	+41 22 794 1070	Avenue Louis-Casai 84
		2nd Floor
		1216 Cointrin
		Switzerland

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# Conventions

Notation	Description	
\$	The dollar sign in interactive examples indicates an operating system prompt for VMS.	
	The dollar sign can also indicate non superuser prompt for UNIX / Linux.	
#	The number sign represents the superuser prompt for UNIX / Linux.	
>	The right angle bracket in interactive examples indicates an operating system prompt for Windows command (cmd.exe).	
User input	Bold monospace type in interactive examples indicates typed user input.	
<path></path>	Bold monospace type enclosed by angle brackets indicates command parameters and parameter values.	
Output	Monospace type in interactive examples, indicates command response output.	
[]	In syntax definitions, brackets indicate items that are optional.	
	In syntax definitions, a horizontal ellipsis indicates that the preceding item can be repeated one or more times.	
dsk0	Italic monospace type, in interactive examples, indicates typed context dependent user input.	

# **Definitions**

Term	Description
Host	The system on which the emulator runs, also called the Charon server
Guest	The operating system running on a Charon instance, for example, Tru64 UNIX, OpenVMS, Solaris, MPE or HP-UX

# **Related Documents**

- Charon-SSP User's Guides and Release Notes
- Charon-PAR User's Guides and Release Notes

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# Charon Licensing Overview

The Charon VE License server provides a new type of licensing for Charon products. This is in addition to the already existing licensing models. This section briefly describes the different licensing concepts and products.

## **Contents**

- Charon VE Licenses
- Sentinel (Gemalto) HASP Licenses
- Charon-SSP Automatic Licensing for Cloud Environments
- Rationale for VE Licenses

# Charon VE Licenses

The main characteristics of VE (Virtual Environment) licenses are the following:

- Software licenses only.
- Developed by Stromasys.
- Installed on the Charon host or a separate license server.
- Require the Charon VE license server software.
- Require matching VE-capable Charon emulator software.
- Different modes of operation:
  - For general VE mode, the customer is billed by Stromasys depending on the number and type of the emulated systems allowed by the
    installed license(s). The license server software itself is free of charge.
  - AutoVE mode is an extension of automatic licensing and introduces metered billing (by the cloud-provider) for VE licenses in cloud
    environment. It defines how many Charon emulator cloud instances can be run based on the respective license. The number of
    emulated systems on each host instance is limited by the host resources, not the license.
  - The license server for both modes is managed by the customer.
- Support at the time of writing:
  - VE license server availability: supported clouds (at the time of writing: AWS, OCI, Azure, GCP, IBM, and Nutanix), supported VMware
    environments, and physical servers.
  - AutoVE support:
    - VE License server starting with version 1.1.21.
    - Charon-SSP AL (Automatic Licensing) marketplace images version 5.3.8 or higher on AWS, OCI, GCP, and Azure only.
  - Charon emulator product support: Charon-SSP and Charon-PAR (starting with Charon-PAR version 3.0.6 and VE license server version 1.1.19).

The present document describes the use of Virtual Environment licenses.

# Sentinel (Gemalto) HASP Licenses

Sentinel HASP licenses are the "traditional" licensing method for Charon emulator products. Their main characteristics are:

- Software and hardware (dongle) licenses.
- Based on third-party vendor solution.
- Require special third-party license driver software.
- Installed on Charon host or separate license server.
- Problematic in cloud environments and somewhat difficult to use in VMware environments.
- Dongles are a flexible and host-hardware independent solution for on-premises installations (as long as there is a free USB port).
- The customer is billed by Stromasys depending on the number and type of the emulated systems allowed by the installed license(s). The license
  driver software itself is free of charge.

Please refer to the Charon License Handbook (Licensing Documentation) for details about these licenses.

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# Charon-SSP Automatic Licensing for Cloud Environments

When installing a Charon-SSP Automatic Licensing (AL) image from a supported cloud marketplace, the cloud instance automatically receives a license at first launch. The license server must be reachable via a cloud-specific public IP address. The license server is operated by Stromasys. The customer is billed by the cloud provider depending on the type, configuration, and active use of the Charon host instance. See also **AutoVE** mode which allows a customer to run their own license server for an instance launched from such a marketplace image.

# Rationale for VE Licenses

Other license types have drawbacks that prompted the development of VE licenses:

- USB dongles are not suitable for cloud environments and their use in VMware environments is somewhat complex.
- Sentinel software licenses are easy to install in a cloud or VMware environment. However, their ties to hardware characteristics also make it easy
  to inadvertently invalidate them in such environments. Hence they are not suited for use in cloud environments and difficult to use in VMware
  environments. Other Sentinel software license types do not provide the same level of license security.
- Cloud-based automatic licensing (without AutoVE) does not allow a customer-specific environment in the cloud without access to the public
  Internet. This is not suitable for many customers who require a private cloud network environment complying with their own security and
  management policies.

VE licenses are designed to enable the ease-of-use of software licenses while providing a high level of security for licensing Charon products in virtualized environments.

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# Charon VE License Server Topology

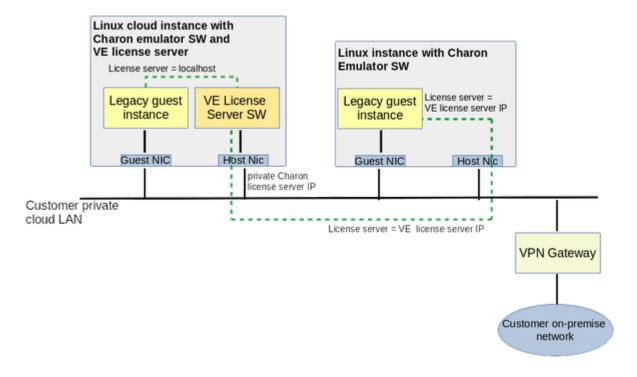
## Contents

- Cloud-based VE License Server Overview
- VMware-based VE License Server Overview
  - VE License Server Binding with ESXi Host
  - VE License Server Binding with vCenter Server

## Cloud-based VE License Server Overview

The following image provides an overview of a sample VE license server topology in a cloud environment:

#### Cloud-based VE License Server Topology Overview



#### Points to note:

- The license server software can be combined with the matching Charon emulator software on one instance, or it can run on a separate system.
- The license server typically is installed in the same cloud environment.
- Charon host and license server do not need a public IP address. They communicate across the cloud-internal LAN environment.
- Starting with Charon-SSP version 4.1.19 and with Charon-PAR from initial VE support, a backup license server has been supported.
- Important points for AutoVE deployments:
  - The AutoVE license server address must be configured prior to the first launch of the instance from a supported AL marketplace image.
     Otherwise, the public license servers will be used.
  - If the license server is to be installed on the Charon emulator host instance itself (based on a marketplace AL image), the license server RPM and a valid AutoVE license must be manually installed on the instance.

The decision whether the license server should run on a separate instance depends on the customer's requirements.

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## VMware-based VE License Server Overview

The following images provides an overview of sample VE license server topologies in a VMware environment.

There are two basic options:

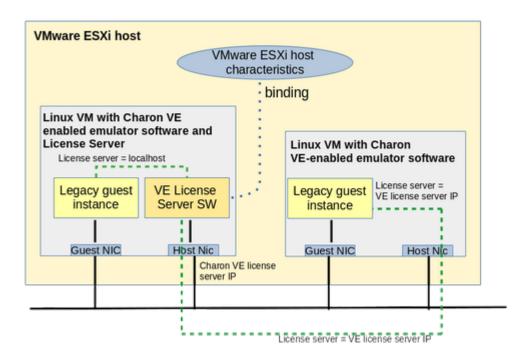
- 1. The license server binds to the ESXi host on which the license server VM runs. In this case, any Charon emulator using the VE license server must run either on the same VM as the VE license server or on a VM running on the same ESXi host.
- The license server binds to the vCenter Server that manages the ESXi host on which the license server VM runs. In this case, any Charon emulator using the VE license server must run either on the same VM as the VE license server or on a VM on an ESXi host managed by the same vCenter Server.

Please note: each VE license server instance can only bind to one ESXi host or one vCenter server. For example, if a license server is needed in two separate vCenter installations, at least two license server instances are required.

## VE License Server Binding with ESXi Host

The following image illustrates a topology where the VE license server binds to the ESXi host on which the VM with the license server runs. It shows one VM with license server and emulator software, and another VM on the same ESXi host with the emulator software configured to use the license server via the network.

#### VE License Server Bound to ESXi Host



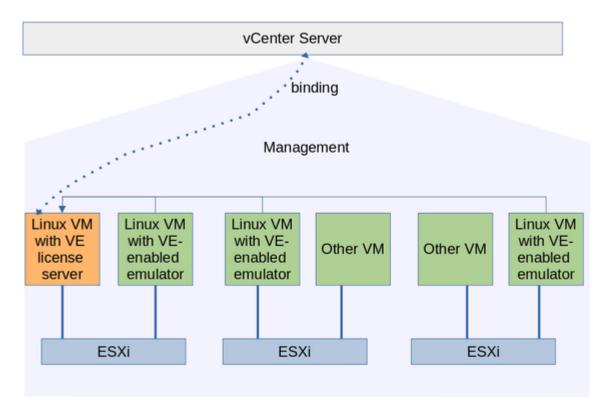
Please note: vMotion of a VE license server VM to a different ESXi server is only possible if binding to a vCenter Server (see below) is used. vMotion of a license server VM when binding to the ESXi server will invalidate the installed licenses.

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## VE License Server Binding with vCenter Server

The following image illustrates a topology where the VE license server binds to the vCenter Server managing the ESXi host on which the VM with the license server runs. It shows one VM with license server and several other VMs on ESXi hosts managed by the same vCenter Server using the license server across the network.

#### VE License Server Bound to vCenter Server



Please note: vMotion of a VE license server VM to a different ESXi server is possible if the target server is managed by the same vCenter Server.

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# Installing VE License Server and Charon Emulator

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  - Linux Instance for the License Server
    - Currently Supported Cloud Providers
    - Currently Supported VMware Platforms and Requirements
      - Requirements for direct ESXi host binding
      - Requirements for vCenter Server binding
    - Currently Supported Physical Servers
    - Linux Host Requirements for the VE License Server
      - Linux Hardware and Software requirements
      - Additional Linux Host Requirements for AWS cloud (for VE license server versions < 1.1.23)</li>
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# **Prerequisites**

The use of a Charon VE License Server has a number of prerequisites:

- 1. The VE license server itself
  - a. VE license server package
  - b. A suitable Linux instance to be used as the VE license server. This instance must run
    - i. in a supported cloud environment,
    - ii. in a supported VMware environment, or
    - iii. on a supported physical server.
- 2. Correct firewall settings
- 3. The VE-capable Charon emulator software
  - a. For general VE mode: must run on a Charon host with appropriate network access to the VE license server (see restrictions for VMware environments in the section *Charon VE-Capable Emulator and Management Software* below).
  - b. For AutoVE mode: a Charon instance launched from a compatible Automatic Licensing marketplace image. Please note that the AutoVE definitions must be added before the first launch of such an instance.

These requirements are described in more detail below.

# VE License Server Package

The Charon VE License Server package is delivered as an RPM package. Stromasys or your Stromasys VAR will provide you with the software or a download link.

#### Package name:

license-server-<version>.rpm

Where <version> indicates the version of the software, for example, 2.0.1.

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## Linux Instance for the License Server

The license server package must be installed on a supported Linux instance. This instance can run in a supported cloud, in a supported VMware environment, or on a physical host.

## **Currently Supported Cloud Providers**

At the time of writing, the following cloud providers are supported by the VE license server:

- Amazon AWS
- Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI)
- Microsoft Azure
- Google Cloud Platform (GCP)
- IBM cloud
- Nutanix AHV

Please refer to your cloud provider's documentation for configuring and launching an appropriate instance. A description of the basic steps of launching a cloud instance can be found in Additional Information and in the cloud-specific Getting Started guides on the Charon-SSP and Charon-PAR documentation pages.

Depending on the cloud environment, Stromasys may offer prepackaged Charon VE images on selected cloud marketplaces. Such images include the Charon VE-enabled emulator software (already installed) and the VE License Server RPM package (can be installed optionally). An instance launched from a prepackaged image can also be used as a VE license server. Newer versions of Charon-SSP AL marketplace images also contain the VE License Server RPM that can be installed optionally.

## Currently Supported VMware Platforms and Requirements

Below are the VMware Platforms supported by the VE license server at the time of writing, and the associated requirements:

#### Requirements for direct ESXi host binding

- The VE license server must run in one of the VMs on the ESXi server.
- Any Charon emulator using the VE license server must run either on the same VM as the VE license server or on a VM running on the same ESXi host.
- ESXi/vSphere version 6.5 and above.
- Valid license that supports the vSphere API feature. Otherwise the license server fails to start with the message Failed to detect ESXi/vCenter Server.
- Ports 443 (TCP) and 902 (TCP, UDP) on the ESXi system must be accessible to the VE license server host.
- 100 MB of free disk space on the ESXi server to be used by the VE license server host.
- User and password on the ESXi/vSphere host used for the binding between license server and ESXi/vSphere host.

The user used in the esxi\_bind command must have at least the following **permissions** that are assigned via a **custom role** definition (**please note** that the permission paths/names can be slightly different depending on the vSphere version):

- Datastore > Allocate Space
- VirtualMachine > Config > AddNewDisk
- VirtualMachine > Config > RemoveDisk

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#### Requirements for vCenter Server binding

- The VE license server must run in a VM on one of the ESXi systems managed by the vCenter Server.
- Any Charon emulator using the VE license server must run either on the same VM as the VE license server or on a VM on an ESXi host managed by the same vCenter Server.
- vCenter Server version 6.5 and above.
- Valid license that supports the vSphere API feature. Otherwise the license server fails to start with the message Failed to detect ESXi/vCenter Server.
- Ports 443 (TCP) and 902 (TCP, UDP) on the vCenter system must be accessible to the VE license server host.
- 100 MB of free disk space on the vCenter Server to be used by the VE license server host.
- User and password on the vCenter Server used for the binding between license server and vCenter Server.

The user used in the esxi\_bind command must have at least the following **permissions** that are assigned via a **custom role** definition (**please note** that the permission paths/names can be slightly different depending on the vSphere version):

- Datastore > Allocate Space
- VirtualMachine > Config > AddNewDisk
- VirtualMachine > Config > RemoveDisk

Please note: vMotion for the virtual machine running the VE license server can only be used if the license server binds to the vCenter Server. The target system must be managed by the same vCenter Server.

The VE license server for VMware environments has also been tested successfully in a Google GCVE (Google Cloud VMware Engine) environment. Please contact Stromasys to discuss your requirements if you need this product combination.

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## **Currently Supported Physical Servers**

At the time of writing, the following physical platforms are supported by the VE license server:

Modern Intel x86 or AMD platform with sufficient resources for the required Linux operating system

### Linux Host Requirements for the VE License Server

The Linux system on which the VE license server runs must fulfill the requirements described below.

#### Linux Hardware and Software requirements

Software requirements for the VE License Server itself:

- Red Hat, CentOS, or Oracle Linux (64-bit) versions 7.x or 8.x
- Rocky Linux 8.1 8.5

Basic hardware requirements (cloud instance capabilities or VMware host configuration) for running only the license server:

Must be sufficient for the selected Linux operating system.

Additional hardware requirements (cloud instance capabilities or VMware host configuration) for running the emulator software on the same system:

If the license server is combined with the Charon emulator software on the same instance, the instance used must satisfy the requirements of the Charon emulator host and all instances that will run on it. Please refer to your product-specific documentation for more information:

- For Charon-SSP, refer to the Charon-SSP user's guide of your emulator version for details (see Charon-SSP for Linux).
- For Charon-PAR, refer to the Charon-PAR user's guide of your emulator version for details (see Charon-PAR documentation).

#### Additional Linux Host Requirements for AWS cloud (for VE license server versions < 1.1.23)

Only required for VE license server versions earlier than 1.1.23.

In the AWS cloud, an IAM role allowing the *ListUsers* action (IAMReadOnlyAccess in the example below) must be attached to the VE license server instance. This can be done during the launch of the instance as shown in the sample below.



Alternatively, the role can be set/changed by selecting the instance, right-clicking on it, and selecting **Security > Modify IAM Role** (in the older AWS console, use the **Action** menu). If such a role has not yet been defined, please refer to Creating and Attaching an AWS IAM Role (versions < 1.1.23 only) and to the documentation provided by AWS for additional information.

#### Additional Linux Host Requirements for IBM cloud

For the VE license server to work properly in the IBM cloud, an API key must be created and installed. Please refer to Creating and Installing an IBM API Key.

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## Firewall Considerations

## Communication Between License Server and Client Systems

Any intermediate firewall as well as the cloud-specific subnet and instance security settings must permit the necessary ports for the appropriate source systems:

#### Basic license operation

The TCP port that is used by the license client to access the license must be permitted on the license server, and by any intermediate firewall. **Default: TCP/8083**; an alternative port can be configured in /opt/license-server/config.ini.

- Access to license server web interface
  - The TCP port used by remote systems to web-based management interface must be permitted on the license server, and by any
    intermediate firewall.

Default: TCP/8084; an alternative port can be configured in /opt/license-server/config.ini.

- TCP port 80 must be available to the license server to redirect HTTP requests to HTTPS. For remote connections, the port must also be
  permitted through intermediate firewalls. Starting with version 1.1.25, redirection (and thereby use of TCP port 80) can be enabled or
  disabled in /opt/license-server/config.ini.
- Important: at the time of writing, the web-server component of the license server applications will not start if a port required by the web
  server is already used by another application. This will also prevent the licensing component from starting.

See Additional Configuration Options - the config.ini File.

See Cloud-Specific Firewall Information for an overview about the traffic filtering mechanisms used in the different cloud environments.

Simplified sample commands if firewalld is used on the Linux system:

- # firewall-cmd --permanent --zone=public --add-port=8084/tcp
  # firewall-cmd --permanent --zone=public --add-port=80/tcp
  # firewall-cmd --permanent --zone=public --add-port=8083/tcp
- # firewall-cmd --reload
- The default zone name can be found with the command firewall-cmd --get-default-zone, a list of all zones can be displayed with the command firewall-cmd --get-zones.
- The parameter --permanent writes the command to the respective firewalld configuration files. To add the command to the running firewall, re-run it without the parameter --permanent.
- The simplified sample above does not limit the source IP address to the addresses of the license clients. This would require a more sophisticated
  configuration. Please refer to the documentation of your Linux system.

## Communication between Primary and Backup AutoVE License Servers

When AutoVE mode is used, the primary and backup license servers can synchronize their database of registered clients. The TCP port for this synchronization must be permitted on both servers. **Default**: **TCP/8085**; an alternative port can be configured in /opt/license-server/config.ini.

### Communication Between License Server and Cloud Infrastructure

The license server must be able to access information provided by the cloud infrastructure. In particular, it must be able to communicate with the following addresses/systems:

- The metadata server of the cloud environment (169.254.169.254) on AWS, Azure, OCI, and GCP
- If running a VE license server version before 1.1.23 on AWS, the host iam.amazonaws.com
- If running on GCP there are the following additional requirements:
  - Access to the host www.googleapis.com.
  - Service account and role assigned to the instance that allow access to the API and metadata server.
     This is normally provided by the Compute Engine default service account and the Default access scope in the Identity and API access section. Do not change the default assignment unless know how to assign the required permissions in a custom configuration. If the permissions are not correct, the fingerprint creation will fail with Failed to retrieve instance document.
- If running on the IBM cloud, the hosts iam.cloud.ibm.com and resource-controller.cloud.ibm.com

Any intermediate firewall as well as the cloud-specific subnet and instance security settings must permit communication with these systems for the VE license server to function properly. See Cloud-Specific Firewall Information for an overview about the mechanisms used in the different cloud environments, and your Linux firewall documentation for any Linux specific questions.

The license server system must have an appropriate DNS configuration to look up the IP addresses of the hostnames listed above.

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#### Communication Between License Server and ESXi Host / vCenter Server

The license server must be able to access the following ports on the ESXi host or vCenter Server it binds to: ports 443 (TCP) and 902 (TCP and UDP).

## Charon VE-Capable Emulator and Management Software

The VE license server software requires matching Charon emulator software. At the time of writing this support was available for Charon-SSP, and (starting from version 3.0.6) for Charon-PAR.

#### Please note:

- The requirements are different for the two modes of a VE license server (general VE or AutoVE). They are described below.
- The protocol versions used by the emulator software and the license server must be compatible. The software checks for compatible protocol
  versions and reports an error should there be a mismatch.
- The Charon VE-capable emulator software can run on the same system as the license server or on a separate system with appropriate network
  access to the VE License Server. However, there are restrictions in a VMware environment.
- Restrictions for VMware environments:
  - If the license server binds to the ESXi host on which the license server VM runs, any Charon emulator using the VE license server
    must run either on the same VM as the VE license server or on a VM running on the same ESXi host.
  - If the license server binds to the vCenter Server that manages the ESXi host on which the license server VM runs, any Charon
    emulator using the VE license server must run either on the same VM as the VE license server or on a VM on an ESXi host managed by
    the same vCenter Server.

## Charon Emulator Packages for VE Licenses (General VE Mode)

The VE licenses are supported by the following products:

- Charon-SSP 4.2.x and later
- Charon-PAR 3.0.6 and later

Stromasys or your Stromasys VAR will provide you with the software or a download link. In certain cloud environments, Stromasys may offer prepackaged Charon VE images on selected cloud marketplaces. If you use a Charon host in the cloud and the instance was launched from such a prepackaged image, the required VE-capable emulator software is already installed (refer to the respective cloud-specific *Getting Started Guide* for more information).

For detailed information about the relevant installation packages, please refer to the product documentation specific to your emulator product and version:

- For Charon-SSP, refer to the Charon-SSP user's guide of your emulator version for details (see Charon-SSP for Linux).
- For Charon-PAR, refer to the Charon-PAR user's guide of your emulator version for details (see Charon-PAR documentation).

## Charon Automatic Licensing Marketplace Images (AutoVE Mode)

If the VE license server is used in AutoVE mode, the license client must be an instance launched from a compatible marketplace Automatic Licensing image. At the time of writing AutoVE is only supported by Charon-SSP AL marketplace images.

- The AutoVE license server must be defined for the instance before first launch (see Configuring AutoVE Information on the Charon AL Host).
- This support was added in Charon-SSP version 5.3.8 and later images (at the time of writing on AWS, OCI, GPC, and Azure).
- Charon-PAR does not support AutoVE at the time of writing.

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# VE License Server Software Installation

If you are not familiar with the installation of RPM packages, please refer to the general Charon user's guide of your product, or your Linux system documentation.

#### Please note:

- In versions before 1.0.17, the license server will not start automatically after the initial installation. It will be started once a valid license has been installed (see Installing a License on the VE License Server).
- When upgrading to version 1.0.24 or above from an older version of the license server, a license update is required due to a change in the license schema.
- If you plan to use a primary and a backup license server, the license server software must be installed on both systems.

## **VE License Server Installation Steps**

Perform the following steps to install the VE License Server software:

- 1. Copy the license server software package to the license server host (if needed):
  - a. For example, use sftp to connect to the VE license server system.

```
# sftp -i ~/.ssh/<mykey> <user>@<linux-ip>
where
```

- i. <mykey> is the private key of the key-pair you associated with your cloud instance (for an on-premises VMware installation where login with username/password is allowed, it is not needed)
- ii. <user> is the user associated with your license server instance (e.g., opc on OCI, centos for a CentOS instance on AWS, or the custom user on your VMware virtual machine; for an instance installed from a prepackaged Charon marketplace image, use the SFTP user charon for Charon-SSP and centos for Charon-PAR)
- iii. < linux-ip > is the ip address of your license server system
- b. Copy the software package to the license server system using the following SFTP command:
  - > put <local-path-to-license-server-package>
- 2. Use ssh to log in on the license server host.

```
# ssh-i ~/.ssh/<mykey> <user>@<linux-ip>
where
```

- a. <mykey> is the private key of the key-pair you associated with your cloud instance (for an on-premises VMware installation where login with username/password is allowed, it is not needed)
  - b. <user> is the user for interactive login associated with your license server instance (e.g., opc on OCI, centos for a CentOS instance on AWS, or the custom user on your VMware virtual machine;
    - for an instance installed from a prepackaged Charon marketplace image, use sshuser for Charon-SSP and centos for Charon-PAR)
  - c. < linux-ip > is the ip address of your license server system
- 3. As a privileged user (root) go to the directory where you stored the installation package and install the package:
  - a. Become the root user: # sudo -i
  - b. Go to the package location: # cd <path-to-package-directory> On an instance installed from a prepackaged Charon-SSP marketplace image, the installation package is stored under /charon/storage)
  - c. Install the package:
    - i. Linux 7.x: # yum install license-server\*.rpm
    - ii. Linux 8.x: # dnf install license-server\*.rpm

© Stromasys 1999-2022 19 / 142 Below, you find the sample output of an installation (version 8.x of the supported Linux distributions; assuming that the RPM is in the current working directory):

```
# dnf install license-server-2.0.1.rpm
Last metadata expiration check: 0:19:36 ago on Di 03 Mai 2022 13:20:02 CEST.
Dependencies resolved.
______
                 Architecture Version Repository
Package
______
Installing:
                 x86_64
                            2.0.1-1
license-server
                                          @commandline
Transaction Summary
Install 1 Package
Total size: 53 M
Installed size: 85 M
Is this ok [y/N]: y
Downloading Packages:
Running transaction check
Transaction check succeeded.
Running transaction test
Transaction test succeeded.
Running transaction
                                                              1/1
 Preparing
 Running scriptlet: license-server-2.0.1-1.x86_64
                                                              1/1
 Installing : license-server-2.0.1-1.x86_64
                                                              1/1
 Running scriptlet: license-server-2.0.1-1.x86_64
                                                              1/1
Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/licensed.service /etc/systemd/system/licensed.service.
 Verifying
              : license-server-2.0.1-1.x86_64
Installed:
 license-server-2.0.1-1.x86_64
Complete!
```

# **VE License Server Post-Installation Tasks**

After the installation, it is strongly recommended to change the default password of the web GUI. Please refer to VE License Server Web-based Management GUI for more information.

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# Charon VE-Capable Emulator Software Installation

The Charon emulator software can be installed as a standard installation based on installation packages provided by Stromasys, or (in supported cloud environments) be provided as a marketplace image from which a Charon emulator host instance can be launched.

The detailed host requirements, the installation, and the management of the Charon emulator software are described in the user's guides of the respective products and versions.

For a standard Charon emulator installation, please refer to the following resources on the Stromasys product documentation page:

- For Charon-SSP, refer to the Charon-SSP user's guide of your emulator version for details (see Charon-SSP for Linux).
- For Charon-PAR, refer to the Charon-PAR user's guide of your emulator version for details (see Charon-PAR documentation).

To launch a Charon emulator host instance from a **prepackaged VE or AutoVE enabled marketplace image**, please refer to the cloud-specific information in the appendix or your cloud-specific *Getting Started* guide.

- A prepackaged VE image will provide a Charon emulator host suitable to use a VE license server operating in general VE license mode.
- A prepackaged AL (Automatic Licensing) image will provide a Charon emulator host suitable to use a VE license server operating in AutoVE mode.
- Please note: not every cloud environment will offer one or both types of prepackaged marketplace images. Please refer to the cloud-specific Getti
  ng Started guide of your product, or contact your Stromasys representative to check the availability.

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# Installing a License on the VE License Server

## Contents

- Important Information to Protect the License Validity
- Overview Requesting and Installing a License
- License Installation Using the Command-Line
  - Running the esxi bind Command (VMware environment only)
  - Collecting the Fingerprint Data on the License Server
  - Sending the C2V File to Stromasys and Receive License Data File
  - Installing the License Data on the License Server
- Verifying License Installation and License Content
  - Checking the License Server Log file
  - Using the license\_viewer Program to Display the Content of a License
- License Installation Using the Web Interface

# Important Information to Protect the License Validity

Certain actions can invalidate your license. Therefore, once you have installed your license, please note the following points:

For cloud deployments: if supported by the cloud provider, the VE license server instance can be moved to a different subnet, as long as the original instance can be moved.

It is also possible to backup and restore (to the same instance) the license server data. **Please note**: it is not possible to use such a backup to revert to a previous license version.

However, the following actions will invalidate the license:

- 1. All supported VE license server platforms:
  - Copying the license server data to a different instance.
  - Seriously damaging the root filesystem of the license server system.
  - Re-installing the license server system.
  - Copying the virtual machine on which the license server runs. This includes cloning a virtual machine, or recovering a backup into a new virtual machine.
  - Changing the number of CPU cores of the license server system.
- 2. VMware VE license server platforms:
  - Restrictions from point 1 above.
  - If the license server is bound to the ESXi host: using vMotion on the VM in which the VE license server runs.
  - If the license is bound to a vCenter server:
    - Using vMotion to move the VM in which the license server runs to a system not controlled by the same vCenter.
    - Restoring the license server from a backup or snapshot and rebinding the restored license server to a new vCenter server (e.g., DR case).
  - Changes to the API interface of the ESXi host or vCenter Server.
  - The license can become temporarily unavailable if the user credentials or address information recorded by esxi\_bind are changed. In
    this case, esxi\_bind must be run again to define the correct user credentials and address information.
- 3. AutoVE license server platforms:
  - Restrictions from point 1 above.
  - Charon emulator host instance register with their license server only once at start.
    - This is recorded on the license server in /opt/license-server/instances.db.
    - If this file is lost, the license is not invalidated from the license server's point of view, but it can no longer be used from the Charon host instances as they will not register a second time. The Charon host instances would have to be recreated (fresh instance launch from a supported marketplace instance). Therefore, it is very important to backup up the instance database file. If a peer license server is used, the databases are synchronized between the two servers providing another level of data backup.
- 4. Physical VE license server platforms:
  - Restrictions from point 1 above.
  - Replacing the boot disk (i.e., the disk on which the operating system is installed).

If your license is invalidated for whatever reason and you cannot revert the action that caused the invalidation, **you must request a new license from Stromasys**. Therefore, planning your license infrastructure should include a **backup license server** to insure continuity until you received your new primary license.

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# Overview - Requesting and Installing a License

#### Overview of the basic steps to request and install a license:

- VMware only: for the first license request in a VMware environment, or if the binding data has changed, use the esxi\_bind command to bind the
  license server to its ESXi host or vCenter Server.
- Collect the fingerprint (the customer-to-vendor or C2V file) on the license server and (if applicable) the backup license server.
- Send the fingerprint data to Stromasys.
- Stromasys will send you a license. This is a V2C file with the license data and a text file with human readable license content.
- Install the license data (the vendor-to-customer or V2C file) on the license server and (if applicable) on the backup license server.
- Verify the license installation.

These basic steps are described in more detail below.

# License Installation Using the Command-Line

The following sections will show how to perform a license installation on the VE license server. Alternatively, you can use the web-based GUI (see VE License Server Web-based Management GUI)

## Running the esxi\_bind Command (VMware environment only)

The esxi\_bind command sets up the necessary communication connection between the VE license server and the ESXi host / the vCenter Server.

It must be run on the license server (and the backup license server, if applicable):

- once before the first license is requested, and
- again should the user credentials, the password, or the address data for the access to the ESXi host / the vCenter Server change. Please make
  sure that the password of the selected user account does not automatically expire after a certain time period. This would cause disruptions in the
  license server operation and make it impossible for clients to receive their license.

#### Perform the following steps:

- Use ssh to log in on the license server instance (assuming that username/password login is possible for an on-premises VMware installation).
   # ssh <user>@license-server-ip>
   where
  - a. <user> is the user for interactive login associated with your license server system
  - b. < license-server-ip > is the ip address of your license server system
- 2. Become the privileged user on the license server and run the **esxi bind** program.
  - a. Become the root user: # sudo -i
  - b. Run the esxi bind program:
    - # /opt/license-server/esxi\_bind -a <address> -u <username> -p <password>
      where
      - i. <address> is the IP address of the ESXi host or vCenter Server
      - ii. <username> is a user on the ESXi host or vCenter Server (see notes below).
      - iii. <password> is the password of the user
- 3. If the command is successful, it will create the file /opt/license-server/config.ini containing the connection data (the password is encrypted).

#### Important notes regarding the user on the ESXi host or the vCenter Server:

- The username on the vCenter Server can take different forms:
  - Simple username
    - esxi\_bind parameter example: -u myusername
  - Username includes a domain name in one of the following two formats:
    - <domain>\<username>
      - esxi\_bind parameter example (quotes are mandatory): -u 'mydomain\myusername'
    - <username>@<domain>
      - esxi\_bind parameter example: -u myusername@mydomain
- 2. The user must have at least the following **permissions**:
  - Datastore > Allocate Space
  - VirtualMachine > Config > AddNewDisk
  - VirtualMachine > Config > RemoveDisk

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Please note: if username and/or password contain Unix shell meta-characters, these characters must be escaped (enclose the string in single quotes, or add a backslash character in front of the meta-character).

## Collecting the Fingerprint Data on the License Server

The fingerprint is collected on the license server using the c2v utility.

Perform the following steps to collect the fingerprint on the license server and (if applicable) the backup license server:

- 1. Use **ssh** to log in on the license server instance.
  - # ssh -i ~/.ssh/<mykey> <user>@<license-server-ip>
    where
    - a. <mykey> is the private key of the key-pair you associated with your cloud instance (for an on-premises VMware installation where login with username/password is allowed, it is not needed)
    - b. <user> is the user for interactive login associated with your license server instance (e.g., opc on OCI, centos for a CentOS instance on AWS, or the custom user on your VMware virtual machine or your physical server;
       for an instance installed from a prepackaged Charon supported marketplace image, use sshuser for Charon-SSP and centos for Charon-PAR)
    - c. < license-server-ip > is the ip address of your license server system
- 2. Become the privileged user and run the c2v program.
  - a. Become the root user: # sudo -i
  - b. Run the c2v program: # /opt/license-server/c2v [-a] --filename <my-file>.c2v --platform <my-platform> where
    - i. The optional -a parameter creates the fingerprint for a AutoVE license. Regular VE mode and AutoVE mode are **mutually** exclusive.
    - ii. <my-file>.c2v is the path and name under which you want to store the fingerprint. The file type is C2V (customer-to-vendor)
    - iii. <my-platform> indicates the platform on which the license server runs (possible values: physical, aws, oci, gcp, azure, ibm, nu tanix, or esxi; for AutoVE: aws, oci, gcp, azure)
- 3. Copy the resulting C2V file to your local system (unless you can send email from the license server system).

## Sending the C2V File to Stromasys and Receive License Data File

Stromasys or your Stromasys VAR will provide you with an email address to which you should send the C2V file you created in the previous step.

Please also indicate the following:

- License requirements based on your contract with Stromasys (product version, number of concurrent instances, is this the main or the backup license, etc.).
- Do you require a license with or without a passphrase (can be selected per product section)?
  - The use of a passphrase requires VE license server versions 1.1.x and higher.
  - The use of a passphrase requires Charon-SSP emulator versions 4.3.x and higher.
  - For Charon-PAR, a passphrase is mandatory. It is required to identify the correct license section.
- Do you require an AutoVE license?
  - Available starting with VE license server version 1.21 for supported cloud-specific Automatic Licensing marketplace images.

In response, you will receive a so-called V2C (vendor-to-customer) file which contains the license data. The content of the license (type of emulated hardware, expiration date, number of concurrent instances, etc.) depends on your contract with Stromasys. You may also receive a text file containing the license content in human readable form.

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## Installing the License Data on the License Server

The license data is installed on the license server using the v2c utility.

Perform the following steps to install the license on the license server (if a backup license server is to be used, it needs its own license):

- 1. Copy the V2C file to the license server (e.g., with SFTP).
- 2. Use ssh to log in on the license server instance.

```
# ssh -i ~/.ssh/<mykey> <user>@<license-server-ip>
where
```

- a. <mykey> is the private key of the key-pair you associated with your license server instance (for an on-premises VMware installation where login with username/password is allowed, it is not needed)
- b. <user> is the user for interactive login associated with your license server instance (e.g., opc on OCI, centos for a CentOS instance on AWS, or the custom user on your VMware virtual machine or you physical server;
   for an instance installed from a prepackaged Charon supported marketplace image, use sshuser for Charon-SSP and centos for Charon-DADS
- c. < license-server-ip > is the ip address of your license server system
- 3. Become the privileged user and run the v2c program.
  - a. Become the root user: # sudo -i
  - b. Run the v2c program: # /opt/license-server/v2c -f <my-file>.v2c where <my-file>.v2c is the path and name under which you want to store the fingerprint. The file type is V2C (vendor-to-customer).

After the installation of the V2C file, the license server will be restarted.

#### Please note:

- Please note that to install a license with a new license ID (or another changed static parameter see below), the old license must first be
  removed in an additional step (see Removing a License from a VE License Server in the applicable VE License Server Guide).
- In versions before 1.0.17, the license server will not start until a valid license has been installed.

The following example shows the initial installation of a V2C file:

```
$ sudo /opt/license-server/v2c -f mylicense.v2c
<<V2C>> Going to import "mylicense.v2c" ...
<<V2C>> Imported "mylicense.v2c" successfully.
<<V2C>> Restarting license server ...
<<V2C>> Done
```

If the V2C file installed is an **update** to an existing license, the **v2c** command will first **show the difference** between old and new license and wait for the user confirmation before proceeding with the update.

# Verifying License Installation and License Content

## Checking the License Server Log file

Check the license server log file to see if the server started successfully or reported an error. Use the following command (as the privileged user): # cat /opt/license-server/log/license.log

The log should indicate that the license server is ready to serve licenses.

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# Using the license\_viewer Program to Display the Content of a License

The license server provides a license\_viewer program to view the content of the license. To run it, use the following command (as the privileged user):

# /opt/license-server/license\_viewer

The following sample shows the output for several different licenses:

Regular VE license on AWS	Regular VE license on physical server
# /opt/license-server/license_viewer	# /opt/license-server/license_viewer
<pre>&lt;<li>cense Viewer&gt;&gt; Current license: License Fingerprint: 07792211fc8ce3fdc085 &lt;#runcated&gt; Customer Name: Stromasys License ID: 01.00000001.002.020 Key Type: NORMAL Platform: amazon.aws Release Date: 2021-06-17 13:08:01 Grace Period: 120 minutes License Check Interval: 60 minutes  Virtual Hardware: Charon-SSP/4M, Charon-SSP/4U Product Code: Charon-SSP/ALL Expiration Date: 2021-12-22 23:55:00 Major Version: 5 Minor Version: 3 Maximum CPU: 64 Maximum Virtual Memory: 1048576MB Instances Allowed: 3</li></pre>	<pre>&lt;<li>cense Viewer&gt;&gt; Current license: License Fingerprint: 07792211fc8ce3fdc085 </li></pre> Customer Name: Stromasys License ID: 03.0000003.002.006 Key Type: NORMAL Platform: physical.machine Release Date: 2021-12-08 13:18:32 Grace Period: 120 minutes License Check Interval: 60 minutes  Virtual Hardware: Charon-PA9-64-L1 Product Code: CHPA9-64-L1-IP Expiration Date: 2022-06-08 23:55:00 Major Version: 3 Minor Version: 0 Maximum CPU: 1 Maximum Virtual Memory: 2048MB Instances Allowed: 10 Passphrase: 77U8-HXR9-VUFK-1B9V
Countdown license on physical server	AutoVE license on AWS
< <li>cense Viewer&gt;&gt; Current license: License Fingerprint: 5f9d9f13f390e3b071  <truncated> Customer Name: Stromasys License ID: 01.00000001.002.194 Key Type: COUNTDOWN Expiration Date: 240 hour(s) Platform: physical.machine Release Date: 2021-07-29 09:06:15 Grace Period: 480 minutes License Check Interval: 60 minutes  Virtual Hardware: Charon-SSP/4U Product Code: test Major Version: 5 Minor Version: 3 Maximum CPU: 4 Maximum Virtual Memory: 10240MB Instances Allowed: 4</truncated></li>	<pre>&lt;<li>cense Viewer&gt;&gt; Current license: License Fingerprint: 5aaa364f9fc602323eaab2c</li></pre>

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The license contains a key-specific section and one or more product-specific sections. Please note that the product-specific section is mostly not applicable to AutoVE licenses as this license is based on the number and configuration of the cloud-based host instances.

#### Important key-specific license parameters:

Parameter	Explanation
Platform	The platform for which the license has been created. This parameter cannot be changed by a license update.
Release Date	Date on which the license has been issued.
Customer Name	The owner of the license. This parameter cannot be changed by a license update. If a change is required, the existing license must be removed before creating a new fingerprint.
License ID	In older versions, the license ID changed if the license server software was reinstalled; in newer versions, it will remain unchanged as long as the license server host instance is not re-installed. This parameter cannot be changed by a license update. If a change is required, the existing license must be removed before creating a new fingerprint.
Key Type	Possible values:
Expiration Date	Possible values:  License expiration date (for Key Type = NORMAL)  Configured number of emulator runtime hours (for Key Type = COUNTDOWN). The remaining hours can be seen in the web interface of the license server and the emulator log file.
Grace Period	Time in minutes the emulator can run after the license used by the emulator has timed out or disappeared. Configured by Stromasys when creating the license (default: 2 hours for general VE, 24 hours for AutoVE).
License Check Interval	Frequency with which the emulator will check the license availability and validity (1 hour).

#### Important product-specific license parameters (most parameters not applicable to an AutoVE license):

Parameter	Explanation
Virtual Hardware	The emulated hardware covered by this product section.
Product Code	The product code covered by the license.
Expiration Date	The expiration date.
Major Version and Minor Version	The major and minor product versions.
Maximum CPU	Defines the maximum number of CPUs in an emulated system (emulated SPARC in the example).
Maximum Virtual Memory	Defines the maximum amount of RAM in an emulated system.
Instances Allowed	General VE mode: defines the maximum number of concurrently running emulated systems.
	AutoVE mode: defines the maximum number of concurrently active AL cloud instances using the AutoVE license server.
Passphrase	Defines the passphrase that must be configured on the license client system. This is optional for Charon-SSP, but mandatory for Charon-PAR.

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# License Installation Using the Web Interface

The license server provides a web interface to display important license characteristics, to display license client systems, and to enable license updates.

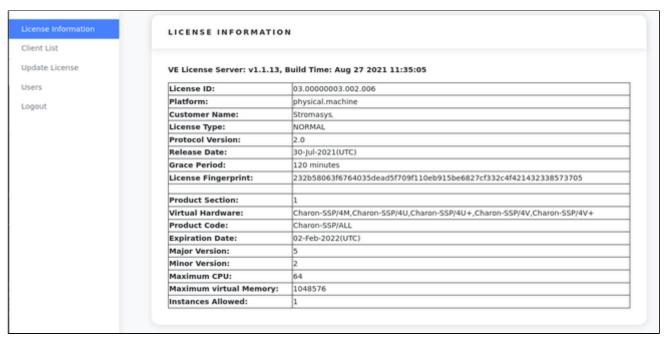
It is accessed using the URL https://<license-server-ip>:<web-gui-port> where

- license-server-ip is the address or the name of the VE license server, and
- web-gui-port is the port on which the web-server runs (default 8084).

Using just http://<license-server-ip> will cause a redirection to the configured HTTPS port (access to TCP port 80 required).

Prerequisite: access to TCP port 8084 of the license server (or an alternative port configured in the file /opt/license-server/config.ini file) must be possible.

The following image shows sample output of a general VE license for SSP:



The first section of the samples shows the basic characteristics of the license. The Product Section shows the licensed products and their characteristics.

See VE License Server Web-based Management GUI and Additional Configuration Options - the config.ini File for more information.

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# Configuring a Charon Emulator for a VE License Server

# Contents

The Charon host (for AutoVE) or the Charon emulator (for general VE) must be configured with the information needed to find the VE server(s).

The license server address, and optionally, a passphrase must be configured on the Charon host system:

- **General VE mode**: this configuration must be made for every emulated system that is to use the license server. This configuration can be performed via the configuration file or (for Charon-SSP) via the Charon Manager.
- AutoVE mode: this configuration must be made for the Charon host system before the first launch of the instance. This is currently only available
  for Charon-SSP cloud instances launched from supported AL marketplace images (Charon-SSP version 5.3.8 or higher).

The following sections describe this configuration.

- VE License Server General VE Mode
- Charon Host System Configuring the AutoVE Server Information

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# VE License Server - General VE Mode

Every VE-enabled Charon emulator must be configured with the information how to reach the primary VE license server and - if applicable - also the backup license server. If the license is protected by a passphrase, this passphrase must also be configured. These steps are described in the following sections:

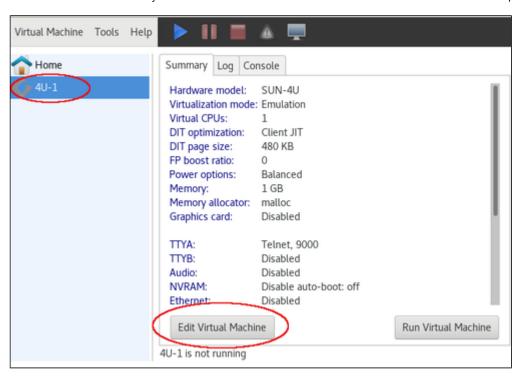
- Charon-SSP Configuration
  - Configuring the License Server Details Using the Charon Manager
  - Configuring the License Server Details in the Configuration File
    - Configuration File Location
    - Adding the License Server Details to the Configuration File
  - Additional Information
- Charon-PAR Configuration

## **Charon-SSP Configuration**

## Configuring the License Server Details Using the Charon Manager

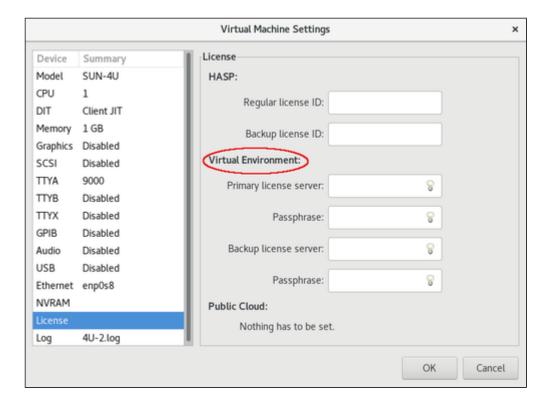
To configure the license server details using the Charon Manager, perform the following steps:

- 1. Start the Charon Manager and log in to your Charon-SSP host system. Please refer to the user's guide of your Charon-SSP product for details.
- 2. Select the emulated SPARC system from the list of VMs on the left and click on Edit Virtual Machine to open the configuration window:



3. In the configuration window, select the license configuration section:

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Enter the following data into the Virtual Environment section of the license configuration pane:

- **Primary license server**: the format of this field is <ip-address>[:<port>]. Where
  - <ip-address> is the name or address of the primary license server (use localhost or 127.0.0.1 if the license server is on the same system
    as the emulator),
  - <port> is the TCP port on which the license is served (if not specified, the default port 8083 will be used).
- Backup license server: if you have a backup license server (supported in Charon-SSP version 4.1.19 or later), add the IP address, and, if not-default, the TCP port of the backup server in this field. The format is the same as for the primary license server. The backup server typically provides a license limited to a certain number of runtime hours should the primary server become unavailable. If all valid licenses are lost or removed while an emulator is running, there is a grace period (configured on the license; default: 2 hours). The grace period is the time period during which the emulator continues to run after its license has been lost or removed. If there is no valid license after the grace period ends, the emulator will stop (this could cause data loss for a running guest system).
- Passphrase fields: the passphrase authenticates the license client to the license server. It is defined when the license is created by Stromasys. Please let Stromasys know if you require a license with or without a passphrase (can be selected per product section); passphrases are supported in emulator versions 4.3.x and higher. If your license was created with a passphrase, enter the passphrase in the corresponding fields. You will find the passphrase on the license server in the output of the license\_viewer program. If the license contains more than one product section, there will be a passphrase for each product section. Select the one defined for the product section the emulator instance will use.
- 4. Click on **OK** to save the configuration. It will become active at the next start of the emulator.

## Configuring the License Server Details in the Configuration File

If your Charon-SSP host system allows command-line access, you can manually edit the configuration file of an emulated SPARC system. This section only describes the license server parameters. Please refer to your general *Charon-SSP user's guide* for a full documentation of the configuration file options.

#### Configuration File Location

The default location for the configuration files is in /opt/charon-agent/ssp-agent/ssp/architecture>/<wmname>.cfg.

In the above path

- <architecture> stands for sun-4m, sun-4u, or sun-4v,
- <vmname> stands for the name of the emulated SPARC.

However, if the Charon-SSP system is managed without the GUI, the user can decide where to store the emulator configuration files.

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#### Adding the License Server Details to the Configuration File

To add the license server IP address to the configuration file, perform the following steps:

- 1. Log in to the system as the privileged user.
- Open the configuration file with a text editor (the default location is in /opt/charon-agent/ssp-agent/ssp/<emul-architecture>/<emul-sparc-name>/) where <emul-architecture> stands for sun-4m, sun-4u, or sun-4v.
- 3. Locate the [license] section (if it does not exist, add it).
- 4. Add the parameter

server = <license-server-ip-address>[:<port>]

to the section, where

- a. < license-server-ip-address > is the IP address of the license server, and
- b. <port> is the TCP port on which the license is served (if not specified, the default port 8083 will be used).
- 5. Optionally, add a backup license server. The backup server typically provides a license limited to a certain number of runtime hours should the primary server become unavailable.

Relevant parameter:

backup\_server = <backup-license-server-ip-address>[:<port>]

to the section, where

- a. <backup-license-server-ip-address> is the IP address of the backup license server, and
- b. <port> is the TCP port on which the license is served (if not specified, the default default port 8083 will be used).
- 6. If defined on the license, add the license passphrase. The passphrase provides an authentication of license client to license server. The correct values for primary-license-server-passphrase> and backup-license-server-passphrase> can be found in the license\_viewer output of the license server. If there are several product sections on the same license, be careful to select the passphrase associated with the correct product section. Relevant parameters:
  - a. server\_key = <primary-license-server-passphrase>
  - b. backup\_server\_key = <backup-license-server-passphrase>
- 7. Save the configuration file.
- 8. At the next restart of your emulator instance, the configuration becomes active.

#### Additional Information

Depending on your Charon-SSP product, the Charon Manager will show additional license management tools. In particular the following:

- Primary and backup license configuration under HASP in the license configuration section.
- HASP Tools in the Tools menu.

Please note: These tools are not relevant for Charon-SSP VE licenses. The same is true for the license management command-line tools hasp\_srm\_viev and hasp\_update that are installed with the Charon Agent.

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# **Charon-PAR Configuration**

For Charon-PAR, the configuration of primary and (optionally) backup license server must be entered into the emulator configuration file using a text editor.

#### Relevant parameter:

license\_key\_id "VE://<license-server-IP>[:<port>]/<passphrase>/"

Where the following parameters are used:

- the IP address of the VE license server (127.0.0.1 if the VE license server is on the same host).
- <port>: the TCP port on which the license is served (if not specified, the default port 8083 will be used).
- <passphrase>: the passphrase of the correct product section on the license. This is required for the emulator to identify the correct section.

To configure a **backup license server**, repeat the line, but with the address and passphrase of the backup license server. The first line is treated as the primary server, the second as the backup server.

Please note: the parameter license\_id "roduct-license-number>" which is used by Sentinel HSAP licensing to identify the correct product section is not supported by the VE license server. If it is in the configuration file, comment it out.

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# Charon Host System - Configuring the AutoVE Server Information

The AutoVE mode is an extension of the Automatic Licensing configuration available for selected cloud marketplaces.

#### Important restrictions:

- At the time of writing, AutoVE mode for Charon products is only available when using an Automatic Licensing (AL) Charon-SSP marketplace image on AWS, GCP, OCI, or Azure (minimum version 5.3.8) to create a Charon host instance.
- The AutoVE license server information must be configured before the Charon host instance is first launched. The information can be changed
  later, but once the host system has connected to a public license server in the selected cloud, it cannot be reconfigured to use an
  AutoVE server (and vice-versa).

The following sections will discuss the AutoVE configuration for a Charon host system:

- Charon AL Host Instance on AWS
  - Configuring the AutoVE Server Information at AWS Instance Launch
  - Changing the AutoVE Server Configuration After AWS Instance Launch
- Charon AL Host Instance on OCI
  - Configuring the AutoVE Server Information at OCI Instance Launch
  - Changing the AutoVE Server Configuration After OCI Instance Launch
- Charon AL Host Instance on GCP
  - Configuring the AutoVE Server Information at GCP Instance Launch
  - Changing the AutoVE Server Configuration After GCP Instance Launch
- Charon AL Host Instance on Azure
  - Configuring the AutoVE Server Information at Azure Instance Launch
  - Changing the AutoVE Server Configuration After Azure Instance Launch

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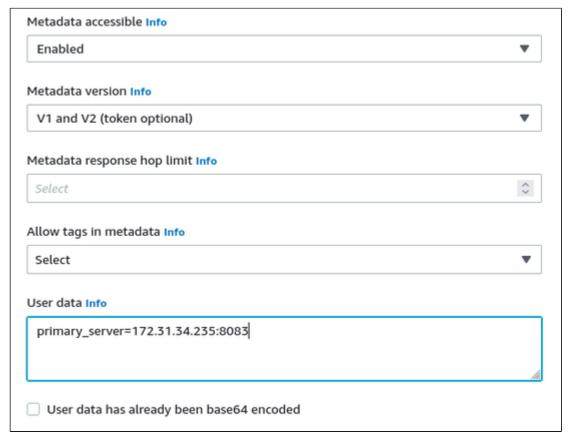
## Charon AL Host Instance on AWS

## Configuring the AutoVE Server Information at AWS Instance Launch

#### Please note:

- The example below shows the appearance of the AutoVE license server information that is entered as User Data in the Advanced Details configuration section at the bottom of the Launch an Instance window during the initial configuration of an instance. Scroll down to the bottom of the configuration window to open and display the user data section in the Advanced Details.
- In the older GUI version, the **Advanced Details** section is part of the **Configure Instance** window the layout is somewhat different, but the configuration options are the same.

Enter the information for the AutoVE license server as shown in the example below:



#### Valid User Data configuration options:

- primary\_server=<ip-address>[:<port>]
- backup\_server=<ip-address>[:<port>]

#### where

- <ip-address> stands for the IP address of the primary and the backup server as applicable, and
- <port> stands for a non-default TCP port used to communicate with the license server (default: TCP/8083).

Please note: at least one license server must be configured at initial launch to enable AutoVE mode. Otherwise, the instance will bind to one of the public license servers operated by Stromasys.

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## Changing the AutoVE Server Configuration After AWS Instance Launch

Once an instance has been launched, the AutoVE server information in the User Data can be changed. To do this, use the following steps:

- If the instance is running, it must be stopped (cleanly shut down any guest systems running in the Charon emulator before).
- Select your instance from the instance list, right-click on it and select Instance settings > Edit user data.
- Modify the AutoVE configuration in the user data as needed and click on Save.
- Activate the changes:
  - Restart the emulator instances and any required guest systems. It can take a minute or two until the change becomes active.
  - If changes are made to the VE license server configuration (e.g., changing the port numbers), the VE license server must also be
    restarted

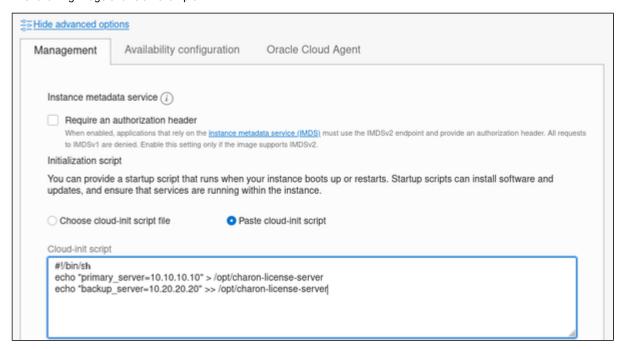
Please note: removing the AutoVE server configuration completely will not enable the instance to connect to the public license server

### Charon AL Host Instance on OCI

## Configuring the AutoVE Server Information at OCI Instance Launch

For OCI, you have to enter a cloud-init script at instance configuration in the Advanced Options section.

The following image shows an example:



#### Valid User Data configuration options:

- primary\_server=<ip-address>[:<port>]
- backup\_server=<ip-address>[:<port>]

#### where

- <ip-address> stands for the IP address of the primary and the backup server as applicable, and
- <port> stands for a non-default TCP port used to communicate with the license server (default: TCP/8083).

Please note: at least one license server must be configured at initial launch to enable AutoVE mode. Otherwise, the instance will bind to one of the public license servers operated by Stromasys.

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### Changing the AutoVE Server Configuration After OCI Instance Launch

Once an instance has been launched, the AutoVE server information in the User Data can be changed. To do this, use the following steps:

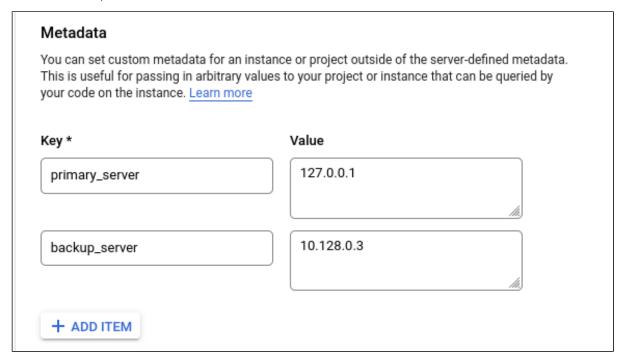
- The Charon host instance must be running.
- Log in to the Charon host instance as the **root** user.
- Open the file /opt/charon-license-server with a text editor.
- Modify the AutoVE configuration as needed and save the file.
- Activate the changes:
  - After cleanly shutting down any running guest operating systems, restart the emulator instances and any required guest systems. It can
    take a minute or two until the change becomes active.
  - If changes are made to the VE license server configuration (e.g., changing the port numbers), the VE license server must also be restarted.

Please note: removing the AutoVE server configuration completely will not enable the instance to connect to the public license server.

### Charon AL Host Instance on GCP

### Configuring the AutoVE Server Information at GCP Instance Launch

The AutoVE license server information is entered as **Custom Metadata**. In the initial instance configuration window, go to the bottom where the **NETWOR KING, DISKS, SECURITY, MANAGEMENT...** configuration section is located. Open it and select the **Management** section. Add the Custom Metadata as shown in the example below:



#### Valid User Data configuration options:

- primary\_server <ip-address>[:<port>]
- backup\_server <ip-address>[:<port>]

#### where

- <ip-address> stands for the IP address of the primary and the backup server as applicable, and
- <port> stands for a non-default TCP port used to communicate with the license server (default: TCP/8083).

Please note: at least one license server must be configured at initial launch to enable AutoVE mode. Otherwise, the instance will bind to one of the public license servers operated by Stromasys.

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### Changing the AutoVE Server Configuration After GCP Instance Launch

Once an instance has been launched, the AutoVE server information in the Custom Metadata section can be changed. To do this, use the following steps:

- In the GCP management console, open the details window of your Charon host instance.
- Klick on the Edit symbol at the top of the page.
- Scroll down to the Custom Metadata section.
- Modify the AutoVE configuration as needed and click on Save at the bottom of the page.
- Activate the changes:
  - After cleanly shutting down any running guest operating systems, restart the emulator instances and any required guest systems. It can
    take a minute or two until the change becomes active.
  - If changes are made to the VE license server configuration (e.g., changing the port numbers), the VE license server must also be restarted.

Please note: removing the AutoVE server configuration completely will not enable the instance to connect to the public license server.

### Charon AL Host Instance on Azure

## Configuring the AutoVE Server Information at Azure Instance Launch

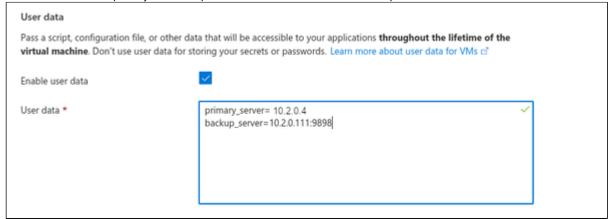
The AutoVE license server information is entered as instance User Data. In the initial instance configuration window, go to the Advanced section.

• Open it and scroll down to the User Data section.

Enable the User Data by ticking the checkbox.

User data		
	e, or other data that will be accessible to your applications <b>throughout the lifetime of the</b> ser data for storing your secrets or passwords. Learn more about user data for VMs c	
Enable user data		

• Then enter the correct primary and backup AutoVE servers as shown in the example below:



#### Valid User Data configuration options:

- primary\_server=<ip-address>[:<port>]
- backup\_server=<ip-address>[:<port>]

#### where

- <ip-address> stands for the IP address of the primary and the backup server as applicable, and
- <port> stands for a non-default TCP port used to communicate with the license server (default: TCP/8083).

Please note: at least one license server must be configured at initial launch to enable AutoVE mode. Otherwise, the instance will bind to one of the public license servers operated by Stromasys.

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### Changing the AutoVE Server Configuration After Azure Instance Launch

Once an instance has been launched, the AutoVE server information in the User Data section can be changed. To do this, use the following steps:

- In the Azure management console, open the **Overview** window of your Charon host instance.
- Find the Configuration option in the left-hand pane and open it.
- Scroll down to the User Data section and tick the checkbox that enables editing the data.
- Modify the AutoVE configuration as needed and click on **Save** at the top of the page.
- Activate the changes:
  - After cleanly shutting down any running guest operating systems, restart the emulator instances and any required guest systems. It can
    take a minute or two until the change becomes active.
  - If changes are made to the VE license server configuration (e.g., changing the port numbers), the VE license server must also be restarted.

Please note: removing the AutoVE server configuration completely will not enable the instance to connect to the public license server.

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# Transferring a License to Another Server

### Contents

- General Information
- Steps to Transfer a License

## **General Information**

If required, a VE license can be transferred from one license server to another.

#### Please note:

- This action will invalidate the license on the original license server.
- Only a valid, working license can be transferred.

# Steps to Transfer a License

The steps below describe the license transfer to another server:

- 1. Become the root user on the license server.
- 2. Export the transfer license from the original license server:
  - # /opt/license-server/c2v -t <export-file>.tfr

You will receive a warning message:

Confirm by entering the string yes, or abort by entering any other input (submit the input using the RETURN key).

- 3. Create a C2V file on the destination license server:
  - # /opt/license-server/c2v -f <destination>.c2v -p <platform>
- 4. Send both files (the TFR and the C2V file) to Stromasys (email address will be provided by Stromasys).
- 5. You will receive a V2C file.
- 6. Import the V2C file on the destination license server:
  - # /opt/license-server/v2c -f <new-v2c>.v2c
- 7. If the address and/or passphrase of the license server has changed, adapt the configuration of the license client with the new license server data.

For more information about creating a C2V file and installing a V2C file, please refer to Installing a License on the VE License Server.

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# Removing a License from a VE License Server

Sometimes, it may be necessary to remove a license from a VE License Server.

#### There are several ways to remove an existing license:

- On a running VE license server:
  - 1. If a new V2C file with a **license update** is installed on the license server, the old license will be removed. If a completely **new license** (e. g., different license ID / different license owner) is to be installed, the old license must be manually removed (see below) and a new fingerprint must created.
  - 2. If you initiate a license transfer (c2v -t <file-name>) on a license server, the installed license will be invalidated. See also Transferring a License to Another Server.
- Deinstalling the license server software. After reinstalling the license server software, the old V2C file can be imported to re-install the license
  (the fingerprint of the host is not changed by deinstalling and reinstalling the VE license server software). If this is done on an AutoVE server,
  back up the client registration database (/opt/license-server/instances.db) before deinstalling the license server software and restore it after
  reinstalling the license server software.
- Removing the directory /opt/license-server. After such an action, a new license server installation is needed should the license server be required again.

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# Additional Configuration Options - the config.ini File

The file /opt/license-server/config.ini offers additional configuration options for the VE License Server.

There are samples of the options in /opt/license-server/config.ini.sample.

The file currently has three sections:

- [esxi]: the parameters in this section are set up by the esxi\_bind program. Do not modify them manually.
- [peer]: contains the configuration of a peer license server when running in AutoVE mode. If a peer has been defined, the two license servers
  can synchronize their client databases and act as primary and backup AutoVE servers. It contains the following parameters:
  - address: IP address of the peer license server
  - port: TCP port used to contact the peer server
  - passphrase: used to authenticate to the peer server (must be the same as configured on the license installed on the peer). This use of the passphrase is different from the client/server authentication when the license server runs in general VE mode.
- [general]: used to define non-default ports for the VE server operation:
  - port: TCP port used to serve the license to license client systems. Default: 8083.
  - http port: TCP port on which the web interface can be accessed. Default: 8084.
  - http\_redirect: available starting with version 1.1.25. Enables (= on) or disables (= off) HTTP to HTTPS redirection. Default: on. If HTTP redirection is enabled, TCP port 80 must be accessible to the license server. If another application uses port 80, redirection has to be disabled.
  - sync\_port: local TCP port for communicating with the peer server. Default: 8085. Relevant for AutoVE mode.

#### Please note:

- After parameters in this file have been changed, the license server must be restarted to activate the changes (# systemctl restart licensed).
- After the web server port has been changed, the browser cache should be cleared to avoid problems.
- If the ports required by the web GUI are not accessible to the license server's integrated web server, the license server will not start.

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# VE License Server Web-based Management GUI

Starting with VE license server version 1.1.13, the previous information-only web interface has been changed to a management interface. It provides the following functions:

- Accessing the Management GUI and Logging in
  - Certificate Warning when Connecting to the Management GUI
- Displaying the License Information
- Displaying the List of Connected Clients
- Displaying the List of Registered Clients (AutoVE mode)
- Updating a License
  - Exporting a C2V File
  - Importing a V2C File
- Managing Web-GUI Users
  - Resetting a lost Admin Password

#### Prerequisites:

- The TCP port used by remote systems to web-based management interface must be permitted on the license server, and by any intermediate firewall.
  - Default: TCP/8084; an alternative port can be configured in /opt/license-server/config.ini.
- TCP port 80 must be available to the license server to redirect HTTP requests to HTTPS. For remote connections, the port must also be permitted through intermediate firewalls. Starting with version 1.1.25, redirection (and thereby use of TCP port 80) can be enabled or disabled in / opt/license-server/config.ini.
- Important: at the time of writing, the web-server component of the license server applications will not start if a port required by the web server is already used by another application. This will also prevent the licensing component from starting.

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## Accessing the Management GUI and Logging in

The web-based management GUI is provided by the license server on TCP port 8084 by default (the port can be changed in /opt/license-server/config.ini; see also Additional Configuration Options - the config.ini File).

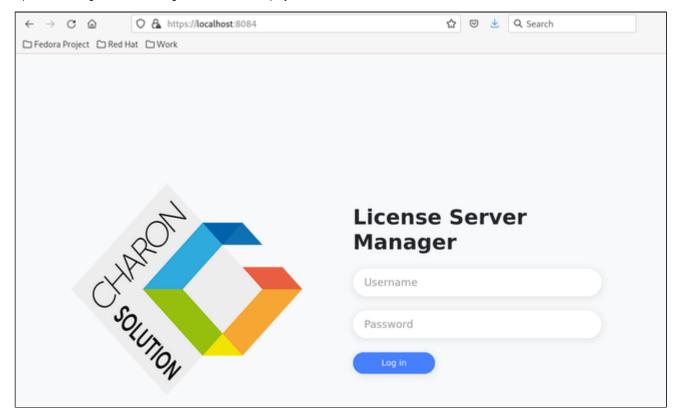
Use the following URL in any web browser to access the management GUI: https://chost>:<port>/ where

- host is the name or address of the VE license server, and
- port is the TCP port (8084 by default).

Use *localhost* as the hostname for accessing the GUI of a license server running on the local system. Example: https://localhost:8084. Using just http://<license-server-ip> will redirect to the configured HTTPS port.

Please note: any intermediate firewall must allow the TCP ports used for the management GUI.

Upon connecting to the URL, a login screen will be displayed.



Default credentials:

Username: charonPassword: stromasys

After logging in, you will be presented with a list of menu options on the left pane of the screen and the content of the selected option on the right hand. PI ease change the default password immediately.

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## Certificate Warning when Connecting to the Management GUI

When connecting to the VE license server web-based management GUI for the first time, the web browser will issue a warning and inform the user that the connection is not private. This is due to the fact that Stromasys, when creating the installation kit, cannot foresee the actual customer environment. Thus, the SSL certificate included with the license server kit includes a dummy hostname that does not match the real hostname of the customer license server system, and it also contains Stromasys as the certificate authority which is unknown to web-browsers by default.

It is possible to override the warning and connect to the page. Otherwise, users must

- either obtain a certificate for the host from one of the commercial certification authorities, or
- they must create their own self-signed certificate and add it to the web browser.

The new certificates replace the server.pem certificate in /opt/license-server/certs (move the old certificate to a save place).

Steps to create a self-signed certificate:

- Log in as the root user.
- Stop the license server (# systemctl stop licensed)
- Go to /opt/license-server/certs.
- Move the existing content of the directory to a backup directory.
- Create a root certificate (each command must be entered on one command-line irrespective of necessary line breaks in this document):

```
# openssl genrsa -out ca.key.pem 2048
# openssl req -new -key ca.key.pem -out ca.csr -subj "/C=CN/ST=GD/O=STROMASYS/OU=LICENSE/CN=STROMASYS.COM"
# openssl x509 -req -days 7300 -sha256 -extensions v3_ca -signkey ca.key.pem -in ca.csr -out ca.cer
```

Create a server certificate:

```
# openssl genrsa -out servercert.key.pem 2048
# openssl req -new -key servercert.key.pem -out servercert.csr \
    -subj "/C=CN/ST=GD/O=STROMASYS/OU=LICENSE/CN=hostname.domain"
# openssl x509 -req -extfile <(printf "subjectAltName=DNS:hostname.domain,DNS:hostname.domain") \
    -days 7300 -sha256 -CA ca.cer -CAkey ca.key.pem -CAserial ca.srl -CAcreateserial \
    -in servercert.csr -out servercert.cer</pre>
```

Replace hostname.domain with the real name of the VE license server system.

Create the combined server certificate for the license server:

```
# cp servercert.cer server.pem
```

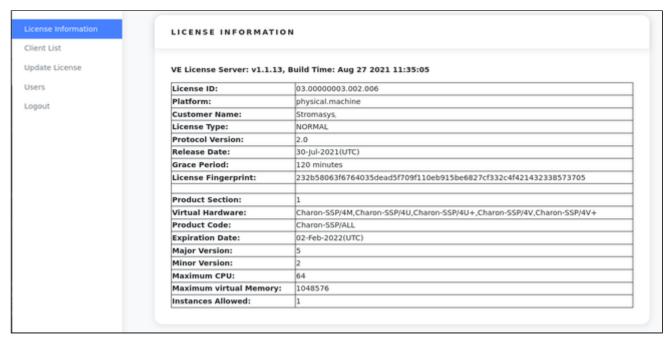
- # cat servercert.key.pem >> server.pem
- Restart the license server (# systemctl start licensed)
- Import the root CA (ca.cer) into your browser's Trusted Root Certification Authorities Certificate Store.

**Please note:** at the time of writing, the custom certificate was overwritten by upgrading or downgrading the license server software. Therefore, make sure to back up you certificate and to restore it after an upgrade or downgrade of the license server.

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# Displaying the License Information

The first screen after login is the license information screen similar to the one shown below:

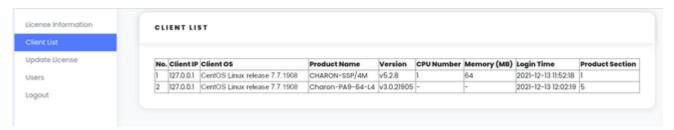


It can be selected via the menu on the left (License Information).

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## Displaying the List of Connected Clients

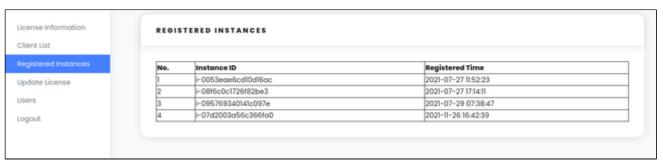
The client list can be displayed by selecting the Client List option on the left pane. A sample with one connected client is displayed below:



Please note: Charon-PAR license clients cannot inform the license server about the configured number of CPUs and amount of memory. Hence, for these clients, the corresponding fileds in the display will be empty.

# Displaying the List of Registered Clients (AutoVE mode)

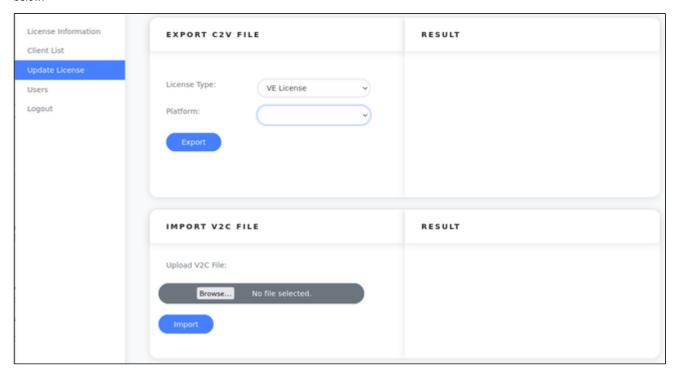
This option shows clients registered with the AutoVE license servers independent of whether the instance is active.



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# Updating a License

The license management section can be opened by selecting **Update License** on the left pane. This will open the license management screen as shown below:



The license management section includes two options:

- Exporting a C2V file (the fingerprint of the license server system)
- Importing a V2C file (the license file created by Stromasys after receiving the C2V file)

The result panes show the result of the operation including any errors that may have occurred.

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# Exporting a C2V File

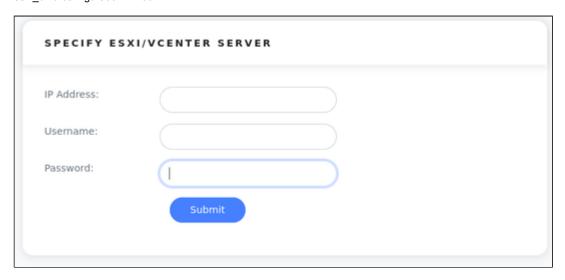
As an alternative to the command-line program for C2V export, you can create your C2V file via the management GUI. The section for C2V export has two input fields described below:

Field	Description	
License Type	Options:  • VE License: select if the license server operates in general VE license mode.  • AutoVE License: select if the license server operates in AutoVE mode.  General VE license mode and AutoVE mode are mutually exclusive.	
Platform	Drop-down menu to select platform on which the license server runs. This list is different depending on the mode in which the VE license server runs:  Platforms supported by general VE license mode:  Amazon AWS Oracle OCI Microsoft Azure Google GCP IBM Cloud Nutanix AHV VMware ESXi Physical Machine  The platform selected must match the platform on which the license server host system runs.	
	Platforms supported by AutoVE mode:      Amazon AWS     Oracle OCI     Microsoft Azure     Google GCP  The platform selected must match the platform on which the license server host system runs.	

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#### Steps to export a C2V file:

- 1. Enter the correct License Type.
- 2. Select the correct Platform.
  - a. If the chosen platform is **VMware ESXi**, there will be an additional menu indicated by **three dots**. Click on this option to open the esxi bind configuration window.



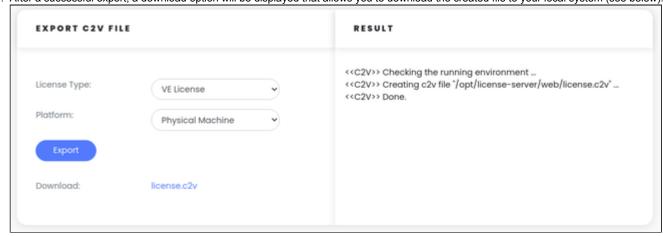
Enter the IP address and the login information of the ESXi host or vCenter Server to which the license server should bind. Then press **Submit**.

#### Important notes regarding the user on the ESXi host or the vCenter Server:

- i. The username on the vCenter Server can take different forms:
  - Simple username example for web-GUI: myusername example for esxi\_bind command: -u myusername
  - Username includes a domain name in one of the following two formats:
    - <domain>\<username>
      example for web-GUI: mydomain\myusername
      example for esxi\_bind command: -u 'mydomain\myusername'
    - <username>@<domain>
       example for web-GUI: myusername@mydomain
       example for esxi bind command: -u myusername@mydomain
- ii. The user must have at least the following **permissions**:
  - Datastore > Allocate Space
  - VirtualMachine > Config > AddNewDisk
  - VirtualMachine > Config > RemoveDisk

**Please note**: if username and/or password contain Unix shell meta-characters, these characters must be escaped (enclose the string in single quotes, or add a backslash character in front of the meta-character).

- 3. Click on Export to create the C2V file.
- 4. After a successful export, a download option will be displayed that allows you to download the created file to your local system (see below).



Send the C2V file to Stromasys for them to create a license.

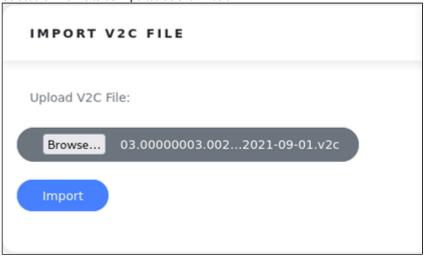
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## Importing a V2C File

In response to the C2V file sent, you will receive two files from Stromasys. One text file containing the license content in human-readable form, and the V2C license file.

You can import the V2C license file using the v2c command-line utility, or you can use the web GUI. In the section Import V2C File perform the following steps:

- 1. Click on Browse to open a file browser.
- 2. Select the V2C file to be imported as shown below.



- 3. Click on **Import** to import the new/updated license. You will receive a message about the license import being complete. The license server will restart and you have to re-login to the GUI.
- 4. Check the new license via the License Information tab.

## Managing Web-GUI Users

The access to the web GUI requires a username and a password. The **Users** section enable the management of such users. They are separate from the Linux system users.

Default credentials:

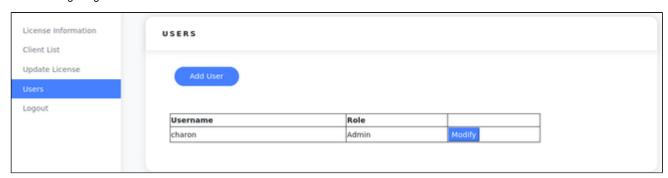
Username: charon

• Password: stromasys

Each user can have one of two roles: Admin or Guest. The role cannot be changed after a user has been created.

Admin users have access to all options. Guest users can only display information and change their password.

The following image shows the initial user overview:

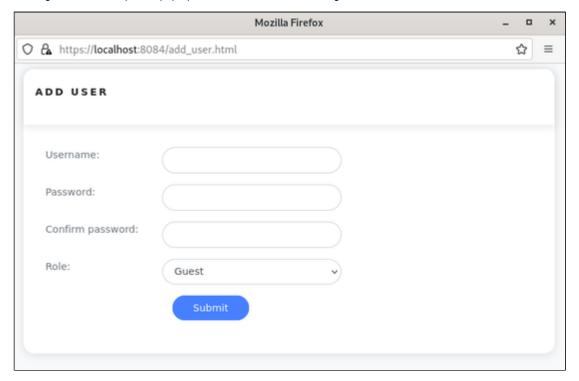


Available options on the Users screen:

- Add User: add a new web GUI user
- Modify: change the password of a user
- Remove: available for additionally created users. Not available for the default user.

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Clicking on Add User opens a pop-up-window similar to the following:



You can set the following parameters:

- Username
- Password
- Role (to change the role of a user later, the user must be deleted and recreated)

Click on Submit to create the user.

The following shows a list with two additional users for which the Remove option is also available.



Clicking on Modify will open a window similar to the Add User window - with the difference that only the password change option is enabled.

## Resetting a lost Admin Password

If the password of the admin user charon is lost it can be reset via the command-line.

As the **root** user, use the following command:

# /opt/license-server/license\_server -p

You will be prompted for the new password twice.

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# Operational Information and Logging

This section describes some information that could become relevant during the operation of a VE license server and the corresponding Charon emulator products.

### Contents

- Sentinel/Gemalto Tools not Applicable to the VE License Server
- Actions that Can Invalidate a VE License
- Starting and Stopping the License Server
- Primary and Backup License Server / Peer Servers
  - General Information
  - Backup License Server Operation
- Log Files
  - License Server Log File
    - Log File Location
    - Log File Samples
  - Charon-SSP Emulator Log Files
    - Log File Location
    - Log File Samples
  - Charon-PAR Emulator Log Files
    - Log File Samples
  - Management GUI Web Server Log File

## Sentinel/Gemalto Tools not Applicable to the VE License Server

Any Sentinel/Gemalto-specific license tools provided with the emulator installation are not applicable to the VE license server configuration.

#### Sentinel/Gemalto-specific tools and configuration options in Charon emulator kits:

In Charon emulator kits, the Sentinel/Gemalto-specific license tools and configuration options are available when installing the complete emulator packages. These tools and options are in particular the following:

- Charon-SSP:
  - HASP Viewer, HASP Updater, and HASP Manager in the Tools > HASP Tools menu of the Charon Manager
  - The Regular and Backup License parameter in the emulator license configuration section
  - The command-line tools in /opt/charon-agent/ssp-agent/utils/license
- Charon-PAR:
  - The command-line tools in /opt/charon/bin (including the update tool hasp\_update, and the license viewer and C2V creation tool hasp\_s rm\_view)
  - The license id configuration parameter is not supported. To choose a specific product section, the passphrase of the section is used.

The above tools and commands cannot be used for managing VE licenses. Please ignore them if you have a VE license.

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## Actions that Can Invalidate a VE License

For cloud deployments: if supported by the cloud provider, the VE license server instance can be moved to a different subnet, as long as the original instance can be moved.

It is also possible to backup and restore (to the same instance) the license server data. **Please note**: it is not possible to use such a backup to revert to a previous license version.

However, the following actions will invalidate the license:

- 1. All supported VE license server platforms:
  - Copying the license server data to a different instance.
  - Seriously damaging the root filesystem of the license server system.
  - Re-installing the license server system.
  - Copying the virtual machine on which the license server runs. This includes cloning a virtual machine, or recovering a backup into a new virtual machine.
  - Changing the number of CPU cores of the license server system.
- 2. VMware VE license server platforms:
  - Restrictions from point 1 above.
  - If the license server is bound to the ESXi host: using vMotion on the VM in which the VE license server runs.
  - If the license is bound to a vCenter server:
    - Using vMotion to move the VM in which the license server runs to a system not controlled by the same vCenter.
    - Restoring the license server from a backup or snapshot and rebinding the restored license server to a new vCenter server (e.g., DR case).
  - Changes to the API interface of the ESXi host or vCenter Server.
  - The license can become temporarily unavailable if the user credentials or address information recorded by esxi\_bind are changed. In
    this case, esxi\_bind must be run again to define the correct user credentials and address information.
- 3. AutoVE license server platforms:
  - Restrictions from point 1 above.
  - Charon emulator host instance register with their license server only once at start.
    - This is recorded on the license server in  $\mbox{\it lopt/license-server/instances.db}.$
    - If this file is lost, the license is not invalidated from the license server's point of view, but it can no longer be used from the Charon host instances as they will not register a second time. The Charon host instances would have to be recreated (fresh instance launch from a supported marketplace instance). Therefore, it is very important to backup up the instance database file. If a peer license server is used, the databases are synchronized between the two servers providing another level of data backup.
- 4. Physical VE license server platforms:
  - Restrictions from point 1 above.
  - Replacing the boot disk (i.e., the disk on which the operating system is installed).

If your license is invalidated for whatever reason and you cannot revert the action that caused the invalidation, **you must request a new license from Stromasys**. Therefore, planning your license infrastructure should include a **backup license server** to insure continuity until you received your new primary license.

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# Starting and Stopping the License Server

Please note: In versions before 1.0.17, the license server can only be started if a valid license is installed.

The license server is a systemd service that is controlled via systemctl:

Starting the license server: # systemctl start licensed
Stopping the license server: # systemctl stop licensed
Restarting the license server: # systemctl restart licensed

The licensed service logs information to its log file in /opt/license-server/log/license.log and to journalctl.

## Primary and Backup License Server / Peer Servers

### **General Information**

Charon emulators for VE licenses support a backup license server to ensure service continuity should the primary license server become temporarily unavailable. The primary/backup servers in general VE license mode operate differently from the peer servers of AutoVE mode:

- For **general VE license mode**, backup licenses are typically limited to a certain number of emulator runtime hours. The backup license server is only used for failover if the primary license server fails in order not to deplete the available runtime hours unnecessarily.
- For **AutoVE mode**, the two license servers act as peers between which the client database is synchronized. The total number of instances available on both servers determines the number of Charon host cloud instances that can be licensed from the license server pair. Each instance can connect to either of the two servers. However, if one of the peers fails and there are not enough available instances on the second peer, there is no backup for an instance trying to fail over to the second peer due to failure of its primary server and the emulators running on this instance will fail. The license on the server designated as backup server can be a countdown license (specified number of runtime hours) or a normal license.

The example below shows the output of a time-limited license:

```
# /opt/license-server/license_viewer
<<Li>cense Viewer>> Current license:
License fingerprint: 07792211fc8ce3fdc085 <truncated>
Customer name: Stromasvs
License ID: 01.0000001.002.020
Key type: COUNTDOWN
Expiration date: 100 hour(s)
Platform: amazon.aws
Release date: 2021-06-17 13:08:01
Grace period: 120 minutes
License check interval: 60 minutes
Virtual Hardware: Charon-SSP/4M.Charon-SSP/4U
Product code: Charon-SSP/ALL
Expiration date: 2021-12-22 23:55:00
Major Version: 5
Minor Version: 3
Maximum CPU: 64
Maximum virtual memory: 1048576MB
Instances allowed: 3
```

The above sample is a backup license with 100 hours of emulator runtime. The remaining hours can be checked via the web interface.

### **Backup License Server Operation**

Should the primary license server become unavailable, the emulator tries to connect to the backup license server. If this succeeds, the emulator continues to run without interruption. If no connection to a valid license can be established within 2 hours (default for general VE license mode) or 24 hours (default for AutoVE mode), after the loss of the license has been detected, the emulator will stop. The grace period is defined on the license.

**Please note**: If you do not have a valid backup license and the primary license server is unavailable for more than the grace period, make sure to shut down the guest operating system cleanly before the end of the grace period. Failure to do so may cause data loss or corruption.

If the primary license server becomes available again after the emulator has switched to the backup server, the emulator will automatically switch back to the primary server to avoid unnecessary depletion of the backup license runtime hours in VE license server mode.

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# Log Files

Log files provide important information about the operation of the license server and the Charon emulator software. In case of problems, this is the first place to check.

## License Server Log File

## Log File Location

License server log file /opt/license-server/log/license.log

At every license server start, a new version of the log file is created and the previous file is rotated to *license.log.1*. Other existing versions are rotated accordingly.

## Log File Samples

#### Normal startup:

#### No valid license installed:

2020-01-10 12:17:19 INFO MAIN	Build time: Jan 10 2020 17:22:12
2020-01-10 12:17:19 ERROR Licen	se license is not available.
2020-01-10 12:17:19 INFO MAIN	The program is terminated.

#### Client connection log (new in 1.0.28):

2020-10-02 21:46:29 INFO	MAIN	License server is ready to serve.
2020-10-03 01:31:09 INFO	Server	CHARON-SSP/4U v4.1.32 has logged in from 127.0.0.1:40704.
2020-10-03 01:45:21 INFO	Server	CHARON-SSP/4U v4.1.32 from 127.0.0.1:40704 has been disconnected

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### Charon-SSP Emulator Log Files

### Log File Location

The default emulator log file location is /opt/charon-agent/ssp-agent/ssp/<architecture/<vm-name>/.

- <architecture> can be sun-4m, sun-4u, or sun-4v.
- <vm-name> is the name of the emulated SPARC system.

The log file is called <*vm-name>.log*. At every emulator start, a new version of the log file is created and the previous file is rotated to <*vm-name>.log*.1. Other existing versions are rotated accordingly. The number of retained files is determined by the log configuration of the emulated SPARC system.

Please note: The log file path can be changed by the user to a non-default value.

### Log File Samples

#### Working license found during emulator start:

```
2020-07-16 21:25:10 INFO VE
                                  Trying to login to license server: 127.0.0.1
2020-07-16 21:25:13 INFO VE
                                  Connected with license server: 127.0.0.1
2020-07-16 21:25:13 INFO VE
                                 Found available license ID: 01.0000001.002.044.
2020-07-16 21:25:13 INFO VE
                                  Customer name: Stromasys/Testing.
2020-07-16 21:25:13 INFO VE
                                  Virtual hardware model Charon-SSP/4M is licensed.
2020-07-16 21:25:13 INFO VE
                                 Maximum concurrent instances are limited to 4.
2020-07-16 21:25:13 INFO VE
                                Maximum allowed virtual CPU(s) are 4.
2020-07-16 21:25:13 INFO VE
                                 Maximum allowed virtualized memory is 512 MB.
2020-07-16 21:25:13 INFO VE
                                 Major allowed version number is 4.
2020-07-16 21:25:13 INFO VE
                                 Minor allowed version number is 2.
2020-07-16 21:25:13 INFO VE
                                 Expiration UTC time: 2020-12-31 15:55:00.
```

#### Connection to license server lost temporarily and then restored:

```
(License loss detected)
2020-07-16 22:25:56 ERROR VE
                                 Failed to connect with the license server!
2020-07-16 22:25:56 WARN VE
                                 Charon will be terminated within 2 hours!
(License server connection restored)
2020-07-16 23:26:01 INFO VE
                                 Connected with license server: 127.0.0.1
2020-07-16 23:26:01 INFO VE
                                  Found available license ID: 01.0000001.002.044.
2020-07-16 23:26:01 INFO VE
                                 Customer name: Stromasys/Testing.
2020-07-16 23:26:01 INFO VE
                                  Virtual hardware model Charon-SSP/4M is licensed.
2020-07-16 23:26:01 INFO VE
                                 Maximum concurrent instances are limited to 4.
2020-07-16 23:26:01 INFO VE
                                  Maximum allowed virtual CPU(s) are 4.
2020-07-16 23:26:01 INFO VE
                                 Maximum allowed virtualized memory is 512 MB.
2020-07-16 23:26:01 INFO VE
                                 Major allowed version number is 4.
2020-07-16 23:26:01 INFO VE
                                 Minor allowed version number is 2.
2020-07-16 23:26:01 INFO VE
                                 Expiration UTC time: 2020-12-31 15:55:00.
2020-07-16 23:26:01 INFO VE
                                  Local UTC time: 2020-07-16 15:26:01.
2020-07-16 23:26:01 INFO VE
                                 The license is verified, back to normal operation.
```

**Please note**: The output shows a 2 hour grace period. The grace period implementation changed several times. In VE versions before version 4.1.21, the grace period was 24 hours. It was shortened to two hours after the introduction of the backup license server feature in 4.1.19. Since version 1.1.12, the grace period is determined by the corresponding license parameter. If a valid license has not become available before the end of the grace period, the emulator will be stopped.

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#### Switch to backup license server:

```
2020-06-29 18:08:25 ERROR VE Failed to connect with the license server!
2020-06-29 18:08:25 INFO VE Trying to login to license server: 127.0.0.1
2020-06-29 18:08:34 ERROR VE Failed to connect with the license server!
2020-06-29 18:08:43 WARN VE Charon will be terminated within 2 hours!
2020-06-29 19:08:57 INFO VE Connected with license server: 172.31.40.62
2020-06-29 19:08:57 INFO VE Found available license ID: 01.00000001.002.045.
```

#### License Server version mismatch:

The software checks for compatible protocol versions between license server and emulator software. It logs an error if the versions are not compatible.

#### The following messages may logged in older versions:

```
2020-01-16 11:24:38 WARN VE Failed to get data from license server!

2021-08-10 17:03:42 FATAL VE License server is unavailable!
```

#### Newer versions have a more descriptive error message:

```
2021-08-10 17:16:41 ERROR VE License protocol version is invalid.
```

## Charon-PAR Emulator Log Files

The **default location** for the Charon-PAR emulator log files is the directory in which the emulator was started. The name and location can be influenced via the configuration file and using a start-up parameter.

By default log file name is charon-par.<YYMMDD>-<timestamp>-<incremental number>.log.

The link charon-par.log points to the current log file.

### Log File Samples

#### Working license found during emulator start:

```
20211213:120216.970965:Trying to login to license server: 127.0.0.1
20211213:120219.975731:License allowed CPUs: 8.
20211213:120219.975746:License allowed memory size: 32768.
20211213:120219.979873:Connected with license server: 127.0.0.1
20211213:120219.979900:Found available license ID: 03.00000003.002.006.
20211213:120219.979908:Customer name: Stromasys
20211213:120219.979915:Grace period is 120 minutes.
20211213:120219.979928:Virtual hardware model Charon-PA9-64-L4 is licensed.
20211213:120219.979937:Maximum concurrent instances are limited to 10.
20211213:120219.979950:Maximum allowed virtual CPU(s) are 8.
20211213:120219.979959:Maximum allowed virtualized memory is 32768 MB.
20211213:120219.979967:Major allowed version number is 3.
20211213:120219.979976:Minor allowed version number is 0.
20211213:120219.979988:Expiration UTC time: 2022-06-08 23:55:00.
20211213:120219.980216:Product Name = Charon-PA9-64-L4 License key ID = 03.00000003.002.006.
```

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#### License server not found at start:

```
20211214:193342.307175:VE primary license 192.168.2.2
20211214:193342.307701:There is no VE backup server.
20211214:193342.334171:Trying to login to license server: 192.168.2.2
20211214:193351.337196:warn:Unable to login to server because the license server failed to respond
20211214:193351.337392:err:Failed to connect with the license server.
20211214:193351.337457:err:Failed to connect with the license server.
20211214:193351.337509:err:Exit
20211214:193351.339823:err:Invalid license product name
```

## Management GUI Web Server Log File

This log file contains errors encountered by the web server providing the management GUI of the VE license server.

Log file location: /opt/license-server/log/webserver.log

Sample content:

```
$ cat /opt/license-server/log/webserver.log

<attempt to start the license server a second time>
[1636549131] [error] [client ] cannot bind to 80: 98 (Address already in use)
[1636549131] [error] [client ] cannot bind to 8084s: 98 (Address already in use)
[1636549131] [error] [client ] Failed to setup server ports

<restart of the license server>
[1636551531] [error] [client 192.168.2.80] SSL syscall error 104
[1636551532] [error] [client 192.168.2.80] SSL syscall error 104
```

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# Updating a VE License

Please note: some parameters (e.g., the license ID and the owner of the license) cannot be changed by an update. In such cases, it is necessary to remove the existing license and then create a C2V for a new license to be created. See also section *Verifying License Installation and License Content* in Installing a License on the VE License Server, and Removing a License from a VE License Server.

An update to a license may become necessary due to

- the expiration date being reached,
- Charon emulator product upgrade,
- · additional Charon emulator instances,
- etc

To update your license, perform the following steps:

- 1. Create a new C2V file on the license server.
- 2. Send the output to Stromasys.
- 3. Install the received V2C file on the license server. The new license update will automatically remove the previously installed license version (starting with version 1.0.35).

Please refer to Installing a License on the VE License Server for a detailed description of these steps.

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# VE License Server Software Upgrade

#### Please note:

- If you are not familiar with the installation of RPM packages, please refer to the regular user's guide or your Linux system documentation.
- You do not need to stop running emulator instance before upgrading the license server.
- Please refer to the general Charon user's guide for information on how to upgrade the Charon emulator software.
- If the old license server was uninstalled before installing the new version (instead of performing an upgrade), the license (V2C file) must be imported again using the v2c utility.

To upgrade the license server package, perform the following steps (SFTP is used as a sample file transfer method):

- 1. Use **sftp** to connect to the license server instance.
  - # sftp -i ~/.ssh/<mykey> <user>@<linux-ip>
    where
    - a. <mykey> is the private key of the key-pair you associated with your cloud instance (not needed for on-premises VMware installations that allow logins with username/password)
    - b. <user> is the user associated with your license server instance (e.g., opc on OCI, centos for a CentOS instance on AWS, or the custom user of your VMware virtual machine;
      - for an instance installed from a prepackaged, supported Charon marketplace image, use the SFTP user *charon* for Charon-SSP and *cent* os for Charon-PAR)
    - c. < linux-ip > the ip address of your license server system
- 2. Copy the software package to the license server system using the following sftp command:

```
> put <local-path-to-license-server-package>
```

- 3. Use ssh to log in on the license server system.
  - # ssh -i ~/.ssh/<mykey> <user>@<linux-ip>
    - a. <mykey> is the private key of the key-pair you associated with your cloud instance (not needed for on-premises VMware installations that allow logins with username/password)
    - b. <user> is the user for interactive login associated with your license server instance (e.g., opc on OCI, centos for a CentOS instance on AWS, or the custom user of your VMware virtual machine;
      - for an instance installed from a prepackaged, supported Charon marketplace image, use *sshuser* for Charon-SSP and *centos* for Charon-PAR)
    - c. < linux-ip > the ip address of your license server system
- 4. As a privileged user (root) go to the directory where you stored the installation package and update the package. If you used the VE image and copied the file using SFTP to user *charon*, the file will be in the hierarchy under */charon/storage*.
  - a. Become the root user: # sudo -i
  - b. Go to the package location: # cd <path-to-package-directory>
  - c. Install the package:
    - i. Linux 7.x: # yum update license-server\*.rpm
    - ii. Linux 8.x: # dnf update license-server\*.rpm

Normally, the license server will restart and continue to work normally. To check the status, perform the following steps:

- Look at the content of the license server log: /opt/license-server/log/license.log
  - Use the ps command to check that the server is running:
    - # ps -ef |grep license-server
  - Starting with version 1.1.18, a new parameter to the license server is available to display the license server status:
    - # cd /opt/license-server
    - # ./license\_server -s

About an hour after the installation check the emulator log files of any active instances to verify that no unexpected problem has been caused by the new version.

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## VE License Server Software Deinstallation

#### Please note:

- If you are not familiar with the deinstallation of RPM packages, please refer to the regular user's guide or your Linux system documentation.
- Before you deinstall a VE license server, make sure that no active emulator guest system depends on this license server.
- Shut down any running emulator guest systems depending on this license server.
- Please refer to the general Charon user's guide for information on how to remove the Charon emulator software.
- If you re-install the license server again after the deinstallation, the license (V2C file) must be imported again using the v2c utility.

#### To uninstall the license server package, perform the following steps:

- 1. Use ssh to log in on the license server instance.
  - # ssh -i ~/.ssh/<mykey> <user>@<linux-ip>
    - a. <mykey> is the private key of the key-pair you associated with your cloud instance (not needed for an on-premises VMware installation that allows login with username/password).
    - b. <user> is the user for interactive login associated with your license server instance (e.g., opc on OCI, centos for a CentOS instance on AWS, or the custom user of your VMware host; for an instance installed from a prepackaged, supported Charon marketplace image, use sshuser for Charon-SSP and centos for Charon-PAR)
    - c. < linux-ip > the ip address of your cloud instance
- 2. As a privileged user (root) perform the deinstallation command:
  - a. Become the root user: # sudo -i
  - b. Remove the VE license server package:
    - i. Linux 7.x: # yum erase license-server
    - ii. Linux 8.x: # dnf erase license-server

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# VE License Server Command-Line Utilities

The License Server kit contains the following command-line utilities:

- The c2v Utility
- The v2c Utility
- The license\_viewer Utility
- The esxi\_bind Utility
- Command-Line Options of the License Server

All License Server utilities are located in /opt/license-server.

## The c2v Utility

The c2v (Customer-to-Vendor) utility enables the user to collect the initial fingerprint of the license server system and later collect C2V data for license updates.

Usage: c2v [options]

The options are described in the table below:

Option	Description
-f,filename name	Specifies the name of the file in which the C2V data will be stored.
-p,platform platform	VE platform on which the license server runs:  aws: to run on Amazon Cloud coi: to run on Oracle Cloud azure: to run on Microsoft Azure gcp: to run on Google Cloud Platform ibm: to run on the IBM cloud nutanix: to run on Nutanix AHV
	<ul><li>esxi: to run in a VMware environment</li><li>physical: physical host system</li></ul>
-a,auto	Create a C2V for an AutoVE license (mutually exclusive with general, non AutoVE licenses).
-t,transfer	Export a transfer file (.tfr) to transfer the license to another system.
-d,debuglog	Print a debug log.
-h,help	Print the usage information. Default if no parameter is selected.

## The v2c Utility

The v2c (Vendor-to-Customer) utility enables the user to install the initial license and subsequent license updates.

Usage: v2c [options]

The options are described in the table below:

Option	Description
-f,filename name	Specifies the name of the file containing the V2C data.
-s,silent	Run v2c in silent mode. New in version 1.1.23
-d,debuglog	Print a debug log.
-h,help	Print the usage information. Default if no parameter is selected.

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# The license\_viewer Utility

The license\_viewer utility enables the user to displayed installed licenses.

Usage: license\_viewer [options]

The options are described in the table below:

Option	Description
-c,client	Displays the license clients connected to the server.
-r,register	Displays the registered license clients.
-o,output file.csv	Send command output to a CSV file. New in version 1.1.23.
-u,usage	Shows license utilization. That is, it shows how many of the allowed instances for each product sections are currently used and how many instances are still available. New in version 1.1.23.
-h,help	Print the usage information
No parameter	If run without parameters, the installed licenses will be displayed.

# The esxi\_bind Utility

The esxi\_bind utility is used to establish the connection between license server and ESXi host or vCenter Server.

Usage: esxi\_bind [options]

The options are described in the table below:

Option	Description	
-a,address ip-address	IP address of the ESXi host or vCenter Server.	
-u,username <i>username</i>	Username of a user on the ESXi host or vCenter Server.	
	Important notes regarding the user on the ESXi host or the vCenter Server:	
	1. The username on the vCenter Server can take different forms:	
	Simple username     example for web-GUI: myusername     example for esxi bind command: -u myusername	
	Username includes a domain name in one of the following two formats:	
	<pre> • <domain>\<username> example for web-GUI: mydomain\myusername example for esxi_bind command: -u 'mydomain\myusername'</username></domain></pre>	
	<pre>     <username>@<domain>     example for web-GUI:</domain></username></pre>	
	2. The user must have at least the following <b>permissions</b> :	
	Datastore > Allocate Space	
	<ul> <li>VirtualMachine &gt; Config &gt; AddNewDisk</li> </ul>	
	VirtualMachine > Config > RemoveDisk	
	<b>Please note</b> : if username and/or password contain Unix shell meta-characters, these characters must be escaped (enclose the string in single quotes, or add a backslash character in front of the meta-character).	
-p,password password	Password of the user specified in the username option.	
-d,debuglog	Print a debug log.	
-h,help	Print the usage information. Default if no parameter is selected.	

Please note: if username and/or password contain Unix shell meta-characters, these characters must be escaped (enclose the string in single quotes, or add a backslash character in front of the meta-character).

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# Command-Line Options of the License Server

The license server itself has some command-line options. They are described below.

Usage: license\_server [options]

Option	Description
-p,password	Change the password of the web GUI user <b>charon</b> . Available starting with version 1.1.14.
-s,status	Display the status of the license_server. Available starting with version 1.1.18.
-1 debug	Enable debug log output.
-h,help	Print the usage information.
No parameter	If run without parameters, the system will attempt to start the license server.

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# Additional Information

This section provides additional information to support the installation of the license server and the emulator packages.

## Contents

- Creating and Attaching an AWS IAM Role (versions < 1.1.23 only)
- Creating and Installing an IBM API Key
- Configuring AutoVE Information on the Charon AL Host
- Setting up a Linux Instance in AWS (New GUI)
- Setting up a Linux Instance in OCI
- Setting up a Linux Instance on Azure
- Setting up a Linux Instance on GCP
- Setting up a Linux Instance in the IBM Cloud
- Installing the Charon-SSP Manager
- Starting the Charon-SSP Manager
- Cloud-Specific Firewall Information

**Please note**: cloud providers may change their management GUI without prior warning. Hence, the screenshots in this document may not always reflect the latest GUI appearance. However, they will still provide an illustration of the described configuration steps.

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## Creating and Attaching an AWS IAM Role (versions < 1.1.23 only)

Please note: this step is only required if running a VE license server with a version earlier than 1.1.23. Starting with version 1.1.23, this no longer is a requirement.

The Charon VE License Server on AWS requires that an IAM role that allows at least the *ListUsers* action is attached to the instance. This section provides an overview of how to create such a role if required. Please refer to the AWS documentation for details.

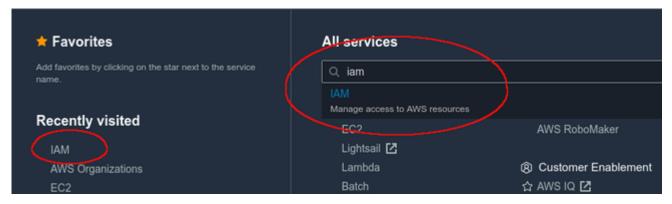
The basic steps to create and attach a new IAM role definition are the following:

- 1. Go to the IAM service section.
- 2. Define a policy with the required permission if it does not already exist.
- 3. Define a role including the policy with the required permissions.
- 4. Attach the new IAM role to your instance during instance creation or to an existing instance.

These steps are described in more detail below.

#### Step 1: Go to the IAM service section:

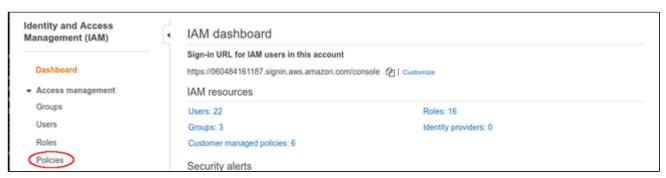
Open the services overview and search for IAM or open it from the Recently Visited list:



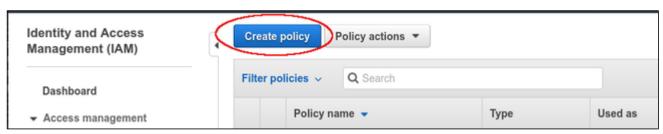
This will open the IAM dashboard.

#### Step 2: Define a policy with the required permissions (if it does not already exist):

Select Policies in the IAM dashboard:



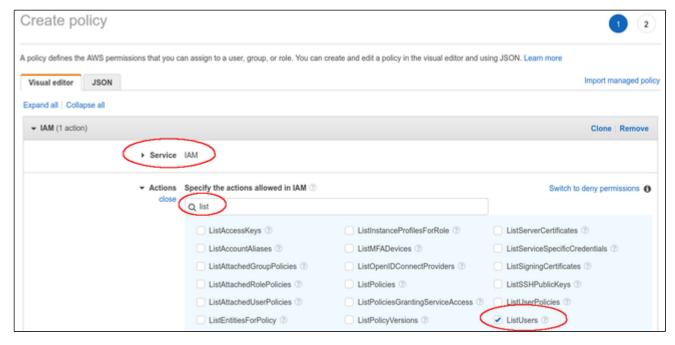
This will open a list of existing policies. If the required policy does not already exist, click on Create policy to create a new one as shown below:



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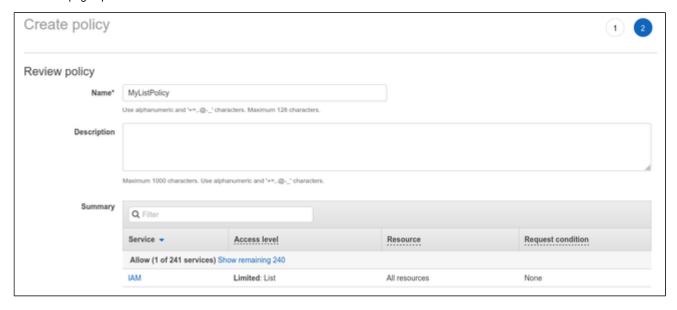
#### The Create policy window opens.

- At the top of the page click on Choose a service and select IAM.
- Use the filter field to search for the list options.
- Select the ListUsers option.



At the bottom of the page click on Review policy.

The review page opens:

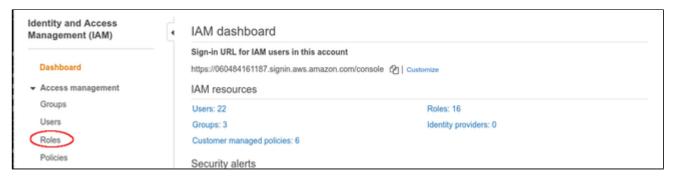


Add a name for the policy and click on **Create policy** at the bottom of the page.

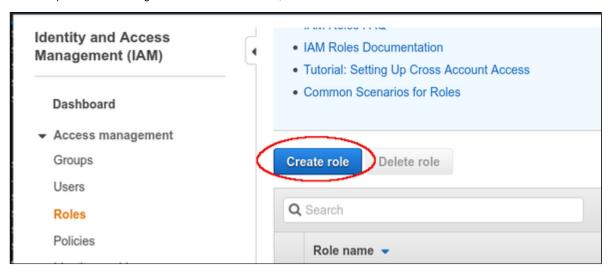
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#### Step 3: Define a role including the policy with the required permissions:

Select Roles on the sidebar of the IAM service section (for example on the IAM dashboard):

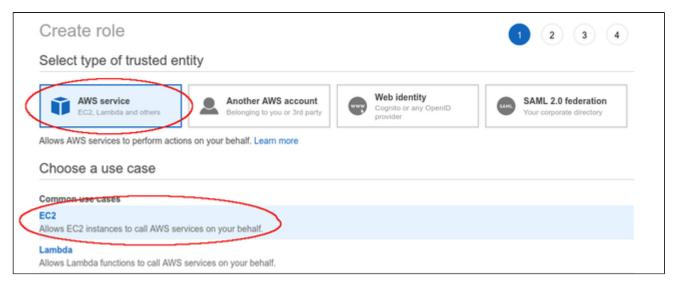


This will open a list of existing roles. To create a new role, click on Create role.



The Create role window opens. Select

- the AWS service, and
- the EC2 use case.



Then click on **Next: Permissions** at the bottom of the window.

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The permissions window opens and allows you to select the appropriate policy. Use the filter field to find your policy and select it.



Click on **Next: Tags** and optionally add tags to your rule. Then click on **Next: Review** to open the review window. Assign a name to your new role as shown in the sample below:



Then click on **Create role** at the bottom of the window to complete the creation of your role.

The sample below shows the JSON code created for the rule:

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#### Step 4: Attach the new IAM role to your instance during instance creation or to an existing instance.

To attach the role to an instance during instance creation, use the IAM role option in the **Configure Instance Details** window, as shown in the sample below.



Alternatively, the role can be set/changed by selecting the instance, right-clicking on it, and selecting **Security > Modify IAM Role** (in the older AWS console, use the **Action** menu). Please note that if the instance is stopped, you have to detach an existing role before you can add a new one. On a running instance, you can replace the existing role without removing it first. **If you replace an existing IAM role, ensure that this will not impact other functionality of your instance.** 

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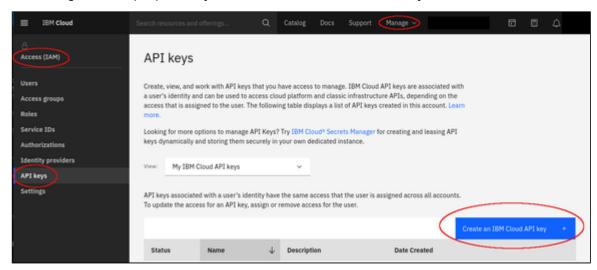
## Creating and Installing an IBM API Key

The VE license server requires an API key (filename **apikey.jason**) to be able to run on an instance in the IBM cloud. Perform the following steps to create and install this key:

#### Step 1: if you have not created an API key yet, create and download the API key.

You can use the same key for several license server systems. So this step may not be needed.

Go to Manage > Access (IAM) > API keys and click on Create an IBM Cloud API key as shown below:



This will open the Create API key window. In this window enter

- Name and
- Description

Then click on Create.

Please note: you will be offered to download the key for a short period of time after creating it. This is the only opportunity to download it. Therefore, download the key immediately.

#### Step 2: install the API key on the license server.

To install the key on the license server, do the following: copy the API key (name **apikey.json**) to the directory **/opt/license-server** on the license server instance in the cloud using your preferred method (e.g., SFTP).

#### Step 3: check if the license server starts normally.

If the key is missing, the license server log (/opt/license-server/license\_log/license.log; starting with VE license server 1.1.11 the path is /opt/license-server /log/license.log) shows the error message Failed to find apikey.json file! After the key has been correctly installed, this error should be gone.

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# Configuring AutoVE Information on the Charon AL Host

The AutoVE mode is an extension of the Automatic Licensing configuration available for selected cloud marketplaces.

### Important restrictions:

- At the time of writing, AutoVE mode for Charon products is only available when using an Automatic Licensing (AL) Charon-SSP marketplace
  image on AWS, GCP, OCI, or Azure (minimum version 5.3.8) to create a Charon host instance.
- The AutoVE license server information must be configured before the Charon host instance is first launched. The information can be changed
  later, but once the host system has connected to a public license server in the selected cloud, it cannot be reconfigured to use an
  AutoVE server (and vice-versa).

The following sections will discuss the AutoVE configuration for a Charon host system:

- Charon AL Host Instance on AWS
  - Configuring the AutoVE Server Information at AWS Instance Launch
  - Changing the AutoVE Server Configuration After AWS Instance Launch
- Charon AL Host Instance on OCI
  - Configuring the AutoVE Server Information at OCI Instance Launch
  - Changing the AutoVE Server Configuration After OCI Instance Launch
- Charon AL Host Instance on GCP
  - Configuring the AutoVE Server Information at GCP Instance Launch
  - Changing the AutoVE Server Configuration After GCP Instance Launch
- Charon AL Host Instance on Azure
  - Configuring the AutoVE Server Information at Azure Instance Launch
  - Changing the AutoVE Server Configuration After Azure Instance Launch

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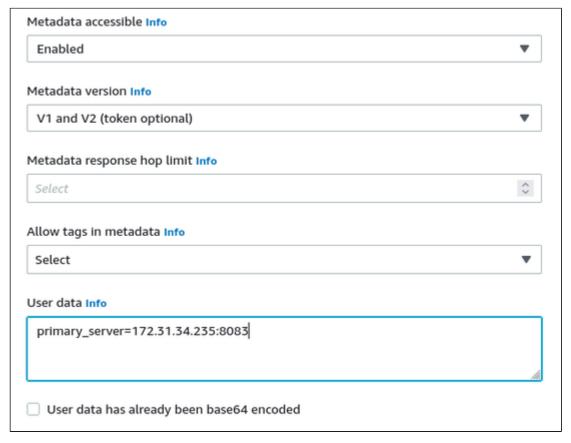
## Charon AL Host Instance on AWS

## Configuring the AutoVE Server Information at AWS Instance Launch

#### Please note:

- The example below shows the appearance of the AutoVE license server information that is entered as User Data in the Advanced Details configuration section at the bottom of the Launch an Instance window during the initial configuration of an instance. Scroll down to the bottom of the configuration window to open and display the user data section in the Advanced Details.
- In the older GUI version, the **Advanced Details** section is part of the **Configure Instance** window the layout is somewhat different, but the configuration options are the same.

Enter the information for the AutoVE license server as shown in the example below:



### Valid User Data configuration options:

- primary\_server=<ip-address>[:<port>]
- backup\_server=<ip-address>[:<port>]

#### where

- <ip-address> stands for the IP address of the primary and the backup server as applicable, and
- <port> stands for a non-default TCP port used to communicate with the license server (default: TCP/8083).

Please note: at least one license server must be configured at initial launch to enable AutoVE mode. Otherwise, the instance will bind to one of the public license servers operated by Stromasys.

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## Changing the AutoVE Server Configuration After AWS Instance Launch

Once an instance has been launched, the AutoVE server information in the User Data can be changed. To do this, use the following steps:

- If the instance is running, it must be stopped (cleanly shut down any guest systems running in the Charon emulator before).
- Select your instance from the instance list, right-click on it and select Instance settings > Edit user data.
- Modify the AutoVE configuration in the user data as needed and click on Save.
- Activate the changes:
  - Restart the emulator instances and any required guest systems. It can take a minute or two until the change becomes active.
  - If changes are made to the VE license server configuration (e.g., changing the port numbers), the VE license server must also be
    restarted

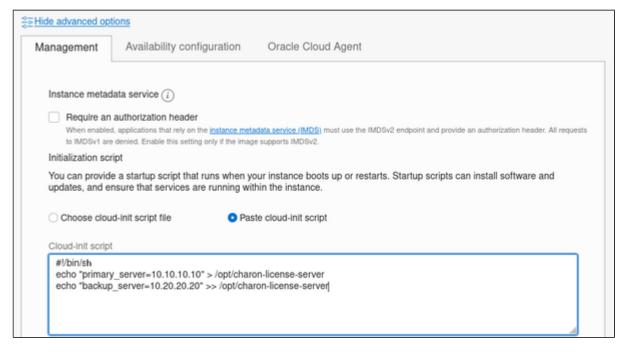
Please note: removing the AutoVE server configuration completely will not enable the instance to connect to the public license server

### Charon AL Host Instance on OCI

## Configuring the AutoVE Server Information at OCI Instance Launch

For OCI, you have to enter a cloud-init script at instance configuration in the Advanced Options section.

The following image shows an example:



### Valid User Data configuration options:

- primary\_server=<ip-address>[:<port>]
- backup\_server=<ip-address>[:<port>]

### where

- <ip-address> stands for the IP address of the primary and the backup server as applicable, and
- <port> stands for a non-default TCP port used to communicate with the license server (default: TCP/8083).

Please note: at least one license server must be configured at initial launch to enable AutoVE mode. Otherwise, the instance will bind to one of the public license servers operated by Stromasys.

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## Changing the AutoVE Server Configuration After OCI Instance Launch

Once an instance has been launched, the AutoVE server information in the User Data can be changed. To do this, use the following steps:

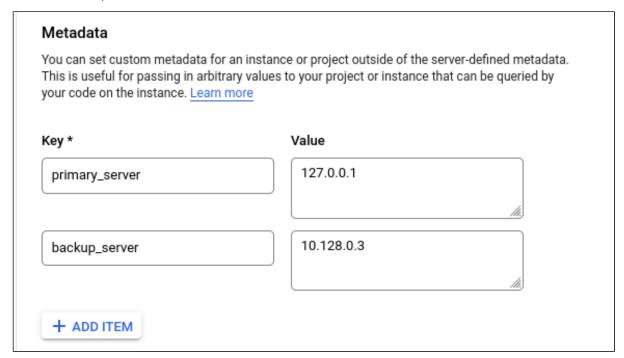
- The Charon host instance must be running.
- Log in to the Charon host instance as the **root** user.
- Open the file /opt/charon-license-server with a text editor.
- Modify the AutoVE configuration as needed and save the file.
- Activate the changes:
  - After cleanly shutting down any running guest operating systems, restart the emulator instances and any required guest systems. It can
    take a minute or two until the change becomes active.
  - If changes are made to the VE license server configuration (e.g., changing the port numbers), the VE license server must also be restarted.

Please note: removing the AutoVE server configuration completely will not enable the instance to connect to the public license server.

## Charon AL Host Instance on GCP

## Configuring the AutoVE Server Information at GCP Instance Launch

The AutoVE license server information is entered as **Custom Metadata**. In the initial instance configuration window, go to the bottom where the **NETWOR KING, DISKS, SECURITY, MANAGEMENT...** configuration section is located. Open it and select the **Management** section. Add the Custom Metadata as shown in the example below:



### Valid User Data configuration options:

- primary\_server <ip-address>[:<port>]
- backup\_server <ip-address>[:<port>]

### where

- <ip-address> stands for the IP address of the primary and the backup server as applicable, and
- <port> stands for a non-default TCP port used to communicate with the license server (default: TCP/8083).

Please note: at least one license server must be configured at initial launch to enable AutoVE mode. Otherwise, the instance will bind to one of the public license servers operated by Stromasys.

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## Changing the AutoVE Server Configuration After GCP Instance Launch

Once an instance has been launched, the AutoVE server information in the Custom Metadata section can be changed. To do this, use the following steps:

- In the GCP management console, open the details window of your Charon host instance.
- Klick on the Edit symbol at the top of the page.
- Scroll down to the Custom Metadata section.
- Modify the AutoVE configuration as needed and click on Save at the bottom of the page.
- Activate the changes:
  - After cleanly shutting down any running guest operating systems, restart the emulator instances and any required guest systems. It can
    take a minute or two until the change becomes active.
  - If changes are made to the VE license server configuration (e.g., changing the port numbers), the VE license server must also be restarted.

Please note: removing the AutoVE server configuration completely will not enable the instance to connect to the public license server.

## Charon AL Host Instance on Azure

## Configuring the AutoVE Server Information at Azure Instance Launch

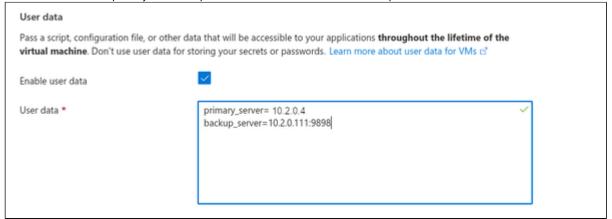
The AutoVE license server information is entered as instance User Data. In the initial instance configuration window, go to the Advanced section.

• Open it and scroll down to the User Data section.

Enable the User Data by ticking the checkbox.

User data	
	ata that will be accessible to your applications <b>throughout the lifetime of the</b> storing your secrets or passwords. Learn more about user data for VMs c
Enable user data	

• Then enter the correct primary and backup AutoVE servers as shown in the example below:



### Valid User Data configuration options:

- primary\_server=<ip-address>[:<port>]
- backup\_server=<ip-address>[:<port>]

#### where

- <ip-address> stands for the IP address of the primary and the backup server as applicable, and
- <port> stands for a non-default TCP port used to communicate with the license server (default: TCP/8083).

Please note: at least one license server must be configured at initial launch to enable AutoVE mode. Otherwise, the instance will bind to one of the public license servers operated by Stromasys.

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## Changing the AutoVE Server Configuration After Azure Instance Launch

Once an instance has been launched, the AutoVE server information in the User Data section can be changed. To do this, use the following steps:

- In the Azure management console, open the **Overview** window of your Charon host instance.
- Find the Configuration option in the left-hand pane and open it.
- Scroll down to the User Data section and tick the checkbox that enables editing the data.
- Modify the AutoVE configuration as needed and click on Save at the top of the page.
- Activate the changes:
  - After cleanly shutting down any running guest operating systems, restart the emulator instances and any required guest systems. It can
    take a minute or two until the change becomes active.
  - If changes are made to the VE license server configuration (e.g., changing the port numbers), the VE license server must also be restarted.

Please note: removing the AutoVE server configuration completely will not enable the instance to connect to the public license server.

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# Setting up a Linux Instance in AWS (New GUI)

This chapter describes how to set up a Linux instance in AWS. The purpose for which the instance is created will determine the prerequisites for image and instance type used.

This page reflect the AWS GUI changes in spring 2022.

### Content

- General Prerequisites
- AWS Login and New Instance Launch
- New Instance Configuration
- Initial Access to the Instance
  - SSH Interactive Access
  - File Transfer with SFTP

## **General Prerequisites**

As this description shows the basic setup of a Linux instance in AWS, it does not list specific prerequisites. However, depending on the use case, the following prerequisites should be considered:

- To set up a Linux instance in AWS, you need an Amazon AWS account.
- Secondly, prerequisites will be different depending on the planned use of the instance:
  - Option 1: the instance is to be used as a Charon emulator host system:
    - Refer to the hardware and software prerequisite sections of the User's Guide and/or Getting Started guide of your Charon
      product to determine the exact hardware and software prerequisites that must be fulfilled by the Linux instance. The image you
      use to launch your instance and the instance type you chose determine the software and hardware of your cloud instance.
    - A Charon product license is required to run emulated legacy systems. Refer to the licensing information in the documentation of your Charon product, or contact your Stromasys representative or Stromasys VAR for additional information.
  - Option 2: the instance is to be used as a dedicated VE license server:
    - Refer to the VE License Server Guide for detailed prerequisites.
- Certain legacy operating systems that can run in the emulated systems provided by Charon emulator products require a license of the original
  vendor of the operating system. The user is responsible for any licensing obligations related to the legacy operating system and has to provide
  the appropriate licenses.

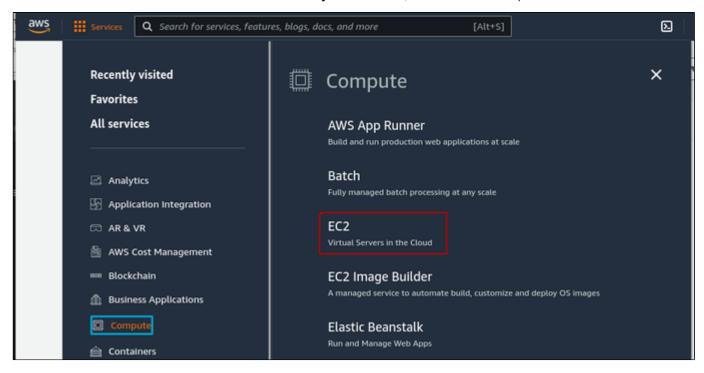
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# AWS Login and New Instance Launch

Please note that the AWS GUI occasionally changes. This may lead to screenshots not always reflecting the exact appearance of an configuration screen.

To start the creation of a new cloud instance, perform the following steps:

- 1. Log in to your AWS management console.
- 2. Find and select the EC2 service. You can find it in the Recently visited section, or use the services drop down menu:

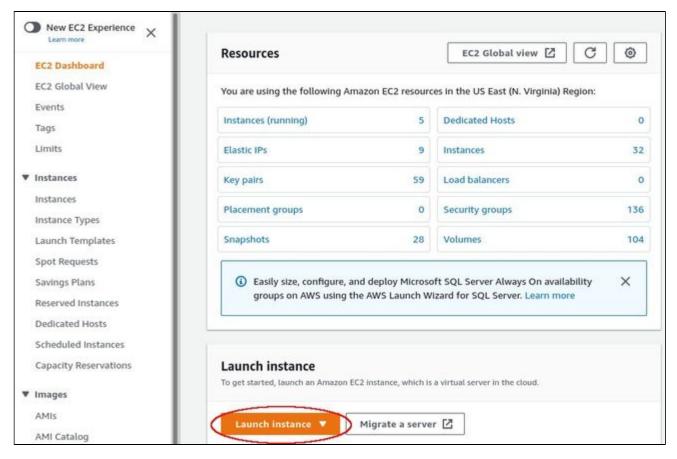


This will open the E2C dashboard.

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Please note: The following sample image shows the new E2C dashboard. The old dashboard looks somewhat different, but still has the Launch instance button.

3. On the EC2 dashboard click on the Launch Instance button.



Clicking on Launch Instance will allow you to initiate the instance creation process consisting of seven steps:

- 1. Enter an instance name
- 2. Choose AMI
- 3. Choose Instance Type
- 4. Key pair configuration
- 5. Network and security group configuration
- 6. Storage configuration
- 7. Advanced details
- 8. Launch instance

These steps are described in the next section.

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## **New Instance Configuration**

The instance creation and configuration process will guide you through a number of configuration steps and allow you to start the new instance when done.

### 1. Enter an instance name:



If needed, you can add additional tags to the instance.

When done, proceed to the Application and OS Images section to choose an AMI.

#### 2. Choose AMI:

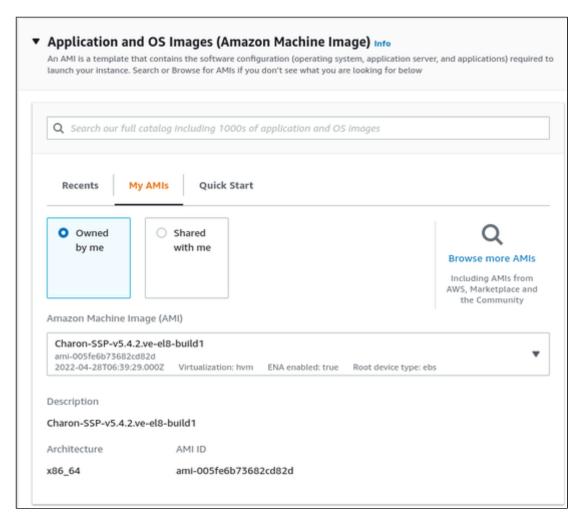
AMIs are prepackaged images used to launch cloud instances. They usually include the operating system and applicable application software.

Which AMI you select depends on the planned use of the instance:

- If the instance is to be used as a Charon emulator host system several AMI choices are possible:
  - Installing the Charon host system from a prepackaged Charon marketplace image: they contain the underlying operating system
    and the preinstalled Charon software.
    - Depending on the cloud provider and the Stromasys product release plans, they may be available in two variants:
      - Automatic licensing (AL) for use with a public, Stromasys-operated license server, or with a private, customer-operated AutoVE license server
      - Virtual environment (VE) for use with a private, customer-operated VE license server
  - Installing the Charon host system using a conventional Charon emulator installation with the Charon emulator installation RPM packages:
    - Choose a Linux AMI of a distribution supported by your selected Charon product and version (see the user's guide of your product on the Stromasys documentation site).
- If the instance is to be used as a dedicated **VE license server**:
  - Please refer to the VE License Server Guide in Licensing Documentation for the requirements of the Linux instance.

After deciding on which AMI is required, select a matching Linux or Charon product AMI in the Marketplace or (depending on your environment) from My AMIs.

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You can use the search field or select one of the categories displayed to start your search. Select the Linux AMI appropriate to your planned use of the instance, that is,

- a prepackaged Charon VE marketplace image (as shown in the example above), or
- a prepackaged Charon AL marketplace image for Automatic Licensing or AutoVE, or
- a Linux version supported for an RPM product installation, or
- a Linux version supported for the VE license server.

Then **proceed** to the next section, the **Instance type** selection.

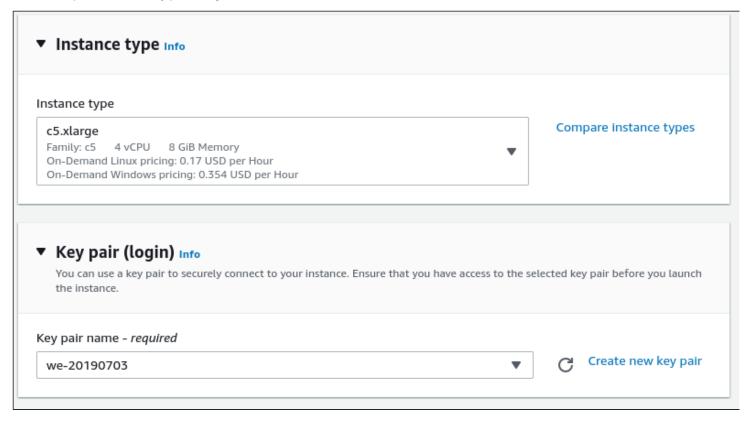
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#### 3. Choose Instance Type:

Amazon EC2 offers instance types with varying combinations of CPU, memory, storage, and networking capacity.

Select an instance type that matches the requirements of the Charon product to be used. Please note that some marketplace images have a restricted selection of instance types.

When done, proceed to the Key pair configuration.



### 4. SSH key pair configuration:

In this section, you can

- either create a new SSH key pair and download the private key, or
- you can select an existing key pair to use for logging in to the new instance. If you select an existing key pair, make sure you have the
  matching private key. Otherwise, you will not be able to log in.

After configuring your key pair, **proceed** to the **Network settings** section.

### 5. Network configuration:

This section offers basic default settings to connect your instance to the network. However, in most cases, you will have to adjust the settings to your environment.

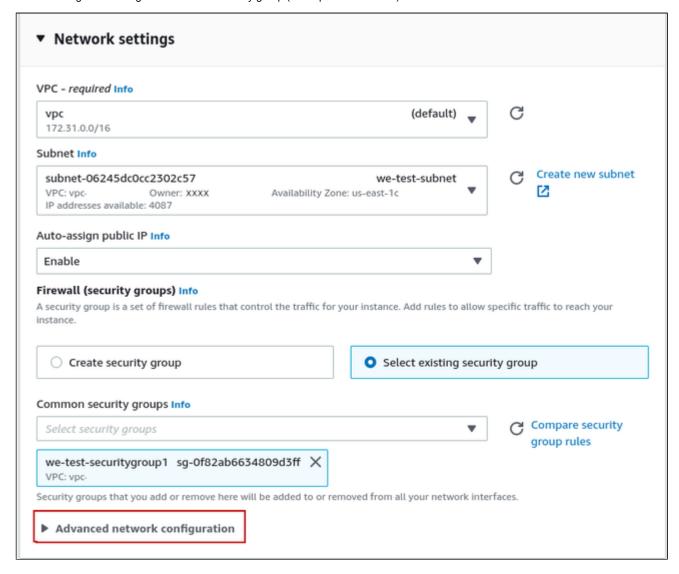
To do this, click on the **Edit** button at the top of the section:



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This will open the edit window and allow additional settings:

- The VPC (if a non-default VPC is to be used)
- The desired subnet (either an existing one or a newly created subnet)
- Enable or disable the automatic assignment of a public IP address to the primary interface (automatic assignment is only possible if a single network interface is selected for the instance)
- Assign an existing or new custom security group (cloud-provided firewall)



The **Advanced network configuration** option at the bottom of the section opens an additional configuration section in which you can set more advanced interface options and add additional network interfaces (automatic assignment of a public IP address only works if there is **only one network interface** attached to the instance)

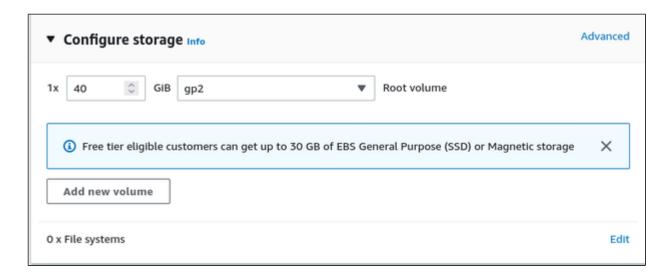
Once you are done with the network configuration, proceed to the Configure storage section.

### 6. Storage configuration:

The size of the root volume (the system disk) must be appropriate for your environment (recommended minimum system disk size: 30GB). You can add more storage now or later to provide space for virtual disk containers and other storage requirements.

Please note: It is recommended to create separate storage volumes for Charon application data (e.g., disk images). If required, such volumes can later easily be migrated to another instance.

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If needed, open the Advanced details section to access additional settings.

#### 7. Advanced details:

In this section, you can many parameters. Three that are more likely to be useful to a Charon emulator environment are shown here as examples:

CPU characteristics (enable or disable more than one thread per CPU core, options depend on the selected instance type):



### IAM role

For a VE license server system with a **version earlier than 1.1.23**, you must assign the required IAM role (allowing the *ListUsers* action) to the instance (see marked field above). For more information see *Creating and Attaching an AWS IAM Role*.



### User data

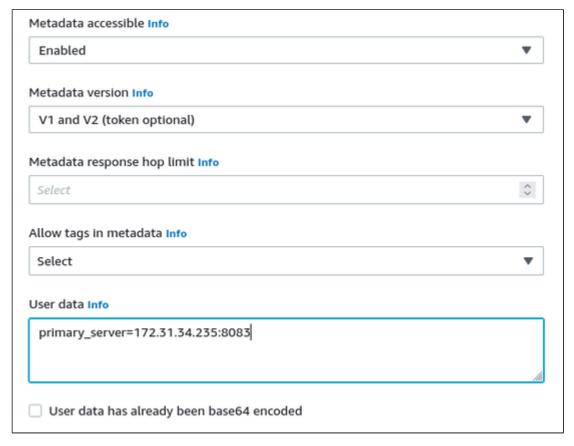
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If your instance is based on a **Charon AL marketplace image** and planned to be used for **AutoVE licensing** (instead of the public license servers), you must add the corresponding information to the instance configuration **before** the first launch of the instance.

### Please note:

- The example below shows the appearance of the AutoVE license server information that is entered as User Data in the Advanced Details
  configuration section at the bottom of the Launch an Instance window during the initial configuration of an instance. Scroll down to the bottom
  of the configuration window to open and display the user data section in the Advanced Details.
- In the older GUI version, the **Advanced Details** section is part of the **Configure Instance** window the layout is somewhat different, but the configuration options are the same.

Enter the information for the AutoVE license server as shown in the example below:



### Valid User Data configuration options:

- primary\_server=<ip-address>[:<port>]
- backup\_server=<ip-address>[:<port>]

### where

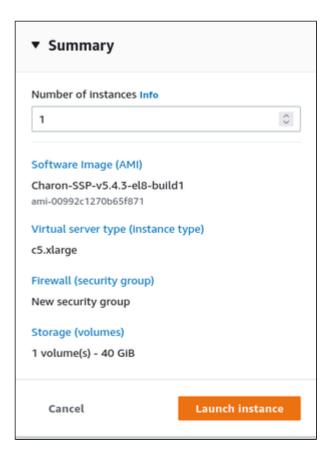
- <ip-address> stands for the IP address of the primary and the backup server as applicable, and
- <port> stands for a non-default TCP port used to communicate with the license server (default: TCP/8083).

Please note: at least one license server must be configured at initial launch to enable AutoVE mode. Otherwise, the instance will bind to one of the public license servers operated by Stromasys.

### 8. Launch your instance:

Click on Launch instance in the right-hand pane to launch your instance (if the launch button is not visible, you may have to claose overlaying text panes first):

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### Verify that instance is running:

After starting your instance for the first time, you will see it in the initializing state in the list of your AWS instances. It will take a bit of time to get to the running state. You will eventually see a launch success message with a link to your instance. Clicking on this link will take you to your new instance in the instance overview list.

In addition to the instance state, important information, for example, the public IP address and public DNS name (marked in red) of the instance will also be displayed. The following image shows an example:



The following sections will show you how to access the instance and how to perform additional storage and network configurations.

### Please note:

- If you select your instance, the bottom of the screen will show a detailed description and status information of your instance.
- You can rename your instance after creating it by clicking on the pencil symbol that will appear next to the instance name when placing the
  mouse pointer over it, or by editing the name tag of the instance.

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## Initial Access to the Instance

Once you have access to the instance, you can create the access you require for your applications. This section just shows the basic steps for initial access to the instance.

### **SSH Interactive Access**

To connect to the instance interactively, you must connect as the management user of your instance. Use the following command:

\$ ssh -o ServerAliveInterval=30 -i <path-to-your-private-key> <management-user-name>@<cloudhost-IP-address>

The parameter ServerAliveInterval will protect the connection from timing out.

#### Please note:

- Depending on the type of connection, you will have to use either the public IP address of the cloud system or its address in a customer-specific VPN
- The management user account normally allows sudo access to privileged commands (use sudo -i).

### File Transfer with SFTP

SFTP enables file transfers to and from the cloud instance. Use the management user of your instance. The security rules must allow SSH access to allow SFTP access to the cloud instance.

Please note: Depending on the type of connection, you will have to use either the public IP address of the cloud system or its address in a customer-specific VPN.

To connect to the instance, use the following command:

\$ sftp -i <path-to-your-private-key> <management-user>@<cloudhost-IP-address>

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# Setting up a Linux Instance in OCI

This chapter describes how to set up a basic Linux instance in OCI.

### Contents

- General Prerequisites
- OCI New Instance Launch
- Initial Access to the Instance
  - SSH Interactive Access
  - File Transfer with SFTP

## **General Prerequisites**

As this description shows the basic setup of a Linux instance in OCI, it does not list specific prerequisites. However, depending on the use case, the following prerequisites should be considered:

- To set up a Linux instance in OCI, you need an OCI account.
- Secondly, prerequisites will be different depending on the planned use of the instance:
  - Option 1: the instance is to be used as a Charon emulator host system:
    - Refer to the hardware and software prerequisite sections of the User's Guide and/or Getting Started guide of your Charon
      product to determine the exact hardware and software prerequisites that must be fulfilled by the Linux instance. The image you
      use to launch your instance and the instance type you chose determine the software and hardware of your cloud instance.
    - A Charon product license is required to run emulated legacy systems. Contact your Stromasys representative or Stromasys VAR for details.
  - Option 2: the instance is to be used as a dedicated VE license server:
    - Refer to the VE License Server Guide for detailed prerequisites.
- Certain legacy operating systems that can run in the emulated systems provided by Charon emulator products require a license of the original
  vendor of the operating system. The user is responsible for any licensing obligations related to the legacy operating system and has to provide
  the appropriate licenses.

## **OCI New Instance Launch**

Please note: This section only shows a very basic example. Please refer to the Oracle Cloud documentation for more detailed information.

To start the creation of a new cloud instance, perform the following steps:

Step 1: log in to your Oracle Cloud environment.

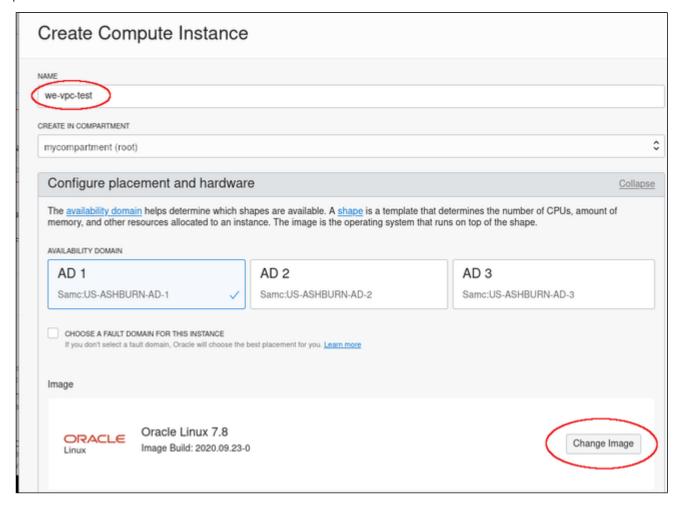
Step 2: go to the instance list in the compute section and click on Create Instance.



This opens the Create Compute Instance window.

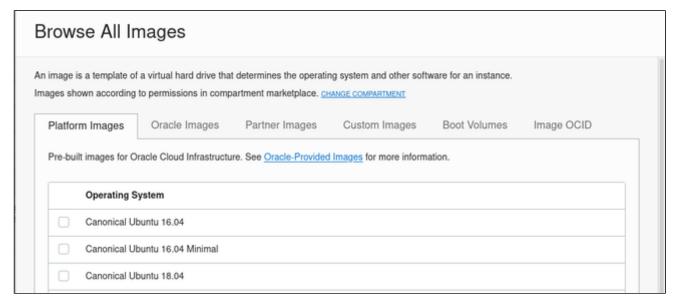
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Step 3: on the first part of Create Compute Instance window, name your instance and select the correct image for it. If installing a prepackaged marketplace Charon image, this image must be used. If you plan to install Charon using RPM packages, use a Linux version supported for your Charon product version.



To select the correct image, select **Change Image**. This will allow you to browse the different available categories for the image from which to launch your instance.

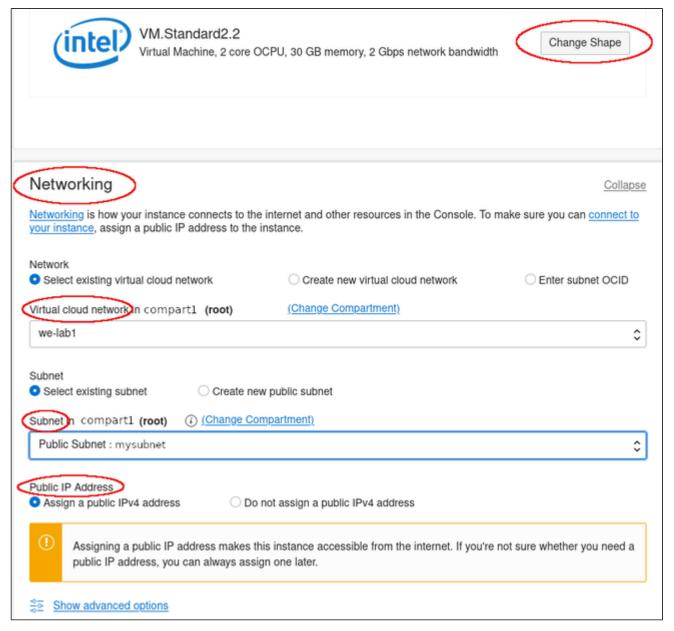
The image below shows an example of the image selection screen:



Optionally, change the compartment. Select the correct image and confirm your selection by clicking on **Select Image** at the bottom of the page. This will take you back to the **Create Compute Instance** window.

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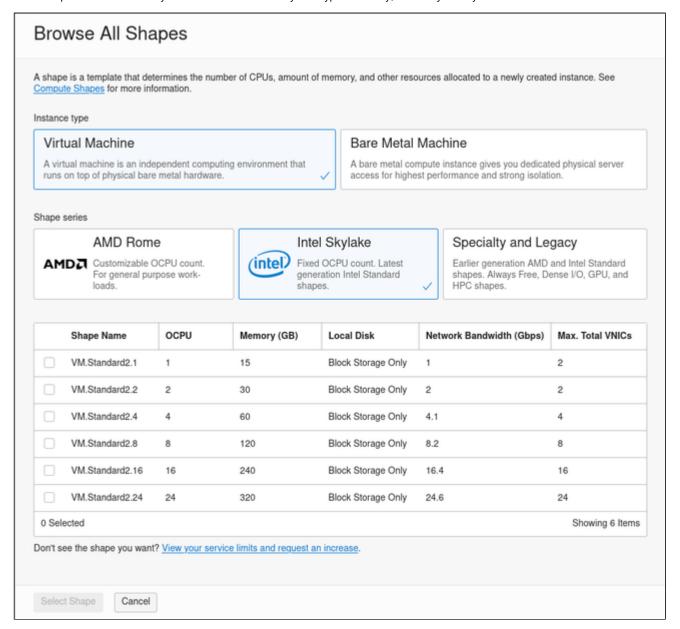
Step 4: in the middle part of the Create Compute Instance window, select the appropriate shape (i.e., the virtual Charon host hardware), the subnet membership of the instance and whether to assign a public IP address. If required, you can also create a new virtual cloud network or a new subnet here



To select an appropriate shape conforming to the hardware requirements of the emulated SPARC system, click on **Change Shape**.

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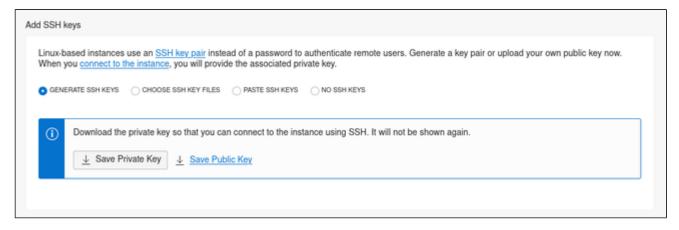
This will open a window where you can select the correct system type. Currently, it will only allow you to select one of the fixed OCPU Intel shapes.



Select the appropriate shape and confirm your selection by clicking on **Select Shape** at the bottom of the page. This will take you back to the **Create Compute Instance** window.

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Step 5: near the bottom of the Create Compute Instance window create a new SSH key-pair or upload the public SSH key of an existing key-pair that you will use to access your instance. If you create a new key-pair, you must download the private key and store it in a save place for later use. Optionally, you can also download the public key.



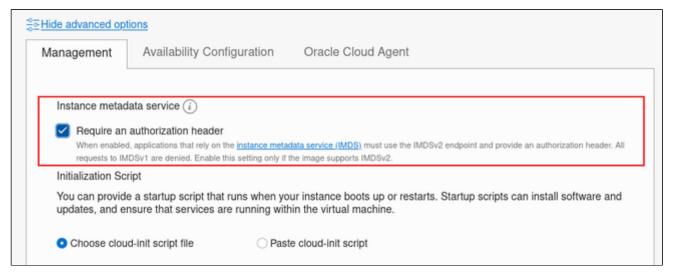
Step 6: optionally define non-default parameters (including the size) for the boot volume.

The boot volume section allows you to configure the boot volume of your instance with additional non-default parameters. For example, you can configure disk encryption parameters and a non-default system disk size (recommended minimum system disk size: 30GB).

	Configure boot volume
	Your boot volume is a detachable device that contains the image used to boot your compute instance.
	SPECIFY A CUSTOM BOOT VOLUME SIZE  Volume performance varies with volume size. Default boot volume size: 46.6 GB
	USE IN-TRANSIT ENCRYPTION  Encrypts data in transit between the instance, the boot volume, and the block volumes.
	ENCRYPT THIS VOLUME WITH A KEY THAT YOU MANAGE  By default, Oracle manages the keys that encrypt this volume, but you can choose a key from a vault that you have access to if you want greater control over the key's lifecycle and how it's used. Learn more about managing your own encryption keys
ı	

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**Step 7:** support an IMDSv2 authorization header for applications relying on the IMDS service to improve security. For this, open the additional options by clicking on **Show Advanced Options** at the bottom of the instance creation page, select the **Management** tab, and activate the authorization header, as shown below:



For Charon-SSP marketplace images, this is supported starting with Charon-SSP marketplace images version 4.2.2 and VE license server 1.0.33. On existing instances, this parameter can be changed, by editing the instance metadata service settings for the instance (go to **Instance Details** and click on **Edit** in the line **Instance Metadata Service**).

Only change the configuration to IMDSv2 if the image you launched the instance from supports it. Otherwise, you may not be able to connect to your instance. Please note: at the time of writing, the official CentOS 7 image on OCI did not support the new feature. If you create an instance to be used as a host for a manual VE license server or Charon VE installation, verify the capabilities of the image used before you enable the new IMDSv2 feature.

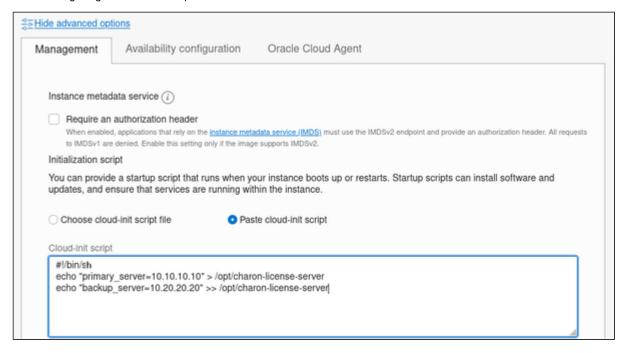
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### Step 8: Additional configuration for AutoVE setup.

If the instance is launched from a Charon AL marketplace image and is planned to use AutoVE licensing (instead of the public license servers), you must add the corresponding information to the instance configuration **before** the first launch of the instance:

For OCI, you have to enter a cloud-init script at instance configuration in the Advanced Options section.

The following image shows an example:



### Valid User Data configuration options:

- primary\_server=<ip-address>[:<port>]
- backup\_server=<ip-address>[:<port>]

### where

- <ip-address> stands for the IP address of the primary and the backup server as applicable, and
- <port> stands for a non-default TCP port used to communicate with the license server (default: TCP/8083).

Please note: at least one license server must be configured at initial launch to enable AutoVE mode. Otherwise, the instance will bind to one of the public license servers operated by Stromasys.

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Step 9: The networking type selection may be required to allow offloading parameters to be disabled on an Ethernet interface dedicated to the emulator. For the Charon emulators, offloading parameters on the Ethernet interfaces it uses must be disabled. This is required for proper functionality and good performance of the emulator. To allow this configuration to be correctly reflected in the underlying cloud instance NICs for Charon-SSP versions before 4.1.32, the correct networking type (HARDWARE ASSISTED (SR-IOV) NETWORKING) must be chosen for the instance. For other emulator products, this is required if a dedicated interface is used by the emulator and there are problems with disabling offloading parameters. For this, open the additional options section by clicking on Show Advanced Options at the bottom of the network configuration section as shown below:

□ Use network security groups to control traffic ①  Private IP address		Ivanced options
DNS record Assign a private DNS record Do not assign a private DNS record Hostname Optional  No spaces. Only letters, numbers, and hyphens. 63 characters max.  Fully qualified domain name: <hostname>.sub09101614100.welab1.oraclevcn.com  Launch Options Let Oracle Cloud Infrastructure choose the best networking type Allow Oracle Cloud Infrastructure to choose the networking type, depending on the instance shape and operating system image.  Paravirtualized networking For general purpose workloads such as enterprise applications, microservices, and small databases.  Hardware-assisted (SR-IOV) networking For low-latency workloads such as video streaming, real-time applications, and large or clustered databases.  Some instances might not launch properly if you override the recommended networking type.  After your instance is running, you can test whether it launched successfully by connecting to it using a Secure Shell (SSH) or Remote Desktop connection. If the connection fails, the networking type is not supported. The instance must be relaunched using a supported networking type.</hostname>	Use net	work security groups to control traffic ①
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On this tab select **HARDWARE ASSISTED (SR-IOV) NETWORKING** (after creation, the instance will display the NIC Attachment Type VFIO). Please observe the warning displayed: **not all shapes support this type properly**.

Step 10: Click on Create at the bottom of the page to create your instance.

Step 11: verify your instance is running.

Your instance should now be visible in the list of compute instances.

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## Initial Access to the Instance

Once you have access to the instance, you can create the access you require for your applications. This section just shows the basic steps for initial access to the instance.

### **SSH Interactive Access**

To connect to the instance interactively, you must connect as the management user of your instance. Use the following command:

\$ ssh -o ServerAliveInterval=30 -i <path-to-your-private-key> <management-user-name>@<cloudhost-IP-address>

The parameter ServerAliveInterval will protect the connection from timing out.

#### Please note:

- Depending on the type of connection, you will have to use either the public IP address of the cloud system or its address in a customer-specific VPN
- The management user account normally allows sudo access to privileged commands (use sudo -i).

### File Transfer with SFTP

SFTP enables file transfers to and from the cloud instance. Use the management user of your instance. The security rules must allow SSH access to allow SFTP access to the cloud instance.

Please note: Depending on the type of connection, you will have to use either the public IP address of the cloud system or its address in a customer-specific VPN.

To connect to the instance, use the following command:

\$ sftp -i <path-to-your-private-key> <management-user>@<cloudhost-IP-address>

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# Setting up a Linux Instance on Azure

### Contents

- General Prerequisites
- Azure Login and New Instance Launch
  - Logging in to your Azure account
  - Creating a Virtual Machine
- Initial Access to the Instance
  - SSH Interactive Access
  - File Transfer with SFTP

## **General Prerequisites**

As this description shows the basic setup of a Linux instance in Azure, it does not list specific prerequisites. However, depending on the use case, the following prerequisites should be considered:

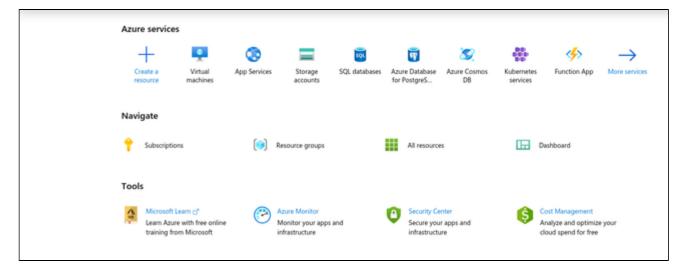
- To set up a Linux instance in Azure, you need an Azure account.
- Secondly, prerequisites will be different depending on the planned use of the instance:
  - Option 1: the instance is to be used as a Charon emulator host system:
    - Refer to the hardware and software prerequisite sections of the User's Guide and/or Getting Started guide of your Charon
      product to determine the exact hardware and software prerequisites that must be fulfilled by the Linux instance. The image you
      use to launch your instance and the instance type you chose determine the software and hardware of your cloud instance.
    - A Charon product license is required to run emulated legacy systems. Contact your Stromasys representative or Stromasys VAR for details.
  - Option 2: the instance is to be used as a dedicated VE license server:
    - Refer to the VE License Server Guide for detailed prerequisites.
- Certain legacy operating systems that can run in the emulated systems provided by Charon emulator products require a license of the original
  vendor of the operating system. The user is responsible for any licensing obligations related to the legacy operating system and has to provide
  the appropriate licenses.

## Azure Login and New Instance Launch

## Logging in to your Azure account

To log in perform the following steps:

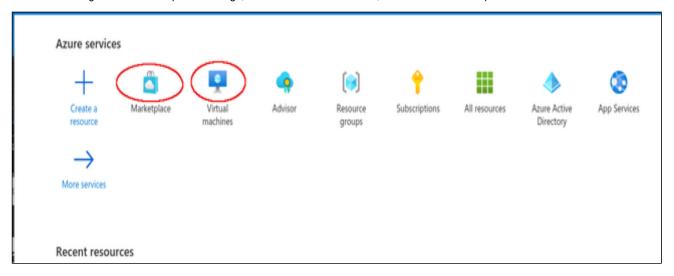
- Go to portal.azure.com. You will see a Microsoft Azure login screen.
- Enter your login credentials.
- Upon successful login, the Azure home screen will be displayed as shown in the example below:



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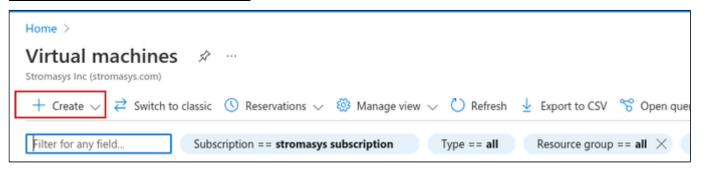
## Creating a Virtual Machine

Step 1: Click on the Virtual machines or on the Marketplace icon on the home page. If you create your instance via the Marketplace icon, please select the Charon listing from the Marketplace offerings, select to create an instance, and continue with Step 3.



Clicking on Virtual machines opens the virtual machines overview list.

### Step 2: Click on the Create link in the overview list.



For a basic setup, select **Azure virtual machine** from the drop down list opened by the **Create** link. This opens the **Basics** tab of the **Create a Virtual Machine** window.

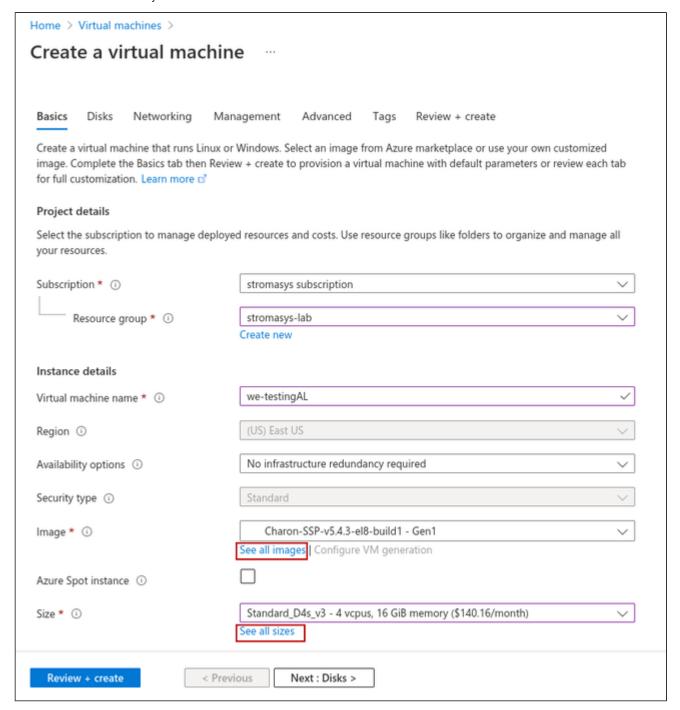
### Step 3: Enter your data on the Basics tab. Mandatory data are, for example:

- Your subscription
- Existing resource group (or click on Create new)
- Virtual machine name (cannot be changed after launching the instance)
- Region for the virtual machine
- The Azure image from which to launch your instance. Click on See all images to select the correct image. If installing a prepackaged
  marketplace Charon image, select the matching image. If you plan to install Charon using RPM packages, use a Linux version supported by your
  Charon emulator product.
- Size of your VM (click on **See all sizes** to see a list of available sizes)
- User name for the administrative user of the VM (enter **sshuser**)
- Authentication type. Select SSH public key and paste the public key of the key-pair to use into the field provided.

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### Basics tab upper part sample:

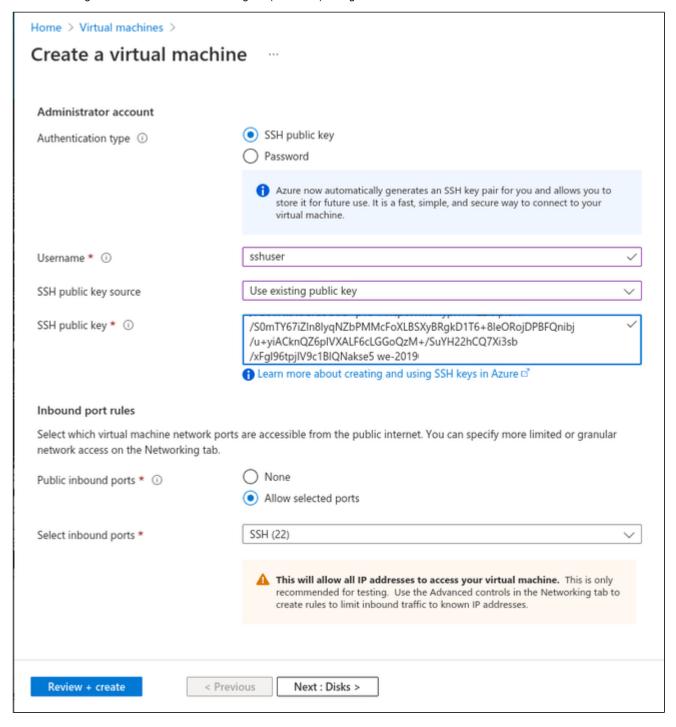
Select the image from which to launch your instance and the correct size of your instance (please review the sizing requirements above). Enter the other information in accordance to your environment.



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### Basics tab lower part sample:

- Enter the user sshuser as the administrative user.
- Select SSH public key authentication. You can then use one of the following steps to install your SSH public key.
  - Let Azure create a new key-pair for you.
  - Use the public key from a key-pair on your computer. As shown in the example below, you will have to past your public key into the field provided.
  - Use a key-pair previously created on Azure.
- The default allowed inbound port will allow SSH connections without limiting the source IP range. Some images may also have preconfigured
  access rules that cannot be changed during the launch of the instance. In either case, remember to adapt the rules to your requirements after
  creating the instance or in the Networking tab (advanced) during the creation of the instance.



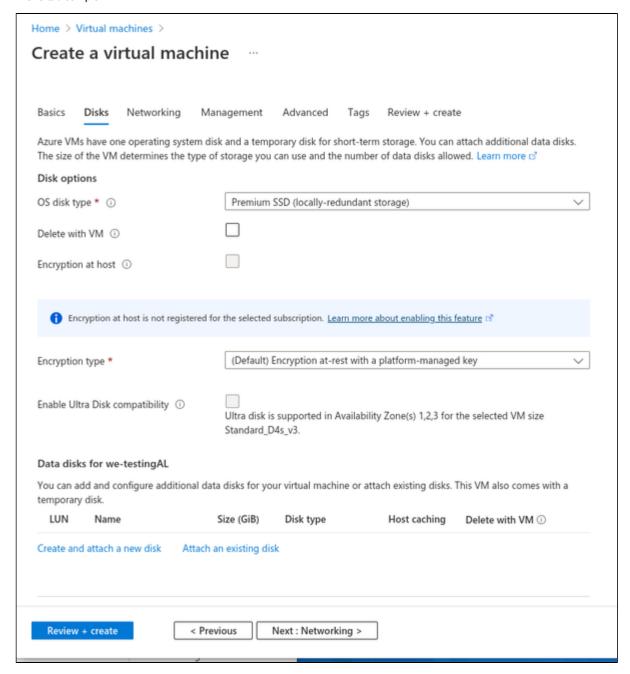
Click on Next: Disks. This will open the Disks tab of the VM creation window.

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### Step 4: Define the disks for your VM.

**Please note**: By default, Azure VMs have one operating system disk and a temporary disk for short-term storage (mounted on /mnt/resource and not persistent). The recommended minimum system disk size is 30GB. You can attach existing additional data disks, or create new disks and attach them.

### Disks tab sample:



Click on Next: Networking. This will open the Networking tab of the VM creation window.

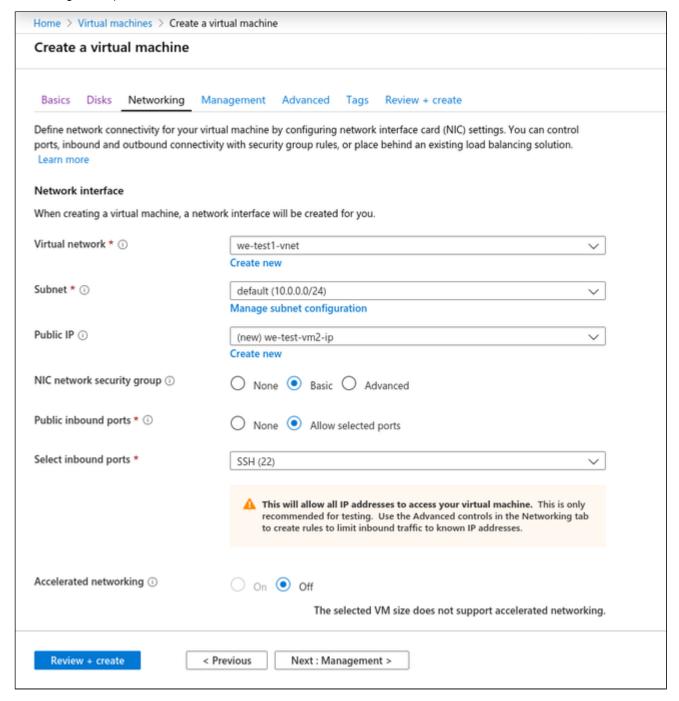
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### Step 5: Enter the necessary information in the Networking tab.

On this tab, you can define the network configuration of your VM:

- Virtual Network (existing or new)
- Subnet (default or other subnet)
- Whether a public IP should be assigned or not (note that the license server must be accessed via a public IP address from the Azure range)
- Basic, advanced, or preconfigured security settings (which ports are open for access to the VM).

### Networking tab sample:



Optionally, you can proceed to the **Management**, **Advanced**, and **Tags** tabs to configure additional details of your VM. However, for a basic test, this is not required. Click on **Review + Create** to proceed to the review screen.

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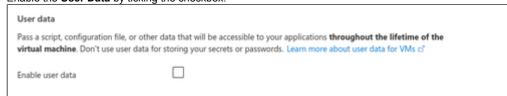
### Step 6: additional configuration for AutoVE setup.

If the instance is launched from a Charon AL marketplace image and is planned to use AutoVE licensing (instead of the public license servers), you must add the corresponding information to the instance configuration **before** the first launch of the instance:

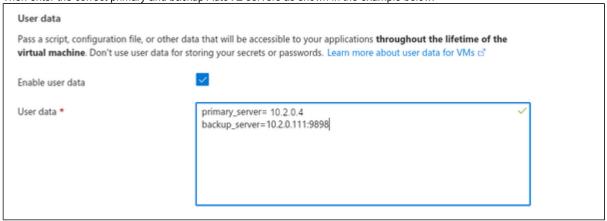
The AutoVE license server information is entered as instance **User Data**. In the initial instance configuration window, go to the **Advanced** section.

Open it and scroll down to the **User Data** section.

Enable the User Data by ticking the checkbox.



• Then enter the correct primary and backup AutoVE servers as shown in the example below:



### Valid User Data configuration options:

- primary\_server=<ip-address>[:<port>]
- backup\_server=<ip-address>[:<port>]

#### where

- <ip-address> stands for the IP address of the primary and the backup server as applicable, and
- <port> stands for a non-default TCP port used to communicate with the license server (default: TCP/8083).

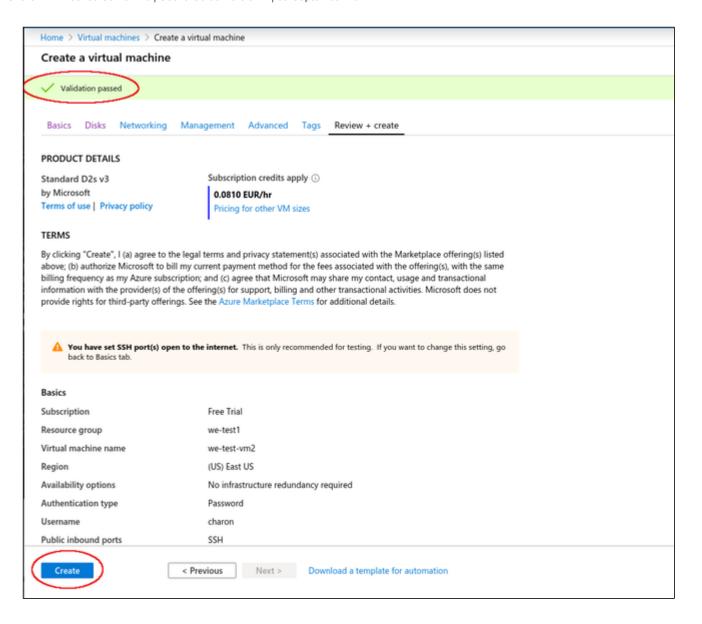
Please note: at least one license server must be configured at initial launch to enable AutoVE mode. Otherwise, the instance will bind to one of the public license servers operated by Stromasys.

### Step 7: Check the data on the Review + Create screen and create VM.

Verify that the checks passed successfully and click on Create to create the VM.

Sample Review+Create screen:

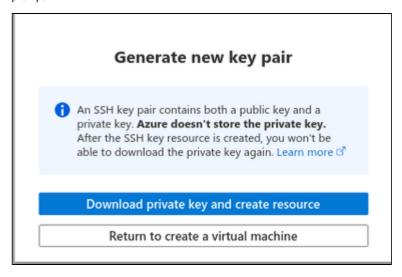
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### If key-pair was newly created, download private key:

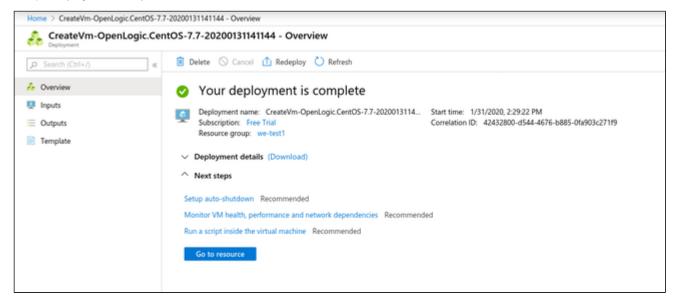
If you chose to let Azure create a new SSH key-pair, you will be asked to download the private key after clicking on the Create **button**, this step is very important as this is the only opportunity to download the private key, which is required to access your VM. The image below shows a sample of this prompt:



### The Deployment page:

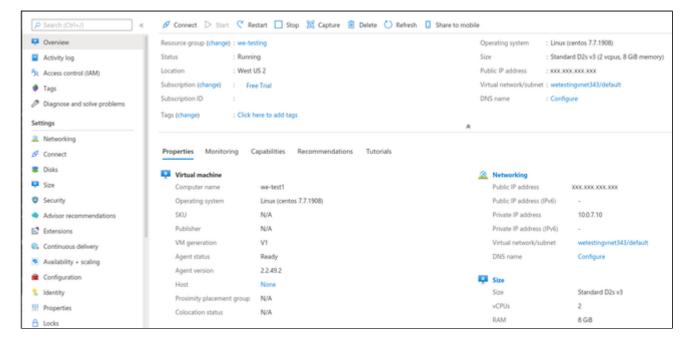
**Create** will take you to the **Deployment** page (possibly after downloading the private SSH key) where the current status of the deployment is displayed. Once the VM has been fully deployed, the **Deployment Complete** screen will be displayed.

### Sample Deployment Complete screen:



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Click on **Go to resource** to get to the details page of the newly created VM. The image below shows a sample of a detail page:



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## Initial Access to the Instance

Once you have access to the instance, you can create the access you require for your applications. This section just shows the basic steps for initial access to the instance.

### **SSH Interactive Access**

To connect to the instance interactively, you must connect as the management user of your instance. Use the following command:

\$ ssh -o ServerAliveInterval=30 -i <path-to-your-private-key> <management-user-name>@<cloudhost-IP-address>

The parameter ServerAliveInterval will protect the connection from timing out.

#### Please note:

- Depending on the type of connection, you will have to use either the public IP address of the cloud system or its address in a customer-specific VPN
- The management user account normally allows sudo access to privileged commands (use sudo -i).

## File Transfer with SFTP

SFTP enables file transfers to and from the cloud instance. Use the management user of your instance. The security rules must allow SSH access to allow SFTP access to the cloud instance.

Please note: Depending on the type of connection, you will have to use either the public IP address of the cloud system or its address in a customer-specific VPN.

To connect to the instance, use the following command:

\$ sftp -i <path-to-your-private-key> <management-user>@<cloudhost-IP-address>

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# Setting up a Linux Instance on GCP

### Contents

- General Prerequisites
- GCP Login and New Instance Launch
  - Logging in to GCP
- Preparation
  - Select or Create Project
  - Create VPCs and Subnets for Instance
- Creating a New VM Instance
- Initial Access to the Instance
  - SSH Interactive Access
  - File Transfer with SFTP

## **General Prerequisites**

As this description shows the basic setup of a Linux instance in the GCP cloud, it does not list specific prerequisites. However, depending on the use case, the following prerequisites should be considered:

- To set up a Linux instance in the GCP cloud, you need an GCP account.
- Secondly, prerequisites will be different depending on the planned use of the instance:
  - Option 1: the instance is to be used as a Charon emulator host system:
    - Refer to the hardware and software prerequisite sections of the User's Guide and/or Getting Started guide of your Charon
      product to determine the exact hardware and software prerequisites that must be fulfilled by the Linux instance. The image you
      use to launch your instance and the instance type you chose determine the software and hardware of your cloud instance.
    - A Charon product license is required to run emulated legacy systems. Contact your Stromasys representative or Stromasys VAR for details.
  - Option 2: the instance is to be used as a dedicated **VE license server**:
    - Refer to the VE License Server Guide for detailed prerequisites.
- Certain legacy operating systems that can run in the emulated systems provided by Charon emulator products require a license of the original
  vendor of the operating system. The user is responsible for any licensing obligations related to the legacy operating system and has to provide
  the appropriate licenses.

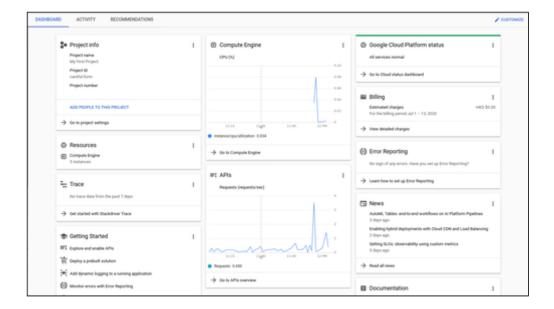
# GCP Login and New Instance Launch

## Logging in to GCP

To log in perform the following steps:

- Go to https://console.cloud.google.com. You will see the login screen.
- Enter your login credentials.
- Upon successful login, a Google cloud dashboard screen will be displayed similar to the example below:

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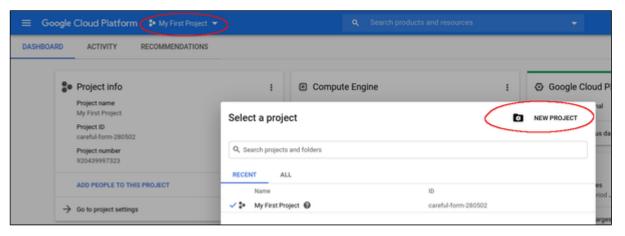


# **Preparation**

## Select or Create Project

A project organizes all your Google Cloud resources. To organize all resources for a certain application purpose, you can group them in their own project. So before you start creating resources, select or create the appropriate project.

To select or create a project, select the project list from the top of the Google cloud console window, as shown below:



Either select the correct project or create a new one by clicking on the **NEW PROJECT** button.

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## Create VPCs and Subnets for Instance

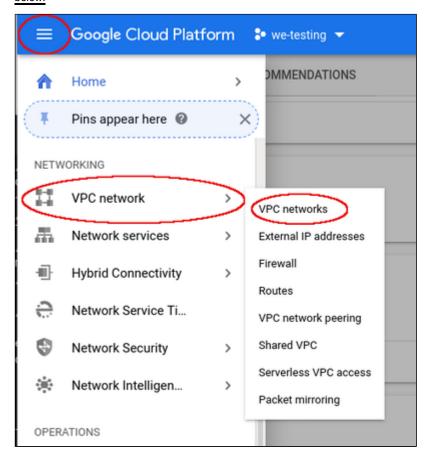
Important rules for Google cloud instances with respect to network interfaces:

- Interfaces can only be added during instance creation.
- Each network interface configured in a single instance must be attached to a different VPC network.
- The additional VPC networks that the multiple interfaces will attach to must exist before an instance is created. See Using VPC Networks for instructions on creating additional VPC networks.
- You cannot delete a network interface without deleting the instance.
- IP forwarding can only be enabled when the instance is created.
- A VPC network has a default transmission unit (MTU) of 1460 bytes for Linux images and Windows Server images. During the creation of a VPC you can choose an alternative MTU size of 1500. Google-provided Linux system images are already automatically configured with the appropriate MTU at start. For custom images (especially, if they do not rely on DHCP), set the MTU to the same value as configured for the VPC to avoid the increased latency and packet overhead caused by fragmentation, or even connectivity problems.

Therefore the required VPCs and subnets must exist before the instance is created.

To create additional VPCs (if required), perform the following steps.

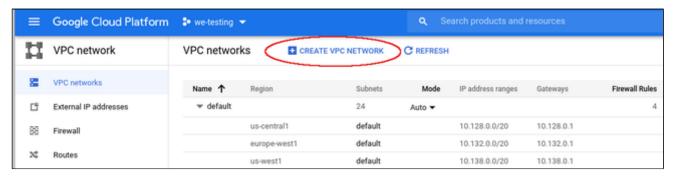
Step 1: Open the VPC network section by clicking on the Navigation menu, then selecting VPC network, and clicking on VPC networks - as illustrated below.



This will open the VPC overview page with the already existing VPCs. If all required VPCs and subnets already exist, continue with creating the new VM instance. Otherwise, continue with step 2.

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Step 2: If you need to create a new VPC, click on CREATE VPC NETWORK at the top of the VPC overview list.

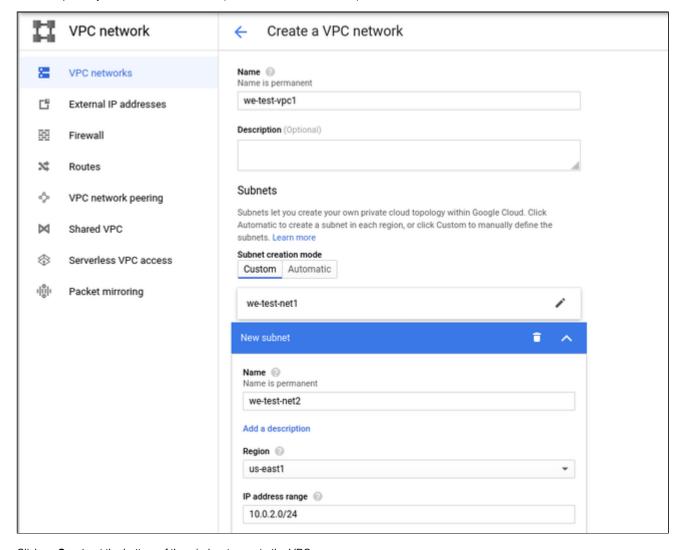


This opens the VPC configuration window.

#### Step 3: Create VPC and subnets.

In the VPC configuration window, enter

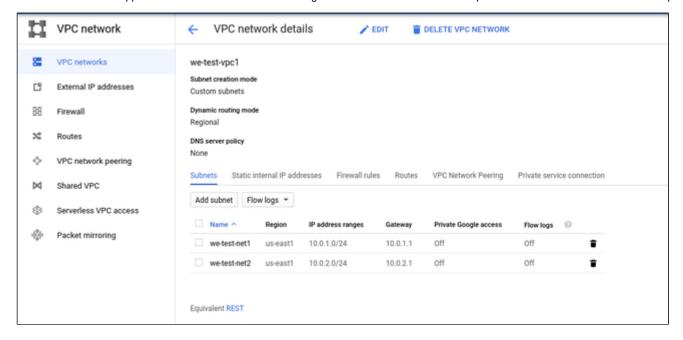
- the VPC name,
- the subnet name, region and address, and
- optionally, an alternative MTU size (at the bottom of the window).



Click on **Create** at the bottom of the window to create the VPC.

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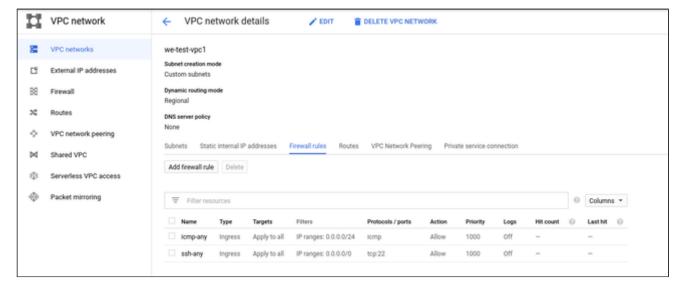
The new VPC should appear in the VPC overview list. Selecting the VPC in the overview list will open the detail information window. Example:



### Step 4: Create firewall rules for the VPC.

With the detail information open, click on Firewall. This will allow you to define the required firewall rules for the VPC.

An example of a small set of firewall rules that allow incoming SSH and ICMP is shown below:

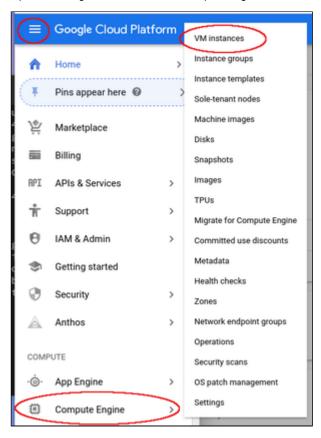


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# Creating a New VM Instance

### Step 1: Go to the VM instance overview page.

Open the Navigation menu, click on Compute Engine and then on VM Instances as illustrated below:



This will open the list of already existing VM instances.

### Step 2: Click on CREATE INSTANCE at the top of the overview list.



This will open the VM creation window as shown below.

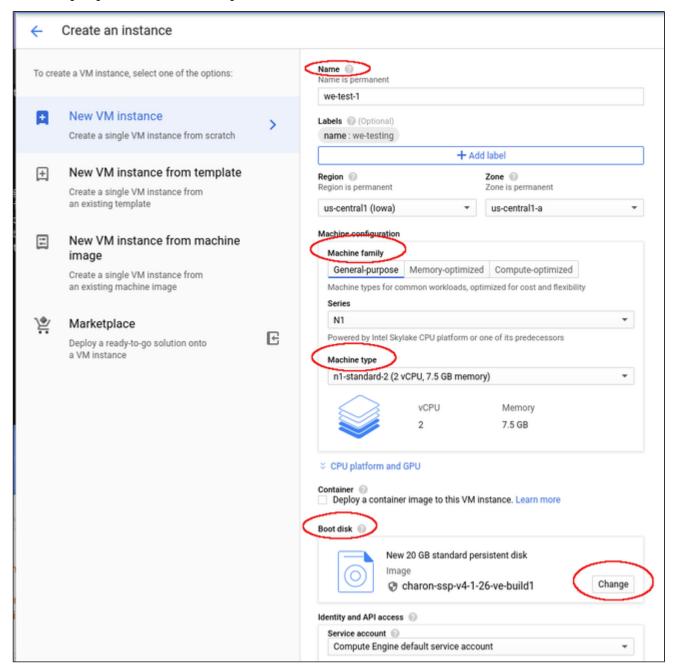
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#### Step 3: Configure the basic information of your new VM instance.

In the main configuration window set the following information at a minimum:

- Name of the instance (permanent setting)
- Correct Machine family and Machine type to match the requirements of the Charon products installed on the instance.
- Boot disk type and size, and the image to use as the operating system (recommended minimum system disk size: 30GB). To change the image
  for, press the Change button and select the correct image. If installing a prepackaged marketplace Charon image, select the matching image. If
  you plan to install your Charon product using RPM packages, use a Linux version supported for your product.

The following image illustrates the basic settings:



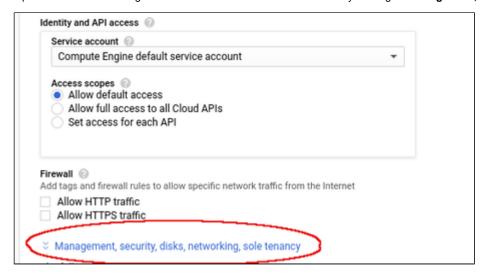
### Additional points to note:

- The CPU platform and GPU section provides the option to define the vCPU to core ration. That is, you can modify the settings such that each CPU visible to the host operating system corresponds to one CPU core of the GCP instance.
- In the **Identity and API access** section by default a service account (**Compute Engine default service account**) and the **Default access** scope are assigned to the instance. If this instance is to be used as a VE license server, **do not modify these settings** unless you are confident that you can provide equivalent permissions in a custom configuration. The VE license server will not function correctly without these permissions.

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### Step 4: Add you SSH key for remote access to the cloud instance.

Open the advanced settings at the bottom of the VM creation window by clicking on Management, security, disks,... at the bottom of the page:

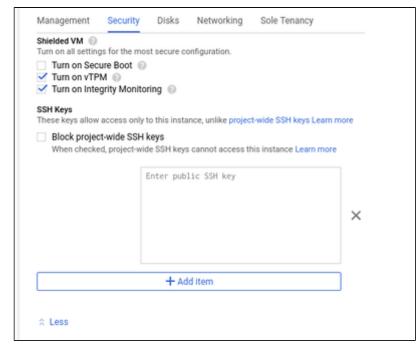


The advanced settings allow you to create and add disks and network interfaces during the creation of a VM.

Please note: network interfaces can only be added during the creation of a VM instance.

The advanced settings also allow you to add your public SSH key for accessing the VM once started. To do this,

- select the tab **Security** in the advanced settings section,
- paste your public key into the field provided (the username extracted from the key will be displayed).



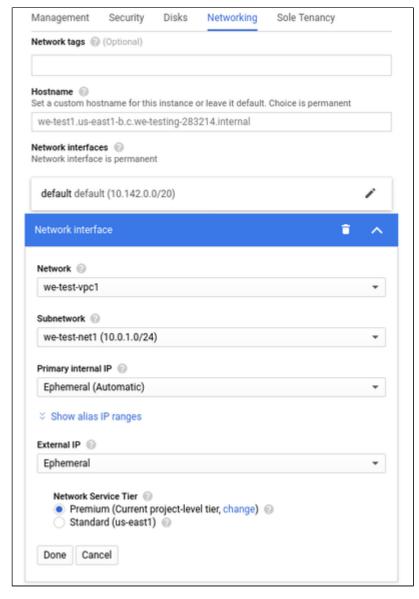
You can collapse the section again by clicking on Less.

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### Step 5: Optionally, configure additional NICs and/or IP forwarding

To add an additional network interface, perform the following steps:

- Open the advanced settings at the bottom of the VM creation window by clicking on Management, security, disks,... at the bottom of the page.
- Select Networking from the advanced settings section.
- Click on Add network interface.
- Select the correct subnet.
- Set the information about internal and external IP address (static or ephemeral) as required.



After adding all the required information, click on Done.

To enable **IP forwarding**, perform the following steps:

- Open the advanced settings at the bottom of the VM creation window by clicking on Management, security, disks,... at the bottom of the page.
- Select Networking from the advanced settings section.
- Select the edit option for the default NIC.
- Enable IP forwarding
- Click on Done.

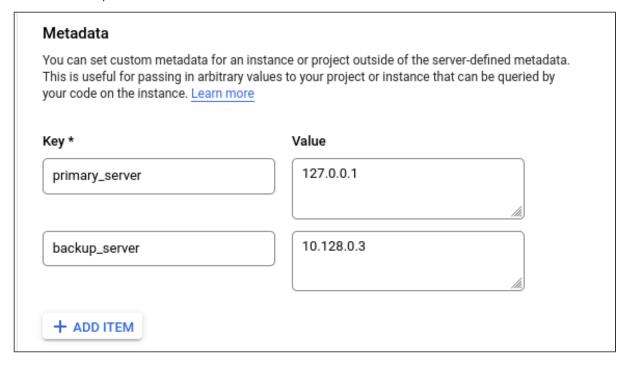
Please note: you have to set up a firewall manually when you add additional network interfaces. See Network Management and the GCP documentation for more detail.

#### Step 6: additional configuration for AutoVE setup.

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If the instance is launched from a Charon AL marketplace image and is planned to use AutoVE licensing (instead of the public license servers), you must add the corresponding information to the instance configuration **before** the first launch of the instance:

The AutoVE license server information is entered as **Custom Metadata**. In the initial instance configuration window, go to the bottom where the **NETWOR KING, DISKS, SECURITY, MANAGEMENT...** configuration section is located. Open it and select the **Management** section. Add the Custom Metadata as shown in the example below:



### Valid User Data configuration options:

primary\_server <ip-address>[:<port>]backup\_server <ip-address>[:<port>]

#### where

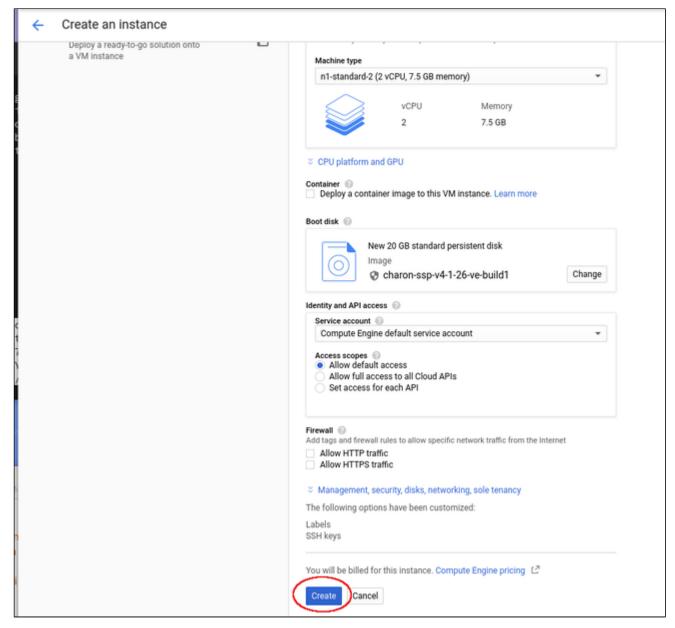
- <ip-address> stands for the IP address of the primary and the backup server as applicable, and
- <port> stands for a non-default TCP port used to communicate with the license server (default: TCP/8083).

Please note: at least one license server must be configured at initial launch to enable AutoVE mode. Otherwise, the instance will bind to one of the public license servers operated by Stromasys.

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### Step 7: Create the VM.

Once you filled in all the required data, create the VM by pressing the Create button at the bottom of the page:

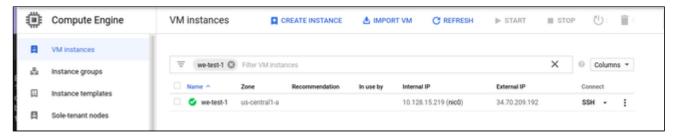


This will create the VM, start it and show it in the VM instances list.

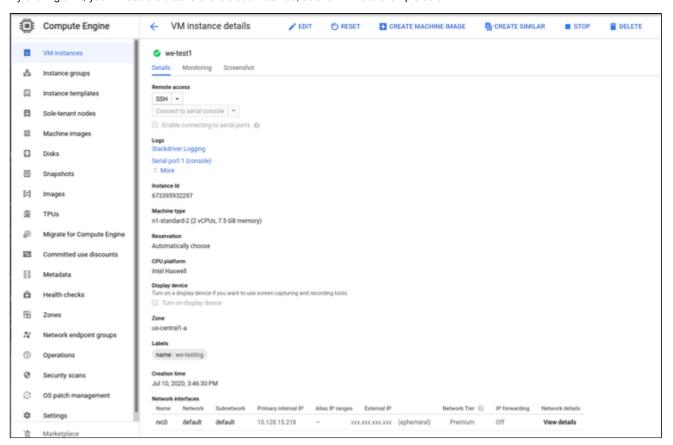
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### Step 8: Verify the settings of the newly created cloud instance.

After successful creation, the new instance will be shown in the VM instances list:



By clicking on it, you will see the details of the cloud instance, as shown in the example below:



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# Initial Access to the Instance

Once you have access to the instance, you can create the access you require for your applications. This section just shows the basic steps for initial access to the instance.

### SSH Interactive Access

To connect to the instance interactively, you must connect as the management user of your instance. Use the following command:

\$ ssh -o ServerAliveInterval=30 -i <path-to-your-private-key> <management-user-name>@<cloudhost-IP-address>

The parameter ServerAliveInterval will protect the connection from timing out.

#### Please note:

- Depending on the type of connection, you will have to use either the public IP address of the cloud system or its address in a customer-specific VPN
- The management user account normally allows sudo access to privileged commands (use sudo -i).

## File Transfer with SFTP

SFTP enables file transfers to and from the cloud instance. Use the management user of your instance. The security rules must allow SSH access to allow SFTP access to the cloud instance.

Please note: Depending on the type of connection, you will have to use either the public IP address of the cloud system or its address in a customer-specific VPN.

To connect to the instance, use the following command:

\$ sftp -i <path-to-your-private-key> <management-user>@<cloudhost-IP-address>

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# Setting up a Linux Instance in the IBM Cloud

## Contents

- General Prerequisites
- IBM Cloud Login and New Instance Launch
  - Logging in to IBM Cloud
- Preparation
  - Creating a Resource Group if Required
  - Creating VPCs and Subnets for Instance
- Creating a New Virtual Server Instance
- Initial Access to the Instance
  - SSH Interactive Access
  - File Transfer with SFTP

## **General Prerequisites**

As this description shows the basic setup of a Linux instance in the IBM cloud, it does not list specific prerequisites. However, depending on the use case, the following prerequisites should be considered:

- To set up a Linux instance in the IBM cloud, you need an IBM account.
- Secondly, prerequisites will be different depending on the planned use of the instance:
  - Option 1: the instance is to be used as a Charon emulator host system:
    - Refer to the hardware and software prerequisite sections of the User's Guide and/or Getting Started guide of your Charon
      product to determine the exact hardware and software prerequisites that must be fulfilled by the Linux instance. The image you
      use to launch your instance and the instance type you chose determine the software and hardware of your cloud instance.
    - A Charon product license is required to run emulated legacy systems. Contact your Stromasys representative or Stromasys VAR for details.
  - Option 2: the instance is to be used as a dedicated VE license server:
    - Refer to the VE License Server Guide for detailed prerequisites.
- Certain legacy operating systems that can run in the emulated systems provided by Charon emulator products require a license of the original
  vendor of the operating system. The user is responsible for any licensing obligations related to the legacy operating system and has to provide
  the appropriate licenses.

# IBM Cloud Login and New Instance Launch

## Logging in to IBM Cloud

To log in perform the following steps:

- Go to https://cloud.ibm.com. You will see the login screen.
- Enter your login credentials.
- Upon successful login, your cloud dashboard screen will be displayed.

## Preparation

Please note: if you want to use an existing resource group and VPC, select the correct VPC from the resource list (click on the menu symbol at the top left of the cloud console screen and select Resource List).

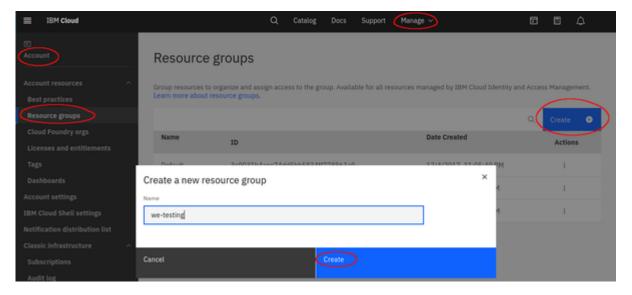
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## Creating a Resource Group if Required

To organize resources in your account, you can group related resources in a resource group. If you have not already created a resource group, you can do so by selecting:

Manage > Account > Resource Groups and then clicking on the Create button. Add the name of the group in the pop-up window and confirm with Create

A sample screen is shown below.

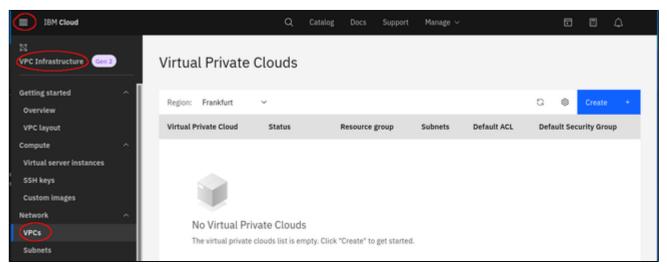


# Creating VPCs and Subnets for Instance

If the necessary VPC and the associated subnets do not exist yet, create them before you create your virtual server. A virtual server can be a member of one VPC.

### Step 1: go to the VPC section.

Select the *Menu* at the top left, and then **VPC Infrastructure > Network > VPCs.** This will open the list of existing VPCs or an empty list as shown in the sample below:



### Step 2: start the VPC creation.

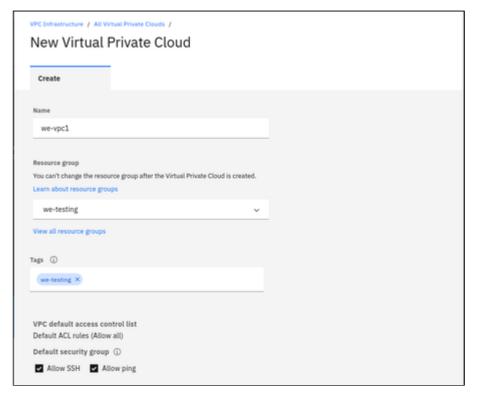
To open the VPC creation window, click on the Create button at the top right of the VPC list.

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### Step 3: enter the required information for the new VPC and the first subnet.

At the top of the VPC creation window, enter the following information as shown in the sample below:

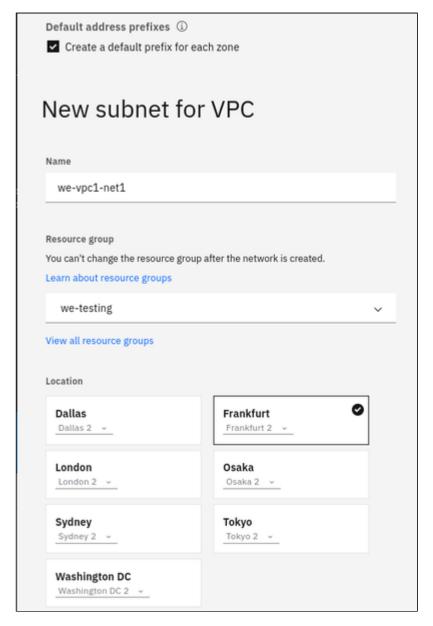
- VPC Name
- Resource group to which the VPC belongs
- Tags (optional)
- Access allowed by the default security group.



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In the middle of the VPC creation window enter the following information as shown in the sample below:

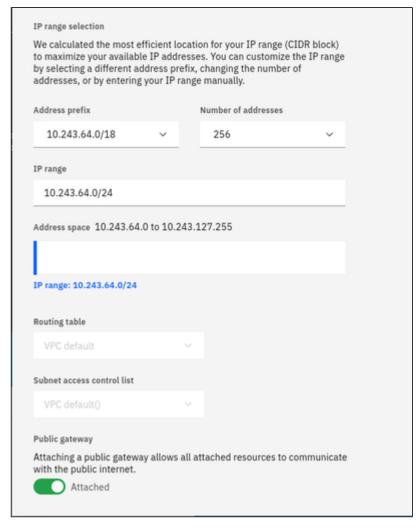
- Whether a default address prefix should be created for each zone.
- Information for the first subnet in the VPC:
  - Subnet name
  - Resource group for the subnet
  - Location of the subnet



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At the bottom of the VPC creation window enter at least the following information as shown in the sample below:

- IP range for the subnet (the size of the subnet cannot be changed later!)
- Whether a public gateway for Internet traffic should be attached to the subnet (enables outgoing Internet access for systems on this subnet)

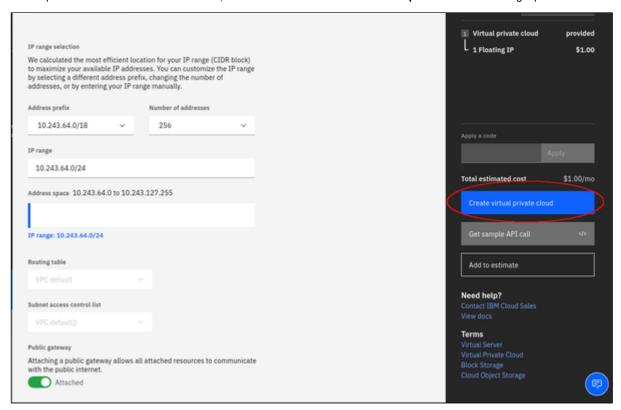


You can add additional subnets later.

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### Step 4: confirm your data and create VPC and subnet.

To complete the creation of VPC and subnet, click on the blue button Create virtual private cloud on the right pane of the window:



After this, your new VPC should be visible in the VPC list.

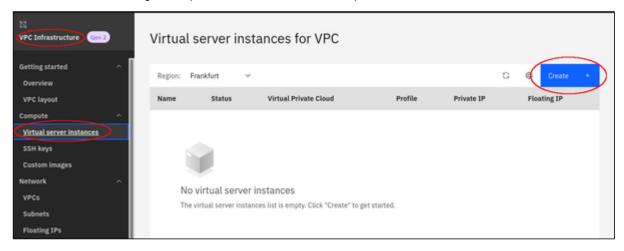
If required, you can now configure the ACL for the subnet (by default, it allows all traffic), or other parameters of the VPC. To get to these options, click on the name of the VPC in the list.

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# Creating a New Virtual Server Instance

### Step 1: open the virtual server list and start the creation of a new server.

In the **VPC infrastructure** section under **Compute**, click on **Virtual server instances**. This opens the list of existing virtual servers. At the top right of this list click on **Create**. The image below provides an illustration of these steps:

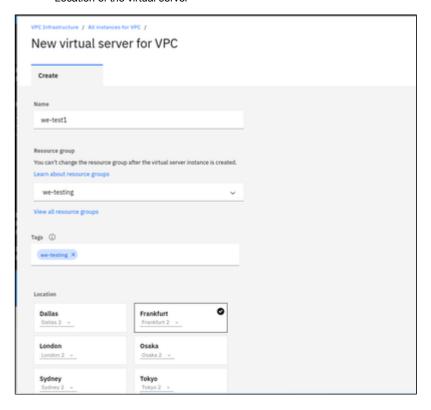


This will open the section for creating a virtual server.

### Step 2: enter the required information to create a new virtual server.

At the top of the Virtual Server creation window, enter the following information as shown in the sample below:

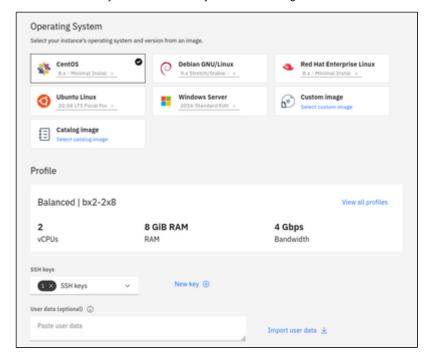
- Name of the virtual server
- Resource group to which the server will belong
- Tags (optional)
- Location of the virtual server



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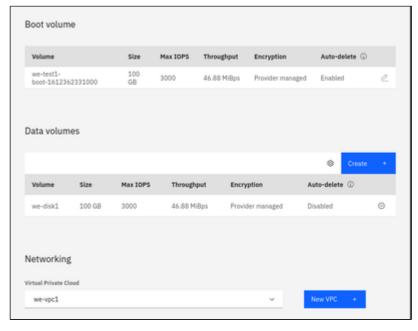
In the next section of the Virtual Server creation window, enter the following information as shown in the sample below:

- Operating system and version for your instance (refer to the general Charon product User's Guide for supported distributions and versions).
- Select the hardware profile (it must fulfill the requirements of the emulated SPARC system(s) you plan to run on the instance. To select the
  profile you need, click on View all profiles. The profile cannot be changed after the instance has been created.
- If necessary add a new SSH key or use an existing one.



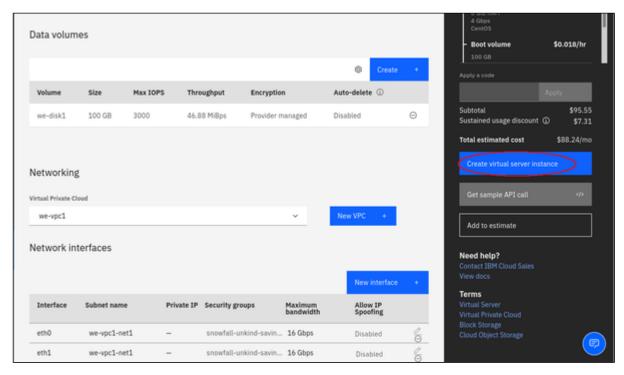
In the next section of the Virtual Server creation window, enter the following information as shown in the sample below:

- Verify the boot volume configuration.
- Add a new or existing data volume as required.
- Select the VPC for the virtual server.



At the bottom of the Virtual Server creation window, enter the the required network interfaces. Editing them allows adding IP Spoofing (necessary for routing).

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Then, in the right pane, click on Create virtual server instance to create the server instance. The new server will be displayed in the virtual server list.

### Step 3: add a public IP address if required.

Once the virtual server is available in the list of active servers, perform the following steps to add a public IP address:

- Click on the server name. This will open the virtual server details window.
- Scroll down to the network interfaces and click on the edit symbol next to the primary interface (default name: eth0).
- In the configuration window that opens, click on Reserve a new floating IP.
- Save the changes by clicking on **Save** at the bottom of the edit window.

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# Initial Access to the Instance

Once you have access to the instance, you can create the access you require for your applications. This section just shows the basic steps for initial access to the instance.

### **SSH Interactive Access**

To connect to the instance interactively, you must connect as the management user of your instance. Use the following command:

\$ ssh -o ServerAliveInterval=30 -i <path-to-your-private-key> <management-user-name>@<cloudhost-IP-address>

The parameter ServerAliveInterval will protect the connection from timing out.

#### Please note:

- Depending on the type of connection, you will have to use either the public IP address of the cloud system or its address in a customer-specific VPN
- The management user account normally allows sudo access to privileged commands (use sudo -i).

## File Transfer with SFTP

SFTP enables file transfers to and from the cloud instance. Use the management user of your instance. The security rules must allow SSH access to allow SFTP access to the cloud instance.

Please note: Depending on the type of connection, you will have to use either the public IP address of the cloud system or its address in a customer-specific VPN.

To connect to the instance, use the following command:

\$ sftp -i <path-to-your-private-key> <management-user>@<cloudhost-IP-address>

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# Installing the Charon-SSP Manager

### Contents

- Overview
- Installation Packages
- Charon-Manager Installation on Linux
  - Prerequisites
  - Installation Steps on Linux
- Installation Steps on Microsoft Windows

### Overview

The Charon-SSP Manager is the main interface for managing the emulated SPARC systems running on a Charon-SSP cloud host. Therefore, the Charon-SSP Manager must be installed on every system that will be used to manage the Charon instances running on the Charon-SSP cloud host. Configuring and managing Charon-SSP instances from the command-line is also possible, but outside the scope of this Getting Started Guide. Please refer to the general Charon-SSP User's Guide for information about using the command-line.

Typically, the Charon Manager is installed on a system on customer premises and used via an encrypted connection to manage the Charon host in the cloud, or to access a Charon host in a VMware environment. The Charon Manager can also be installed on the Charon host itself and the be accessed via X11-Forwarding across an SSH connection. The latter currently requires additional package installation (via standard or local repository) on the Charon host.

Stromasys provides Charon-SSP Manager installation packages for the following operating systems:

- Linux distributions and versions:
  - Oracle Linux, Red Hat Enterprise Linux, and CentOS: 7.x or higher (64-bit versions only). Please note that as of 1 January 2022 CentOS 8 is EOL. For new deployments, it is recommended to use a non-EOL alternative. For existing installations, the possible negative impacts of staying with an EOL host operating system should be carefully evaluated.
  - Rocky Linux version 8.x (64-bit)
  - Ubuntu 17 or higher (64-bit)
- Microsoft Windows: versions 7, 8, and 10

# **Installation Packages**

Installation packages are available in RPM or Debian package formats for Linux and as a ZIP-file for Microsoft Windows:

- RPM package: charon-manager-ssp-<version>.rpm
- Ubuntu package: charon-manager-ssp-<version>.deb
- Microsoft Windows package: charon-manager-ssp-<version>.zip

There are different ways to obtain the Charon-SSP Manager installation packages. They are briefly described below:

a) For installation on a management system on customer premises if using a prepackaged cloud marketplace image:

The packages are included in the Charon-SSP cloud-specific image. Once a new instance has been launched, you can download the Charon-SSP Manager packages from the running instance:

- Connect to the public IP address of the instance via SFTP using the private key assigned during launch and the user charon:
   \$ sftp -i path-to-private-key> charon@<public-ip-of-cloud-instance>
- Download the required package: sftp> get charon-manager-ssp-<version>.[rpm | deb | zip]
- b) For installation on the Charon host in the cloud if using a prepackaged marketplace image: the packages are located in the /charon/storage/directory.
- c) For installation on a Charon host where a conventional RPM installation was performed: the packages can be downloaded from a Stromasys server. They are also included in the Charon agent RPM and available in (/opt/charon-agent/ssp-agent/bin/).

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# Charon-Manager Installation on Linux

## **Prerequisites**

When the Charon Manager is installed on a Linux host with a graphical user environment, the prerequisites are often already fulfilled. However, when installing the Charon Manager on the Charon-SSP host in the cloud or on a Linux server without graphics (for example, to display it via a remote X11-connection) instead of on a local management system, additional packages may have to be installed that normally are already available in a workstation environment.

In particular, the Charon-SSP Manager requires the following packages:

- lihX11
- xorg-x11-server-utils
- gtk2
- xorg-x11-xauth (only required for X11-Forwarding)

If you install the Charon Manager with the **yum** or **dnf** command, these packages (with the exception of xorg-x11-xauth) and any dependencies that these packages themselves may have, are resolved automatically if a package repository is available. The xorg-x11-xauth package must be installed separately (also with yum). If your server does not have access to the standard operating system repositories, refer to this document for instructions on setting up a local repositories.

#### Please note:

- The exact list of additionally required packages depends on what is already installed on the server.
- To install dependencies on Ubuntu, please refer to your Linux documentation.

## **Installation Steps on Linux**

The following table describes the installation steps for Charon-SSP Manager:

Step	Description	
1	Installation on a Linux management system on customer premises (typical installation):  • Log in to the Linux management system as the <b>root</b> user (denoted by the # prompt).  • Copy the installation package to your local Linux management system (from one of the sources described above).	Installation on the Charon-SSP host system in the cloud or in a VMware environment (optional):  Log in and become the root user on the Charon host using the following commands: \$ ssh -i <path-to-private-key> sshuser@<cloud-instance-ip> # sudo -i  Please note:  The SSH key for logging in is not required for an on-premises installation that allows login by username/password.</cloud-instance-ip></path-to-private-key>
		<ul> <li>If the Charon host was not installed using a prepackaged marketplace image, the username may be different and the installation package will have to be copied to the Charon host in a separate step.</li> </ul>
2	Go to the directory where the package has been stored:  # cd <package-location></package-location>	
3	Installing the package:	
	For supported systems with RPM package management:  • Linux 7.x: # yum install <filename-of-package> • Linux 8.x: # dnf install<filename-of-package>  (For an installation on the cloud host system, check if xorg-x11-xauth is already installed if X11-Forwarding is planned.)  For systems with Debian package management (Ubuntu):  # dpkg -i <filename-of-package></filename-of-package></filename-of-package></filename-of-package>	

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#### Example (RPM installation with yum command recursively resolving package dependencies):

```
# yum install charon-manager-ssp*.rpm
Loaded plugins: fastestmirror, langpacks
Examining charon-manager-ssp-4.3.5.rpm: charon-manager-ssp-4.3.5-1.x86_64
Marking charon-manager-ssp-4.3.5.rpm to be installed
Resolving Dependencies
--> Running transaction check
---> Package charon-manager-ssp.x86_64 0:4.3.5-1 will be installed
Dependencies Resolved
______
                   Arch Version
                                    Repository
______
Installing:
                  x86_64 4.3.5-1 /charon-manager-ssp-4.3.5 5.8 M
charon-manager-ssp
Installing for dependencies:
removed>
Transaction Summary
______
Install 1 Package (+42 Dependent packages)
Total size: 14 M
Total download size: 9.5 M
Installed size: 37 M
Is this ok [y/d/N]: y
Downloading packages:
< lines removed >
Running transaction check
Running transaction test
Transaction test succeeded
Running transaction
< lines removed >
Installed:
 charon-manager-ssp.x86_64 0:4.3.5-1
Dependency Installed:
 atk.x86_64 0:2.28.1-1.el7
 cairo.x86_64 0:1.15.12-4.el7
 dejavu-fonts-common.noarch 0:2.33-6.el7
 dejavu-sans-fonts.noarch 0:2.33-6.el7
es removed>
 xorg-x11-server-utils.x86_64 0:7.7-20.el7
Complete!
```

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## Installation Steps on Microsoft Windows

The Charon-SSP Manager for Windows software is shipped as a zipped archive package. Copy it to your Microsoft Windows system and use the following instructions to complete the installation.

- 1. Right-click on the zip archive charon-manager-ssp-{version}.zip and select Extract All.
- 2. A window titled Extract Compressed (Zipped) Folders opens. In this window:
  - a. Click on the **Show extracted files when complete** checkbox.
  - b. Click on the Extract button.
- 3. A new Windows Explorer window opens showing the extracted packages.
- 4. Double-click on the setup.exe executable to begin the installation.
- 5. If you are presented with an Open File Security Warning window, click on the Run button.
- 6. You should now see the Charon-SSP Manager Setup Wizard. To proceed with the installation, click on the **Next** button. If the Windows Installer reports that Charon-SSP Manager for Windows is already installed, you must deinstall the currently installed software before you can install a different version. Normally, several versions can coexist.
- 7. To accept the default installation options, simply click on **Next** without modifying any options. Alternatively, the following installation options can be adjusted:
  - a. Click on **Browse** to select an alternative installation target.
  - b. Click the appropriate radio button, **Everyone** or **Just for Me**, to specify system-wide or private installation respectively (the system-wide installation will prompt for the administrator password if you are not using the administrator account).
  - c. To determine the approximate disk usage after the installation, click on the Disk Cost button.
  - d. Once all options have been set, click on Next.
- 8. Proceed with the installation by clicking on Next.
- 9. Once the installation has completed, click on Close to exit the SSP-Manager Setup Wizard.
- 10. The installation process creates:
  - a. A Charon Manager icon on the desktop
  - b. A Charon Manager entry in the Start menu (folder Stromasys)

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# Starting the Charon-SSP Manager

### Contents

- General Information
- Starting the Charon Manager and Login to Charon Host
  - Starting the Charon Manager
  - Entering Charon Manager Login Information and Connecting to Charon Host

## **General Information**

To use the management GUI for Charon-SSP and the emulated SPARC systems, you must connect to the Charon-SSP cloud instance with the Charon-SSP Manager. The Charon-SSP Manager is the main interface to all important functions of the Charon-SSP software. Managing Charon-SSP via the command-line is possible but outside the scope of this document (please refer to the user's guide of the conventional product for more information).

#### Notes:

- Typically, Charon-SSP Manager is installed either on the Charon host itself (if this system has a graphical interface) on a management system
  on customer premises. This is the use-case described in this section. Other configurations are possible. For example, the Charon Manager
  could be installed on a non-graphical Charon host in the cloud or in a VMware environment and be displayed on a remote system using X11Forwarding via an SSH connection.
- For accessing a Charon host instance in a cloud across the Internet using its public IP address:
  - The security configuration on your Charon host instance must at least allow SSH access. This allows the built-in SSH tunneling of
    the Charon-SSP Manger to work. Should you not use SSH tunneling, you must open up additional ports. However, if the connection runs
    over the Internet without a general VPN, Stromasys strongly recommends to use SSH tunneling to protect your Charon-SSP cloud
    instance and any emulated systems running on it.
  - You must know the public IP address of the Charon-SSP host instance in the cloud. To determine this address, refer to the instance information displayed on the cloud management console.
  - To use the Charon Manager integrated SSH tunnel, you need the private SSH key of the key-pair associated with your instance.
- For access a Charon host instance in a cloud via an SSH-based VPN or another VPN solution:
  - Active SSH-based VPN (see SSH VPN Connecting Charon Host and Guest to Customer Network in the Charon-SSP User's Guide) or other active VPN solution
  - Private IP address of the Charon-SSP host in the VPN

#### Information about the initial management password configuration:

Before connecting to a Charon-SSP host with the Charon Manager for the first time after the initial installation you must set the management password. This can either be done via the command line (see SSH Command-Line Access) or via the Charon Manager itself as described below.

## Starting the Charon Manager and Login to Charon Host

## Starting the Charon Manager

To start the Charon-SSP Manager on Linux and to open the Charon Manager login window, use the following command:

\$ /opt/charon-manager/ssp-manager

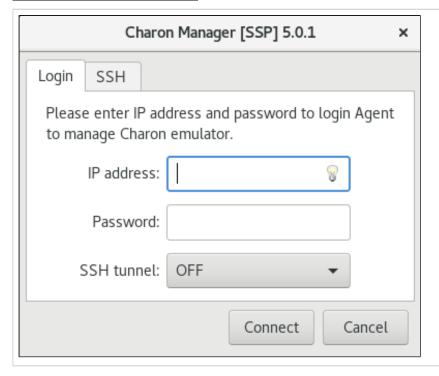
To start the Charon-SSP Manager on Microsoft Windows, click on the Desktop icon or use the entry in the Start menu.

The steps above will open the Charon Manager login window which has **two tabs**.

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## Entering Charon Manager Login Information and Connecting to Charon Host

### Step 1: the Charon Manager Login tab



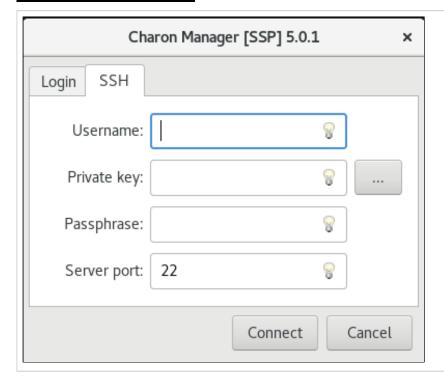
If the management password has not yet been set, perform the following steps:

- Enter the IP address of your Charon-SSP host instance in the IP address field.
- Leave the Password field empty.
- For cloud instances enable the SSH tunnel configuration (select ON). Set to OFF if connected to lo calhost. The SSH tunnel can generally be used if keybased SSH login is enabled on the target system.
- Change to the SSH tab to fill in the required information if the SSH tunnel has been enabled.

If the management password has already been set, perform the following steps:

- Enter the IP address of your Charon-SSP instance in the IP address field.
- Enter the Charon-SSP management password.
- Enable the SSH tunnel configuration for communication across a public network unless you use a secure VPN connection (key-based SSH login required).
- If the SSH tunnel is enabled, change to the SSH tab to fill in the required information there.

Step 2: the Charon Manager SSH tab



If you use the integrated SSH tunnel, perform the following steps:

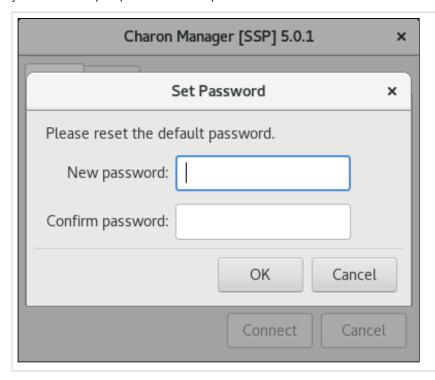
- Enter the Charon-SSP user in the Username field. For prepackaged images, use charon or sshuser; for RPM installations use the user for whom the correct public key has been installed.
- Enter the path to the private key file (click on the three dots next to the **Private key** field to open a file browser). You typically associated your cloud instance with this key-pair during instance creation.
- Enter the passphrase for the private key if required.
- Adjust the server port (default 22) if required.

Please note: the public key of the key-pair must be in the . ssh/authorized\_keys file of the user entered above (ss huser and charon for prepackaged images).

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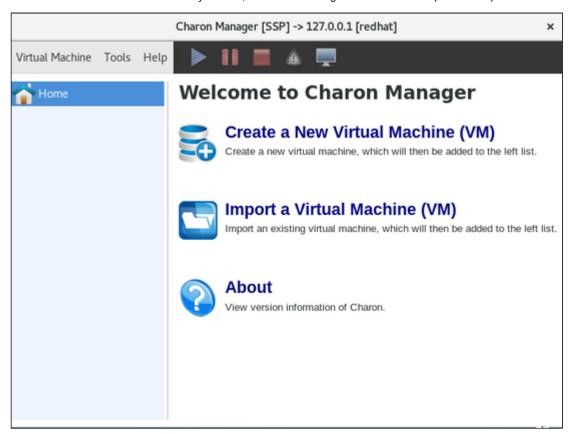
### Step 3: connecting to the Charon host system

After entering all the required information, click on **Connect** to connect to the Charon-SSP instance. **If the management password still needs to be set,** you will receive a prompt to enter the new password:



- Enter the desired password in the New password field and confirm it in the Confirm password field. This management password is then valid for all subsequent logins by the same or a different user until it is changed again. It is not removed if Charon-SSP is reinstalled. Note that older versions of the product will not prompt for the password at first login but will use a default password (stromasys). If you need to reset a forgotten management password, please refer to the Charon-SSP user's guide.
- Then click on OK.
- The login process continues.

After a connection has been successfully created, the Charon Manager welcome screen opens. Example of the Charon Manager welcome page:



Please note: the title bar of this screen indicates the managed system type in square brackets (conventional Red Hat installation in the example).

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# **Cloud-Specific Firewall Information**

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- OCI Firewall Information
  - Security Lists
  - Network Security Groups
- AWS Firewall Information
  - Network ACLs
  - Security Groups
- Azure Firewall Information
  - Network Security Groups
- GCP Firewall Information
  - Google Cloud Firewall Rules
- IBM Firewall Information
  - IBM Cloud Security Groups
  - IBM Cloud Subnet ACLs

## **OCI Firewall Information**

Access to an OCI cloud instance can be controlled by

- an external firewall,
- the operating system firewall of the instance (see Installing VE License Server and Charon Emulator),
- security list of the subnet to which the instance belongs, and
- VNIC-specific Network Security Groups.

In addition to allowing SSH, the different firewall levels must be configured to permit the ports required by the VE license server.

## **Security Lists**

Security lists form the original type of virtual firewall offered by the Oracle cloud network service.

A security list acts as a virtual firewall for an instance. It has ingress and egress rules that specify the types of traffic allowed in and out. Security lists are defined at the subnet level. Therefore, all VNICs in a given subnet are subject to the same set of security lists.

You can associate multiple security lists with a subnet. Each list can have multiple rules. Traffic is allowed if **any rule in any of the lists** allows the traffic. Traffic is also allowed if it is the response traffic of a permitted tracked connection.

If you don't specify one or more other security lists during the creation of a subnet, a default security list will be associated with it.

Please see the relevant Oracle documentation for more information and configuration details.

## **Network Security Groups**

Network Security Groups (or NSGs) form another type of virtual firewall. Unlike a security list, an NSG does not apply to all VNICs in a subnet, but is assigned to specific VNICs connected to the subnet. This allows a more granular access control. By default, no NSG is assigned to a VNIC.

Please see the relevant Oracle documentation for more information and configuration detail.

Please note: Traffic is allowed if any rule in any of the relevant lists and groups allows the traffic. Traffic is also allowed if it is the response traffic of a permitted tracked connection. In addition to allowing SSH access, at least TCP port 8083 must be allowed to enable a license client to access a VE license server. If the web interface is to be used, TCP port 8084 must also be allowed.

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## **AWS Firewall Information**

Access to an AWS cloud instance can be controlled by

- an external firewall,
- the operating system firewall of the instance,
- AWS security groups, and
- AWS network ACLs.

In addition to allowing SSH, the different firewall levels must be configured to permit the ports required by the VE license server.

### **Network ACLs**

A network ACL applies to a subnet as a whole. Only one network ACL per subnet is allowed. The rules in a network ACL are stateless (i.e., return traffic must be explicitly allowed). Rules are evaluated starting from the lowest rule number. After the first match the search is terminated.

Please note: Security groups cannot allow more than what is permitted in a Network ACL.

## Security Groups

A security group can be seen as a virtual firewall that controls the traffic for one or more instances. When you launch an instance, you must assign a security group to the instance. If no custom security group is specified, a default security group will be created and associated with the instance. You can add rules to each security group that allow traffic to or from its associated instances. The rules of a security group can be modified at any time, and the modifications are automatically applied to all instances that are associated with the security group. If there is more than one security group associated with an instance, the rules of all groups are combined.

Security groups in a VPC are associated with network interfaces. Changing an instance's security groups changes the security groups associated with the primary network interface (eth0). Additional security groups can associated with any other network interfaces added to an instance.

Points to note:

- By default, all outbound traffic is allowed.
- Rules in a security group always define what is permitted. They cannot be used to deny specific traffic.
- Response traffic to traffic that was permitted by a rule is always allowed (connection tracking).

Please see the relevant AWS documentation for more information and configuration details.

## **Azure Firewall Information**

Access to an Azure cloud instance can be controlled by

- an external firewall,
- the operating system firewall of the instance,
- Azure Network Security Groups (NSGs).

In addition to allowing SSH, the different firewall levels must be configured to permit the ports required by the VE license server.

## **Network Security Groups**

Network Security Groups can be associated to interfaces or subnets. Security rules in network security groups enable you to filter the type of network traffic that can flow in and out of virtual network subnets and network interfaces. When a cloud instance is created, you can assign a default security group to its interface (allowing SSH). Please refer to the following tutorial for more information: <a href="https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-network/tutorial-filter-network-traffic">https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-network/tutorial-filter-network-traffic</a>.

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## **GCP Firewall Information**

Access to an GCP cloud instance can be controlled by

- an external firewall,
- the operating system firewall of the instance,
- GCP Firewall

In addition to allowing SSH, the different firewall levels must be configured to permit the ports required by the VE license server.

## Google Cloud Firewall Rules

In addition to firewall rules created by the customer, there are other rules that can affect incoming or outgoing traffic:

- Certain IP protocols, such as GRE, are not allowed within a VPC network. For more information, see always blocked traffic.
- Communication between a VM instance and its corresponding metadata server (169.254.169.254). Is always allowed.
- Every network has two implied firewall rules that permit outgoing connections and block incoming connections. Firewall rules that you create can
  override these implied rules.
- The default network is pre-populated with firewall rules that can be deleted or modified.

VPC firewall rule characteristics:

- Each rule is either for incoming or outgoing traffic. It can allow or deny traffic.
- Only IPv4 traffic is supported.
- Firewall rules are stateful (return traffic for an established connection is allowed).
- If TCP traffic is fragmented, a rule is only applied to the first fragment of a packet.

## **IBM Firewall Information**

Access to an IBM cloud instance can be controlled by

- an external firewall,
- the operating system firewall of the instance,
- IBM-specific security groups, and
- IBM-specific subnet ACLs.

In addition to allowing SSH, the different firewall levels must be configured to permit the ports required by the VE license server.

## **IBM Cloud Security Groups**

Security Groups are associated with a virtual server instance. They have the following characteristics:

- Stateful: once an inbound connection is permitted, return traffic is allowed.
- Only allow rules are possible.
- All rules are considered to determine if traffic should be permitted.
- An instance can have several security groups.

## **IBM Cloud Subnet ACLs**

Subnet ACLs are associated with subnets in a VPC. They have the following characteristics:

- Stateless: inbound and outbound connections must be explicitly allowed.
- Allow and deny rules are possible.
- Rules are processed in sequence.
- One ACL can be assigned to several subnets.
- The default ACL allows all traffic.

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